



KBC Group Debt presentation 1Q 2025

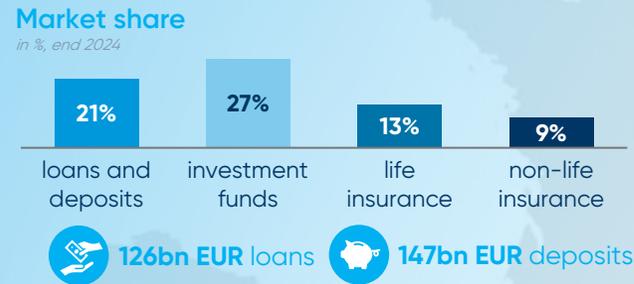
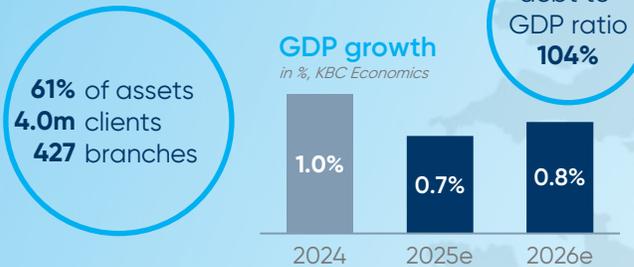
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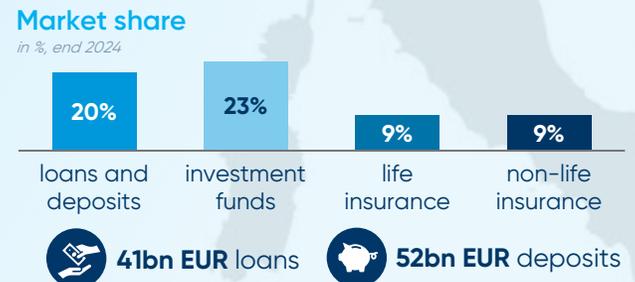
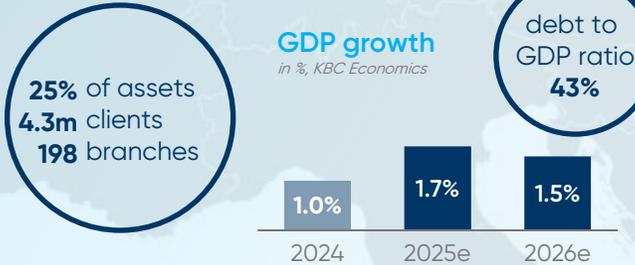


KBC Group passport | Well-defined core markets

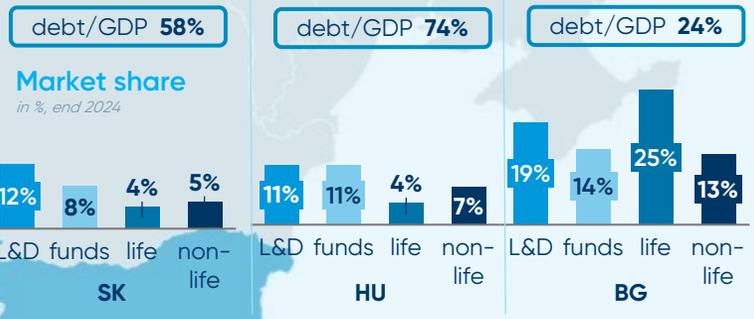
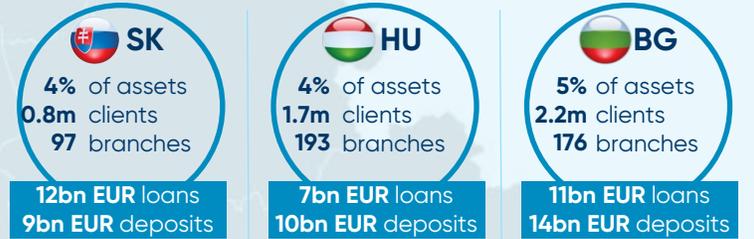
BELGIUM BU



CZECH REPUBLIC BU



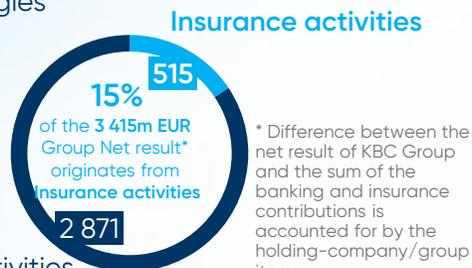
INTERNATIONAL MARKETS BU



What differentiates us from peers

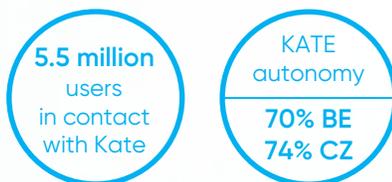
Unique integrated bank-insurance+ model

- We offer an **integrated response** to our clients' banking and insurance needs. Our **organisation** is similarly integrated, operating as a single business and a **digital-first, lead-driven and AI-led bank-insurer**
- The benefit of a **one-stop**, relevant and personalised financial service that allows our clients to choose from a wider and **complementary range of products and services**, which go beyond pure bank-insurance
- Benefits in terms of income and risk diversification**, additional sales potential through intensive co-operation between the bank and insurance distribution channels, significant cost-savings and synergies



Successful digital-first approach through KATE

- Our **Digital interaction with clients** forms the basis of our business model in our strategy, not only in terms of sales and advice, but also in E2E digital process and product development
- Artificial intelligence** and data analysis will play an important part in digital sales and advice. **Kate, our personal digital assistant**, will feature prominently in this regard
- The **independent international consulting firm Sia Partners ranked KBC Mobile the N°1 mobile banking app worldwide in 2024**: a clear recognition of a decade of innovation, development and listening closely to our clients



Firmly embedded sustainability strategy

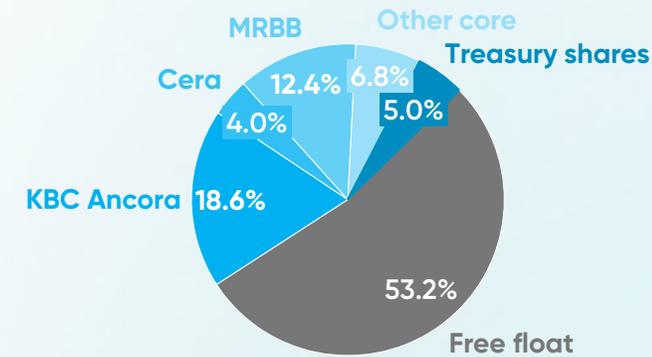
- As a company that aims to support the transition to a more sustainable and climate-proof society, **we have made sustainability integral to our overall business strategy** and integrated it into our day-to-day business operations and the products and services we provide.
- Our sustainability strategy consists of three main cornerstones: (1) **maximise the positive impact of our products and services** on society and environment, (2) **minimise or completely avoid any potential negative impacts** and (3) **ensure all our employees behave responsible**



KBC received the Terra Carta Seal in 2022 in recognition of its commitment to creating a sustainable future

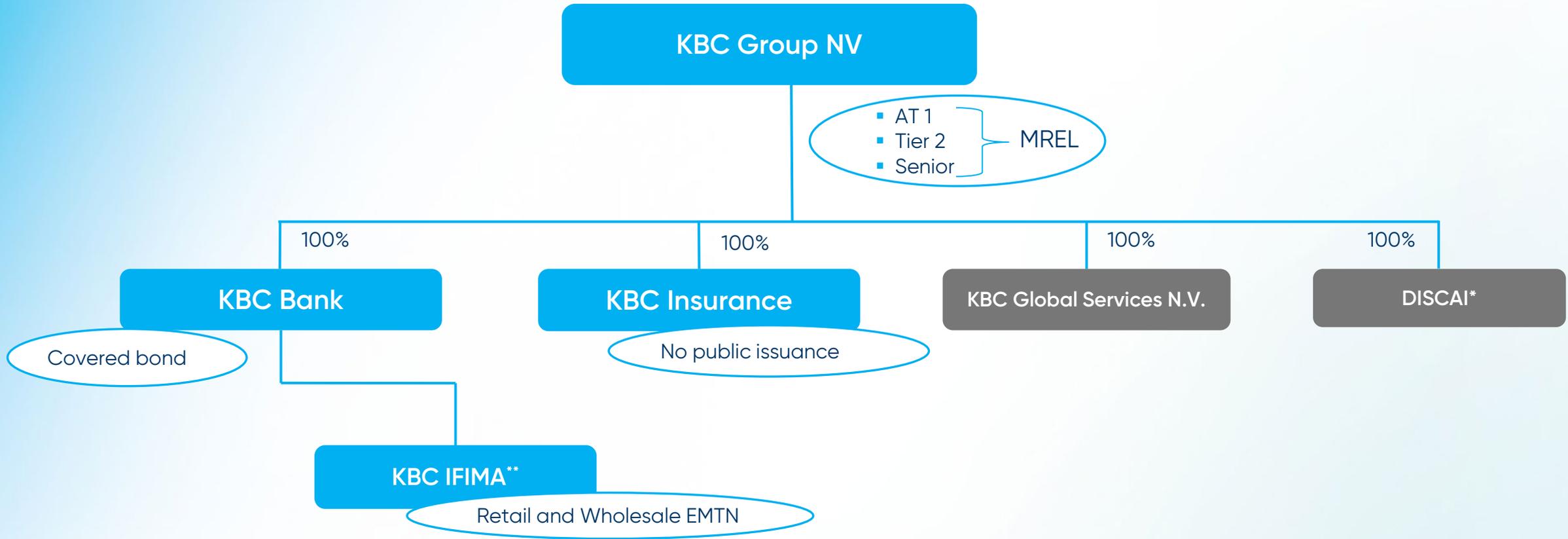
Core shareholder structure

- A special feature of our shareholder structure is the **core shareholder syndicate** consisting of Cera, KBC Ancora, MRBB and the other core shareholders, which together held **roughly 42% of our shares**
- These shareholders act in concert, thereby ensuring shareholder stability in our group
- The **free float** is held mainly by a large variety of international institutional investors



As at end 1Q 2025

KBC Group's legal structure and issuer of debt instruments



* DISCAI (Discovering AI) is a separate fully owned subsidiary, grouping the in-house developed artificial intelligence solutions for commercialisation to third parties (as of 7 March 2022)

** All debt obligations of KBC IFIMA are unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by KBC Bank

Last credit ratings

	Moody's	S&P	Fitch	
Group	Senior Unsecured	A3	A-	A
	Tier II	Baa1	BBB	BBB+
	Additional Tier I	Baa3	BB+	BBB-
	Short-term	P-2	A-2	F1
	Outlook	Stable	Positive	Stable
Bank	Covered bonds	Aaa	-	AAA
	Senior Unsecured	A1 (*)	A+	A+
	Tier II	-	BBB	-
	Short-term	P-1	A-1	F1
	Outlook	Stable	Positive	Stable
Insurance	Financial Strength Rating	-	A	-
	Issuer Credit Rating	-	A	-
	Outlook	-	Positive	-

Latest update:

S&P decided on **29 November 2024** to revise the outlook to positive.

The positive outlook reflects S&P views that KBC Group's strong franchise, robust risk management, sound liquidity and funding metrics, and its advancement in building digital infrastructure should enable the group to perform well in different economic conditions and achieve sustainable results

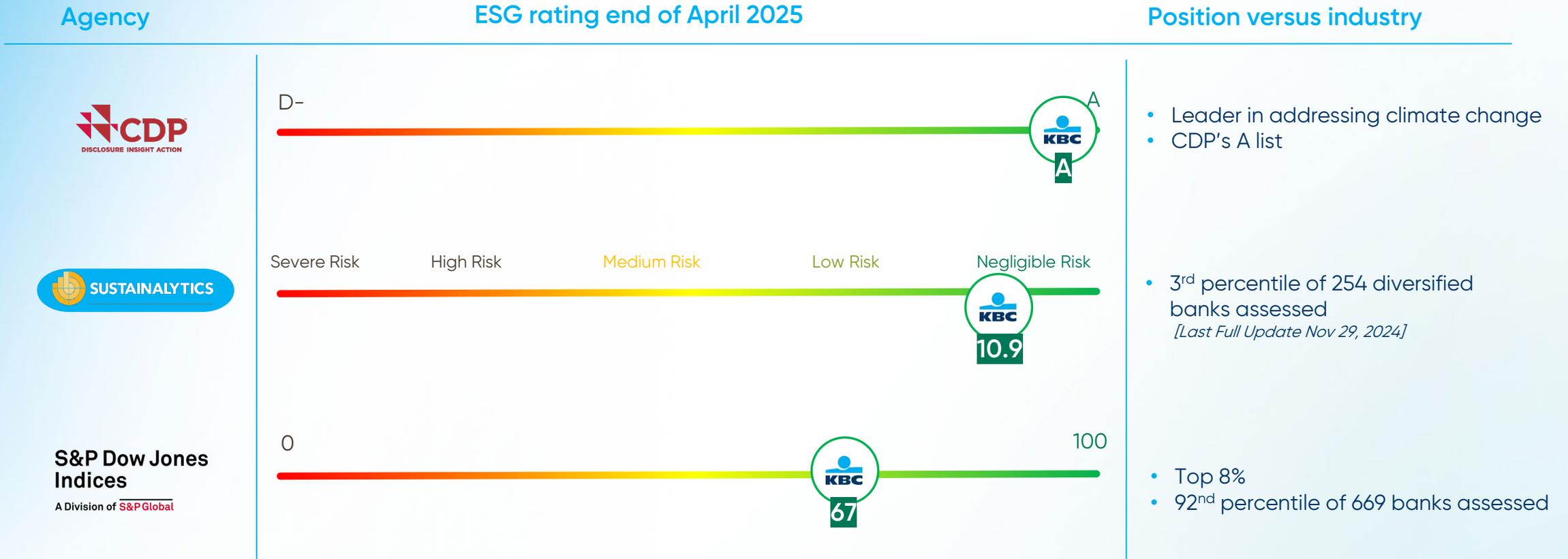
Moody's decided on **26 July 2024** to:

- Upgrade KBC Group's long-term senior unsecured debt and issuer rating to A3 (from Baa1), the subordinate debt rating (Tier 2) to Baa1 (from Baa2) and the AT1-instruments to Baa3 (from Ba1)
- Affirm KBC Bank's backed senior unsecured debt rating (A1) and deposit rating (Aa3) - both were already upgraded last year
- Move the outlook on all the ratings to stable

The main drivers of the upgrade are our robust profitability, resilient asset quality and strong capitalization.

(*) Moody's long-term deposit rating: Aa3 (stable)

KBC's ESG ratings and indices are ahead of the curve



Business profile | Our financial footprint

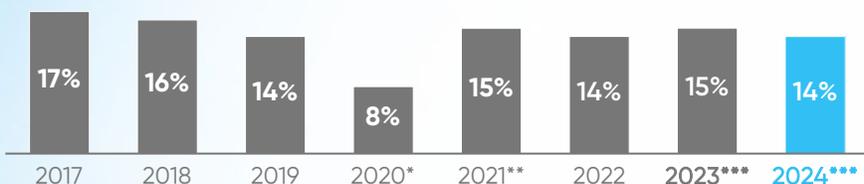
High profitability



* Cost/Income ratio without banking and insurance taxes

Return on Equity

in %



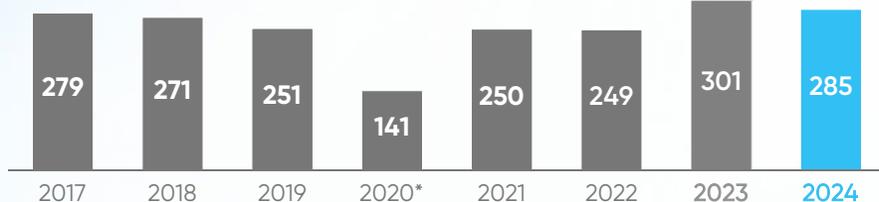
* 11% when adjusted for the collective Covid-19 impairments

** When excluding the one-off items due to the pending sales transactions in Ireland

*** Excluding one-offs

CET1 generation before any capital deployment

in bps

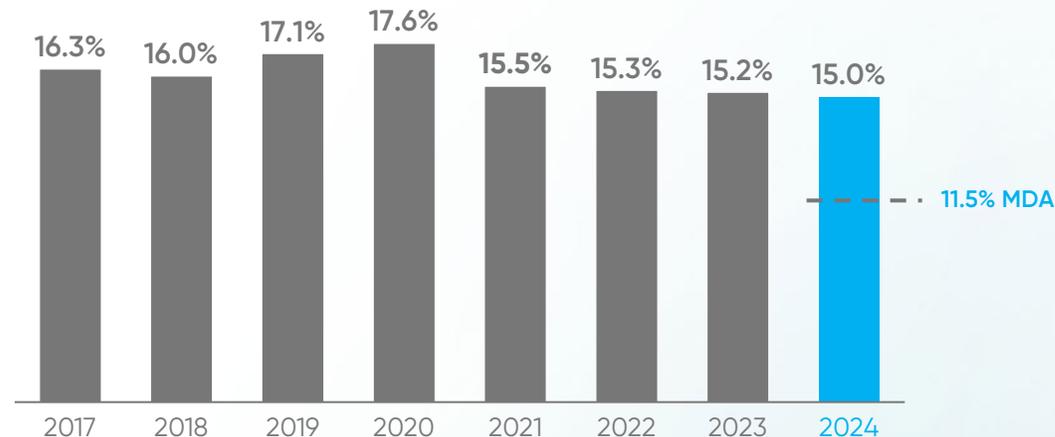


* 202bps when adjusted for the collective Covid-19 impairments

Solid capital position

CET 1 ratio (fully loaded, Danish compromise)

in %



Robust liquidity



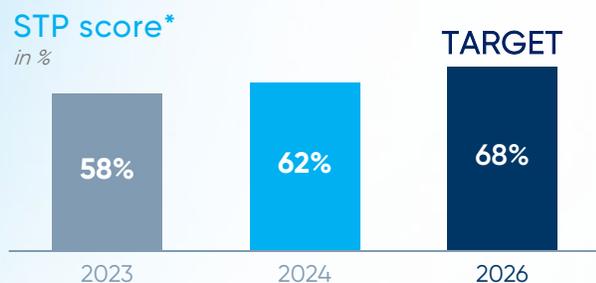
Strategy | KBC's non-financial targets (2023-2026)

Customer ranking



- KBC is 3rd in customer NPS (Net Promoter Score) ranking based on weighted avg of ranking in five core countries
- Target is to remain the reference (i.e. Top-2 score on group level)

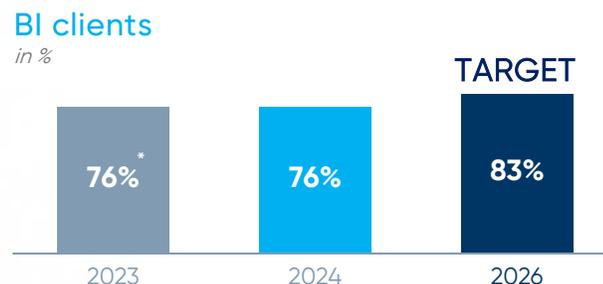
Straight-through processing



The **STP ratio** measures how many of the services that can be offered digitally are processed without any human intervention and this from the moment of interaction by a client until the final approval by KBC.

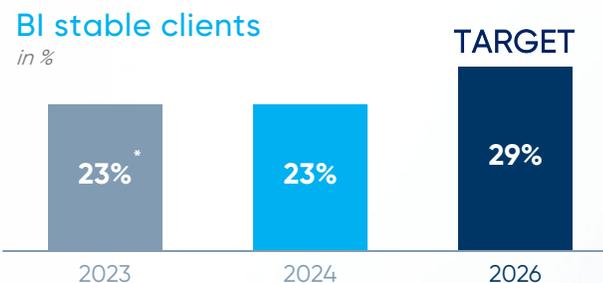
* Based on analysis of all retail processes.

Bank-insurance (BI) clients



BI customers have at least 1 bank + 1 insurance product of our group.

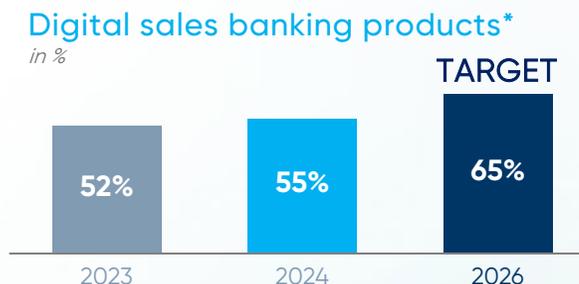
* Slightly changed due to alignment of definitions



Stable BI customers: at least 2 bank + 2 insurance products (Belgium: 3+3)

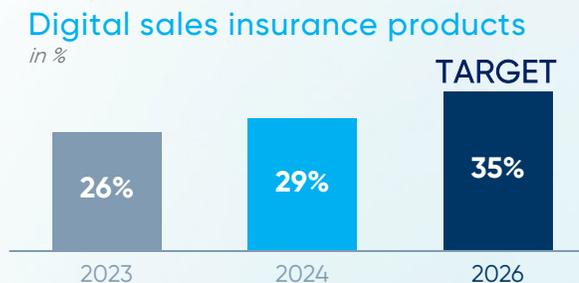
* Slightly changed due to alignment of definitions

Digital sales



Target: Digital sales 65% of **banking sales**

* Based on weighted average of selected core products.



Target: Digital sales 35% of **insurance sales**

Commitment to the environment



Two new thematic White Papers

This year, we developed two new internal thematic White Papers: one on plastics and one on deforestation.



12 climate targets for our lending portfolio

KBC's Climate Progress Dashboard shows that, overall, we are on track to meet our climate targets, with nine out of twelve targets being in line with our climate alignment benchmarks.



25 billion euros to loans with environmental objectives

In 2024, KBC financed 3.2 billion euros in the renewable energy and biofuel sector, 21 billion euros in mortgages for energy-efficient housing and 1.3 billion euros for low carbon vehicles.



750-million-euro Green Bond issue

KBC Group successfully issued a new eight-year Green Bond under the recently updated Green Bond Framework, through which we support energy efficient buildings, renewable energy transactions and clean transportation.

Sustainable business



CSRD Reporting

We published our first Sustainability Statement in our [2024 Annual Report](#). These new disclosures align with CSRD requirements and detail how we integrate sustainability into our business.



50.8 billion euros in Responsible Investing funds

Responsible Investing funds account for 44% of total direct client money. These include Responsible funds, ECO-thematic funds and Impact Investing funds.



Thousands of conversations with our customers

We engage on a variety of sustainability topics with a wide range of clients with respect to their sustainability transition.



80% of start-ups integrate sustainability

We support start-ups and scale-ups through the Start it @KBC communities. In Belgium, 80% of them integrate sustainability into their mission and operations.

Social responsibility



7.4 billion euros in social sectors

In 2024, we financed 6.17 billion euros in the healthcare and senior living sectors and 1.23 billion euros in the education sector.



Over 400 dreams realised

Launched in late 2024, the Team Blue Challenge supports our mission to safeguard the dreams of our community by inviting all colleagues to volunteer for non-profits.



Two social targets for housing in Belgium

This year, we are reporting for the first time on our progress towards two social targets on housing: the number of young adults reached with housing-related information, and the relative share of young adults in a situation of overindebtedness.



Up to 500 days spent by KBC staff for BRS

KBC colleagues, along with other volunteers, dedicated 500 days to voluntary coaching and training for BRS. In total, BRS vzw supported 15 projects in the Global South.

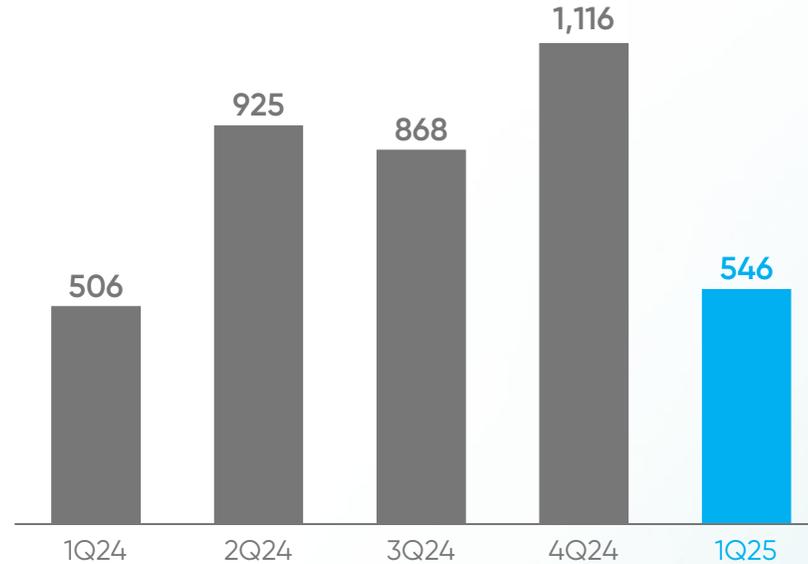
Sustainability highlights in 2024, unless otherwise indicated

Highlights

- Commercial bank-insurance franchises performed **excellently**
- **Customer loans** increased q-o-q in almost all our core countries (on a comparable basis). **Core customer money inflow of 2.4bn EUR** in 1Q25 with a **shift from term deposits to savings accounts**
- As policy rates are on their way down, KBC Group is **well-positioned** being an integrated bank-insurer with tailored AM business that has a **highly diversified income** (49% NII and 51% non-NII of 1Q25 total income)
- Good **net interest income, in line with guidance**
- Good **net fee and commission income**; record-high net inflows in direct client money in the first quarter
- Q-o-q higher **net result from financial instruments at fair value & IFIE** and **net other income** above the normal run rate
- Higher sales of **non-life insurance** y-o-y, strong sales of **life insurance** (up both q-o-q and y-o-y)
- Costs in 1Q include bulk of full-year bank & insurance taxes (539m EUR bank & insurance taxes in 1Q25); **Costs excl. bank & insurance taxes** down q-o-q
- Lower **net loan loss impairment charges. Excellent credit cost ratio**
- Solid **solvency** and **liquidity position**
- **Updated dividend and capital deployment policy** (see next slide)
- We **confirm ST & LT financial guidance** (in all aspects)

Net result of 546m EUR over 1Q25

Net result
in m EUR



YTD ratios

- Return on Equity 15%*
- Cost-income ratio 41%**
- Combined ratio 86% (versus below 91% guided)
- Credit cost ratio 0.08% (versus well below TTC of 25-30bps guided)
- CET1 ratio 14.5%*** (B4, DC, unfloored fully loaded)
- Leverage ratio 5.4% (fully loaded)
- NSFR 140% & LCR 157%

* When bank & insurance taxes are evenly spread throughout the year and excluding one-offs

** Cost-Income ratio without banking and insurance taxes

*** Unfloored fully loaded CET1 ratio = fully loaded Basel 4 CET1 ratio excluding output floor impact

Updated dividend policy and capital deployment policy (Basel 4 as of 1 January 2025)

The Board of Directors decided:

- the **dividend policy as from 2025**:
 - **A payout ratio** (including AT1 coupon) between **50%-65% of consolidated profit** of the accounting year.
 - **An interim dividend of 1 EUR per share** in November of each accounting year as an advance on the total dividend
- the **capital deployment policy as from 2025**:
 - KBC aims to be **amongst the better capitalised** financial institutions in Europe
 - **Each year** (when announcing the full year results), the Board of Directors will take a **decision, at its discretion**, on the capital deployment. The focus will **predominantly be on further organic growth and M&A**
 - KBC sees a **13% unfloored fully loaded CET1 ratio (*) as the minimum**
 - KBC will **fill up the AT1 and Tier 2 buckets** within P2R and will **start using SRTs** (as part of RWA optimisation program)

(*) fully loaded Basel 4 CET1 ratio excluding output floor impact

KBC will acquire 365.bank in Slovakia

KBC has agreed to acquire (in cash) 98.45% of **365.bank** in Slovakia, based on a **total value** for 365.bank of **761m EUR**



Indisputable strategic rationale

- Enhancing the footprint in Slovakia by strengthening the operating size in the market and reaching a **16% market share** (total assets), closing the gap with the top 3 competitors
- In line with KBC's strategy to achieve reference positions in its core markets, the increase in critical market mass and the complementary business mix of 365.bank and ČSOB SK will allow KBC to further benefit from **cross-selling potential**
- KBC will particularly strengthen its reach in retail banking as well as benefit from access to the unique client base and distribution network of 365.bank (and exclusive partnership with Slovak Post)

Strong financial rationale

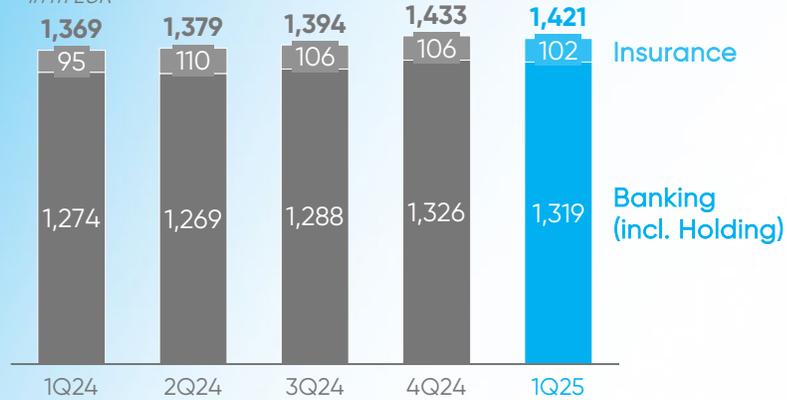
- **EPS accretive** from year 1 onwards
- Purchase price represents a **1.4x Book Value**¹ and **9.4x P/E**² multiple
- Leveraging on the combined entity, the cross-selling potential and KBC's expertise:
 - **Synergies** (incl. integration and restructuring costs) will quickly increase to **at least 75m EUR as of 2028** onwards (pre-tax)
 - **Return on investment** is estimated at **16%**, while the **RoE** of the pro-forma combined Slovakian entity is uplifted to roughly **15%** (both by 2028, i.e. after a two-year integration period), substantially above the cost of equity
- Estimated **capital impact** on KBC Group's unfloored fully loaded CET1 ratio will be limited to **approximately -50bps** upon closing
- This transaction is fully **in line with the updated capital deployment plan** as from 2025, with focus predominantly on further organic growth and M&A
- The transaction is subject to relevant regulatory and anti-trust approvals and **expected to close by the end of this year**

Notes: ¹based on the equity position of 365.bank at year-end 2024; ²based on the average 2022-2024 net profit of 365.bank

Good net interest income, in line with guidance

Net interest income

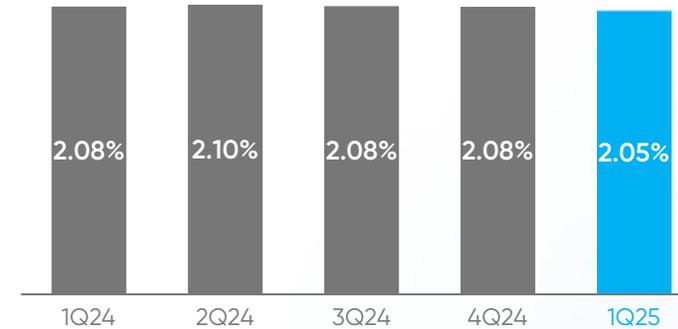
in m EUR



- NII decreased by 1% q-o-q and increased by 4% y-o-y
- Q-o-q change was driven primarily by:
 - Higher commercial transformation result (thanks mainly to continued increasing reinvestment yields)
 - Higher lending income (strong loan volume growth partly offset by lower loan margins in some core markets)
 - Higher dealing room NII
- more than offset by:
 - Lower number of days (-15m EUR q-o-q)
 - 4Q24 benefited from a +9m EUR correction from a changed accounting approach on mortgage brokerage fees in Bulgaria
 - Higher costs on the minimum required reserves held with the central banks
 - Lower NII on inflation-linked bonds (-9m EUR q-o-q, from +4m EUR in 4Q24 to -5m EUR in 1Q25)
 - Lower NII on term deposits (shift from term deposits to savings accounts)
 - Lower short-term cash management
- Y-o-y increase was driven primarily by higher commercial transformation result, higher lending income, lower costs on the minimum required reserves held with central banks, higher NII on inflation-linked bonds (+8m EUR y-o-y, from -13m EUR in 1Q24 to -5m in 1Q25) and higher dealing room NII partly offset by much lower NII on term deposits, higher wholesale funding costs and lower short-term cash management

Net interest margin*

in %, calculated excluding dealing room, ALM FX swaps & repos



- Fell by 3 bps both q-o-q and y-o-y for the reasons mentioned on net interest income and an increase in the interest-bearing assets (denominator), both q-o-q and y-o-y

Organic volume trend

	Total loans**	o/w retail mortgages	Customer deposits***
Volume	197bn	79bn	231bn
Growth q-o-q*	+2%	+1%	+0%
Growth y-o-y	+7%	+5%	+6%

* Non-annualised ** Loans to customers, excluding reverse repos (and bonds).

*** Customer deposits, excluding debt certificates and repos, but including customer savings certificates.

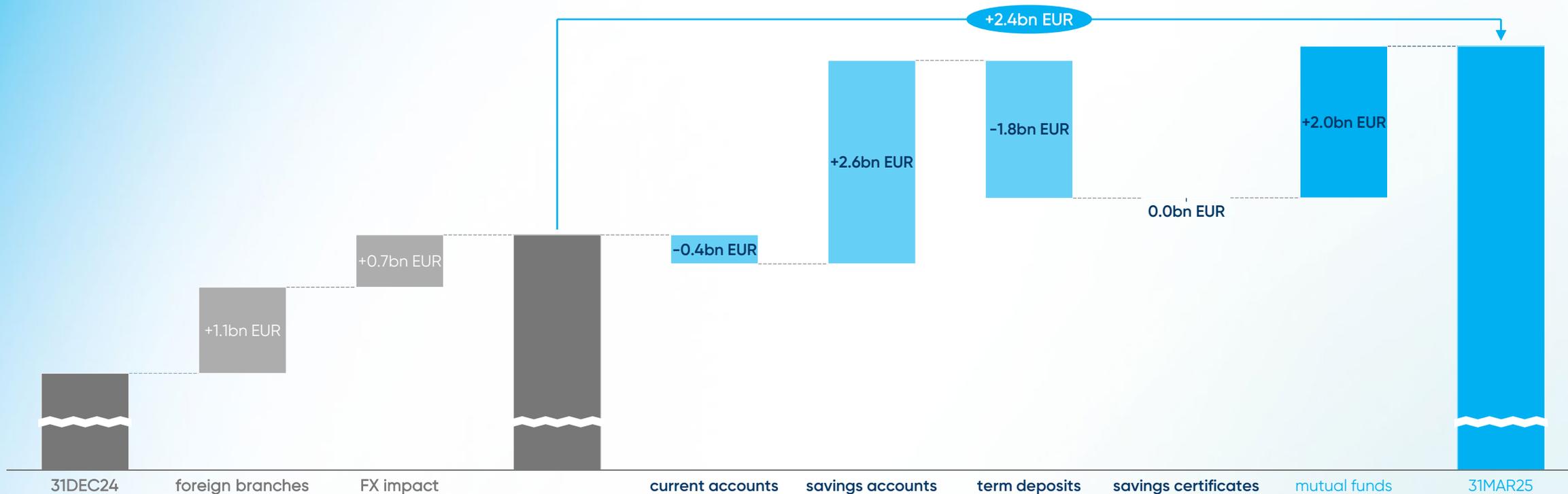
Excluding the volatility in the foreign branches of KBC Bank (included in BE BU), core customer deposits stabilised q-o-q and rose by 7% y-o-y

Growth figures are excluding FX, consolidation adjustments and reclassifications.

Inflow of core customer money

Customer money dynamic over 1Q25

in bn EUR

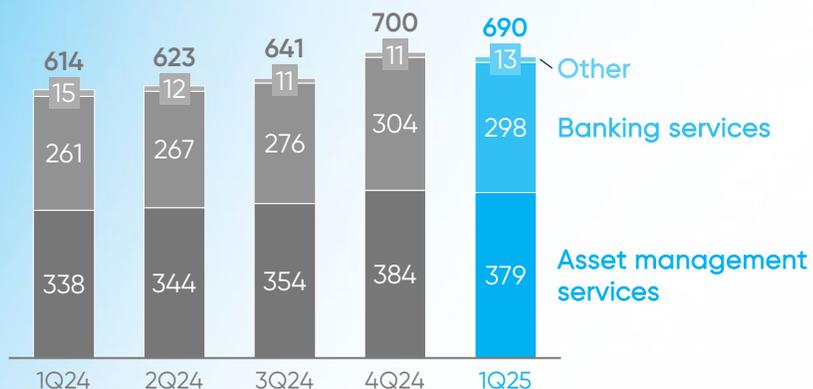


- 1Q25 saw an inflow of core customer money of **+2.4bn EUR** (+3.1bn EUR incl. FX impact)

Good net fee and commission income, Record-high net inflows in direct client money in the first quarter

Net fee & commission income

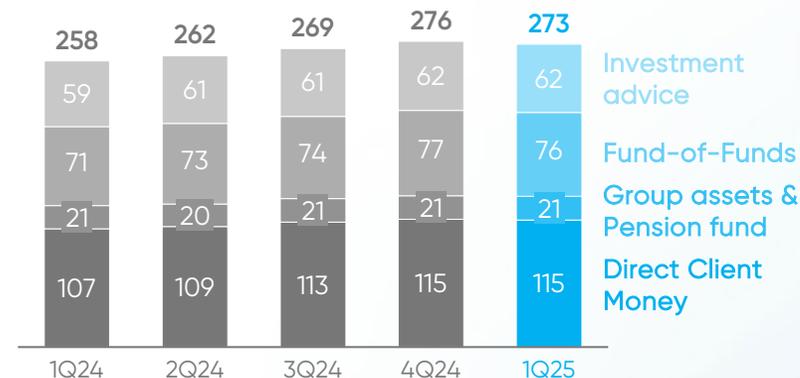
in m EUR



- **Down by 1% q-o-q and up by 12% y-o-y**
- Q-o-q decrease was entirely the result of +20m EUR year-end effects in 4Q24 (linked to the performance of CZ pension fund and a positive FY24 correction in banking services from changed accounting approach in Hungary)
- Excluding these year-end effects, the q-o-q increase was driven primarily by:
 - Net F&C income from Asset Management Services increased by 2% q-o-q due mainly to higher management & entry fees
 - Net F&C income from banking services roughly stabilised q-o-q. Seasonally lower fees from payment services were offset by seasonally lower distribution commissions paid for banking products and lower client incentives
- Y-o-y increase was mainly the result of:
 - Net F&C income from Asset Management Services rose by 12% y-o-y due mainly to higher management & entry fees
 - Net F&C income from banking services increased by 15% y-o-y due mainly to higher fees from payment services, higher network income, higher securities-related fees, higher fees from credit files & bank guarantees and lower client incentives
 - Lower distribution fees received linked to non-life insurance

Assets under management

in bn EUR

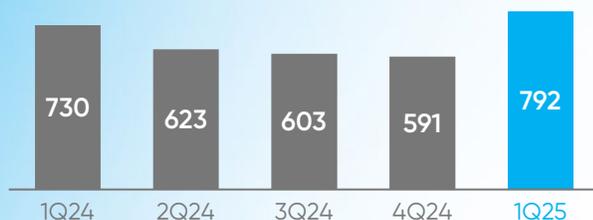


- **Decreased by 1% q-o-q** as net inflows (+2%) were more than offset by negative market performance (-3%)
- **Increased by 6% y-o-y** due to net inflows (+3%) and positive market performance (+3%)
- The mutual fund business has seen strong net inflows this quarter, both in higher-margin direct client money (2.0bn EUR in 1Q25 versus 0.4bn in 4Q24 and 1.9bn EUR in 1Q24) as well as in lower-margin assets

Non-life sales up y-o-y, strong life sales (significantly up q-o-q and y-o-y)

Non-life sales

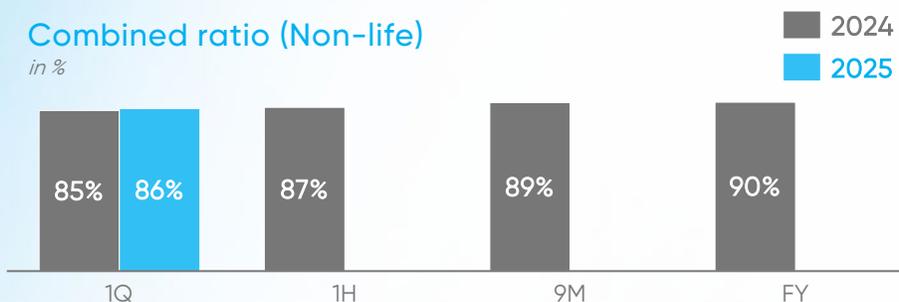
in m EUR



- **Up by 8% y-o-y (+9% y-o-y excluding FX effect)**, with growth in all countries and all main classes, due to a combination of volume and tariff increases

Combined ratio (Non-life)

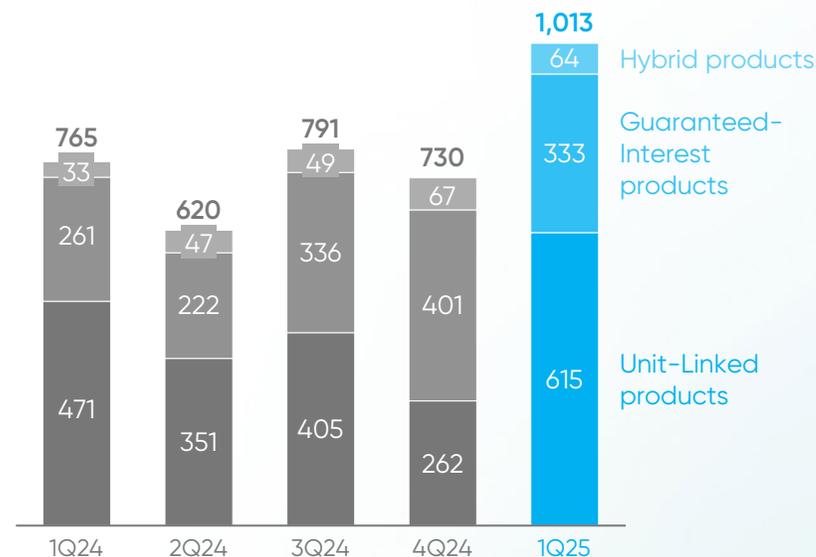
in %



- **Non-life combined ratio for 1Q25 amounted to an excellent 86%** (85% in 1Q24). This is mainly the result of:
 - 8% y-o-y higher insurance revenues before reinsurance
 - 11% y-o-y higher insurance service expenses before reinsurance due mainly to the very low level of claims in 1Q24
 - Higher net result from reinsurance contracts held (up by 6m EUR y-o-y)

Life sales

in m EUR



- Increased by 39% q-o-q due entirely to higher sales of unit-linked products (as the result of a successful launch of structured emissions in Belgium), partly offset by lower sales of guaranteed-interest products (due chiefly to traditionally higher volumes in tax-incentivised pension savings products in Belgium in 4Q24) as well as lower sales of hybrid products
- Increased by 32% y-o-y due to higher sales of all products (guaranteed-interest products, unit-linked products and hybrid products)
- Sales of guaranteed-interest products and unit-linked products accounted for 33% and 61% of total life insurance sales in 1Q25 respectively, with hybrid products (mainly in Belgium and the Czech Republic) accounting for the remainder

FIFV & IFIE result up q-o-q and net other income above the normal run rate

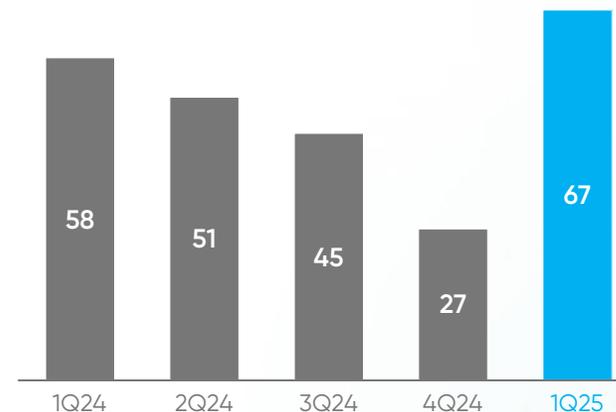
FIFV & IFIE

in m EUR

	1Q24	2Q24	3Q24	4Q24	1Q25
Dealing room	102	62	64	66	77
MVA/CVA/FVA	5	1	-24	-6	-1
IFIE – mainly interest accretion	-60	-60	-63	-66	-67
M2M ALM derivatives and other	-102	0	-19	-68	-55
FIFV & IFIE	-55	3	-42	-74	-45

Net other income

in m EUR



- **FIFV & IFIE result up q-o-q**, attributable mainly to:

- Higher dealing room result
- Positive change in 'ALM derivatives and other'
- Less negative credit, funding and market value adjustments, mainly the result of an increase in EUR yield curves and an increase of the equity markets, partly offset by increased counterparty credit spreads

partly offset by:

- Slightly more negative IFIE (mainly interest accretion)

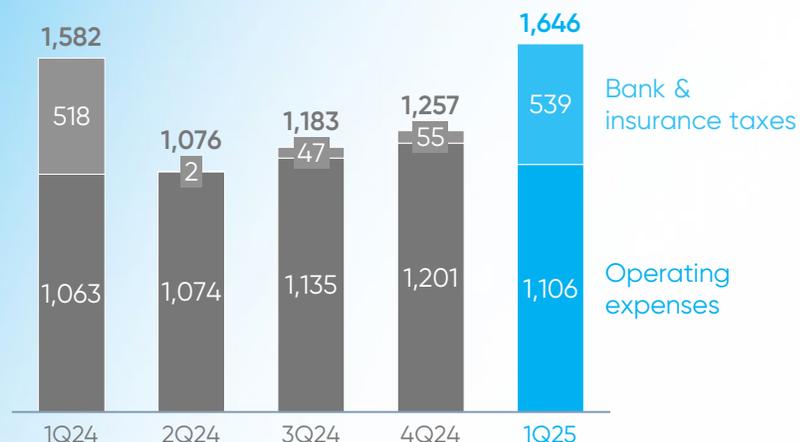
- **Higher than the normal run rate of 50m EUR per quarter in 1Q25**

- Due mainly to higher-than-average gains on the sale of real estate

Costs excluding bank & insurance taxes decreased q-o-q

Operating expenses (including costs directly attributable to insurance)

in m EUR



- **Operating expenses excluding bank & insurance taxes fell by 8% q-o-q and rose by 4% y-o-y**
 - The q-o-q decrease was due mainly to seasonally lower marketing and professional fee expenses, lower ICT costs and lower facility expenses, partly offset by higher staff costs
 - The y-o-y increase was due to, amongst others, higher staff costs (mainly the impact of wage inflation, partly offset by lower FTEs), higher ICT costs and higher depreciations, partly offset by lower marketing costs, lower professional fee expenses and lower facility expenses
- Note that opex excluding bank & insurance taxes was low in 1H24... therefore we feel comfortable with **our FY25 guidance for opex excluding bank & insurance taxes of below +2.5% y-o-y**
- **1Q25 cost/income ratio**
 - 46% when excluding certain non-operating items* (47% in FY24)
 - 41% excluding all bank & insurance taxes (43% in FY24)

Bank and insurance tax spread 2025 (preliminary)

in m EUR

	Total	Upfront	Spread out over the year			
	1Q25	1Q25	1Q25	2Q25e	3Q25e	4Q25e
BE BU	356	356	0	0	0	0
CZ BU	25	25	0	0	0	0
Hungary	128	83	45	46	46	48
Slovakia	4	0	4	4	4	4
Bulgaria	22	22	0	0	0	0
Group Centre	4	4	0	0	0	0
Total	539	490	49	50	51	52

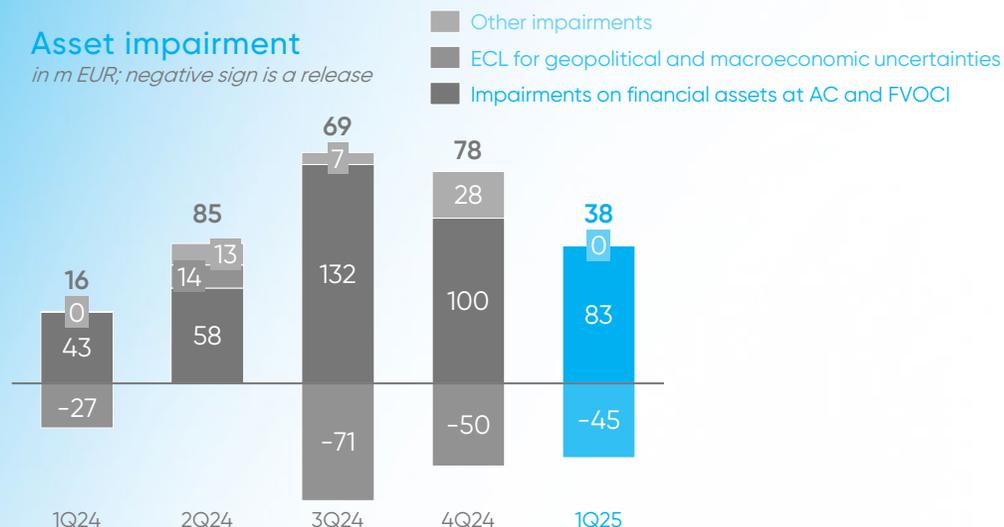
- **1Q includes the bulk of the bank & insurance taxes for the full year, a 4% increase y-o-y**, driven mainly by:
 - 42m EUR higher contribution to the Deposit Guarantee Scheme in Belgium due to 1) legislation to reach 1.8% coverage by 2025 and 2) higher covered deposits (as a result of the recuperation of the maturing State Note) partly offset by:
 - 9m EUR lower contribution to the Single Resolution Fund in the Czech Republic
 - 9m EUR lower bank taxes in Hungary
 - 5m EUR lower bank taxes in Slovakia
- Total **bank & insurance taxes** are expected to increase by 11% y-o-y to 692m EUR in 2025 (623m EUR in 2024)

* See glossary for the exact definition

Lower net loan loss impairment charges & excellent credit cost ratio

Asset impairment

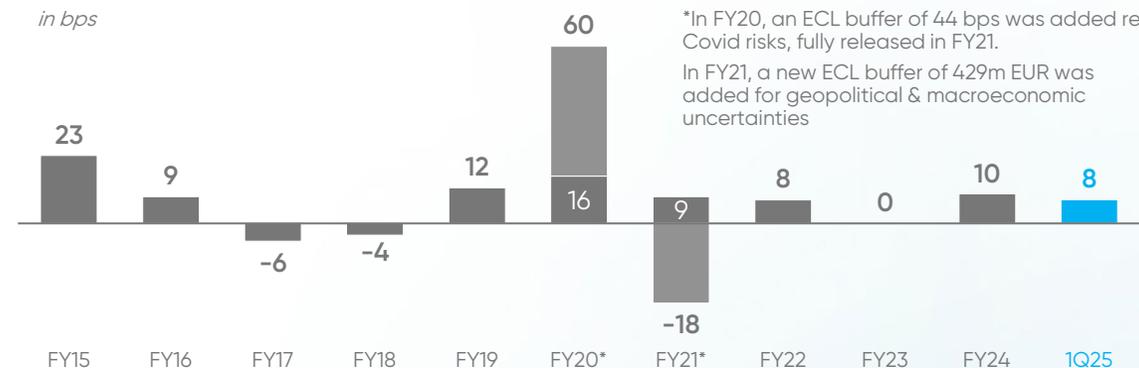
in m EUR; negative sign is a release



- **Net loan loss impairment charges of 38m EUR in 1Q25** (compared with net loan loss impairment charges of 50m EUR in 4Q24) due to:
 - 83m EUR net loan loss impairment charges on lending book (of which 41m EUR lowering the backstop shortfall for old NPLs in Belgium)
 - A decrease of 45m EUR of the ECL buffer, driven mainly by micro- and macroeconomic indicators
 - Total outstanding ECL for geopolitical & macroeconomic uncertainties now stands at 72m EUR

Credit cost ratio

in bps

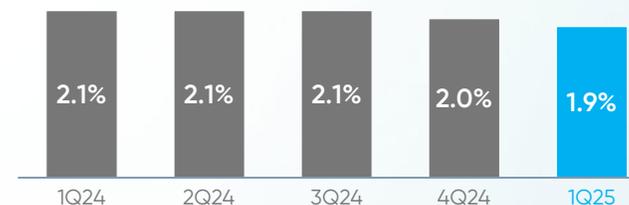


*In FY20, an ECL buffer of 44 bps was added re Covid risks, fully released in FY21.
In FY21, a new ECL buffer of 429m EUR was added for geopolitical & macroeconomic uncertainties

- The credit cost ratio in 1Q25 amounted to:
 - 16 bps (16 bps in FY24) without ECL for geopolitical & macroeconomic uncertainties
 - 8 bps (10 bps in FY24) with ECL for geopolitical & macroeconomic uncertainties

Impaired loans ratio

in %



- **The impaired loans ratio amounted to 1.9%** (1.0% of which over 90 days past due)

Loan loss experience at KBC

Credit cost ratio*

in %; Credit cost ratio: amount of losses incurred on troubled loans as a % of total average outstanding loan portfolio

	1Q25	FY24	FY23	FY22	FY21	FY20	FY19	FY18	AVERAGE '99 – '24
Belgium BU	0.07%	0.19%	0.06%	0.03%	-0.26%	0.57%	0.22%	0.09%	n/a
Czech Republic BU	0.13%	-0.09%	-0.18%	0.13%	-0.42%	0.67%	0.04%	0.03%	n/a
International Markets BU*	0.05%	-0.08%	-0.06%	0.31%	0.36%	0.78%	-0.07%	-0.46%	n/a
Total	0.08%	0.10%	0.00%	0.08%	-0.18%	0.60%	0.12%	-0.04%	0.36%

* As of 1Q 2022, KBC Ireland has been shifted from International Markets BU to Group Centre BU. No restatements have been made

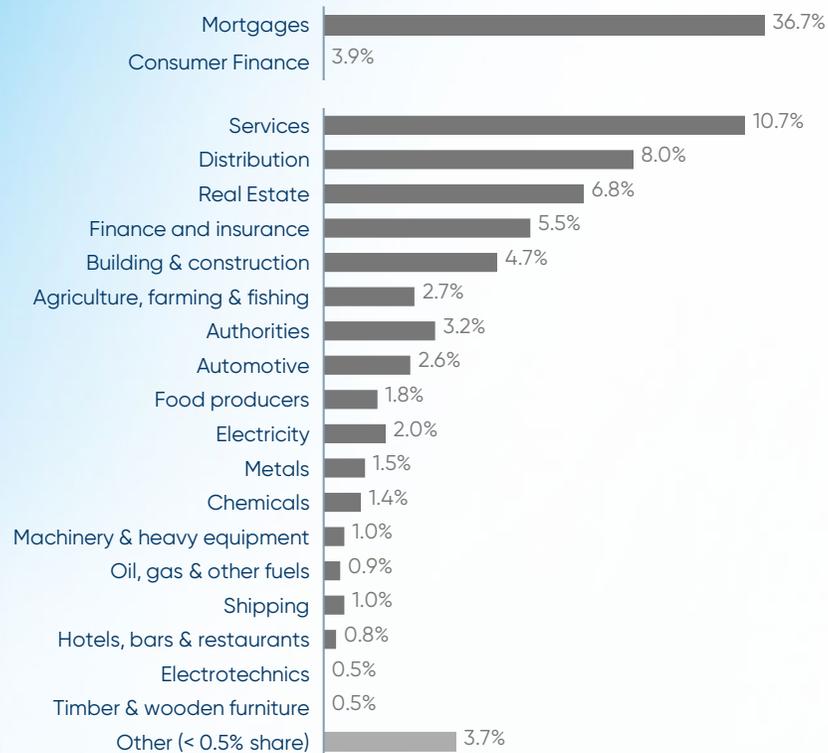
Diversified loan portfolio

Total loan portfolio outstanding



Total loan portfolio outstanding | by sector

as % of total Group loan portfolio outstanding*

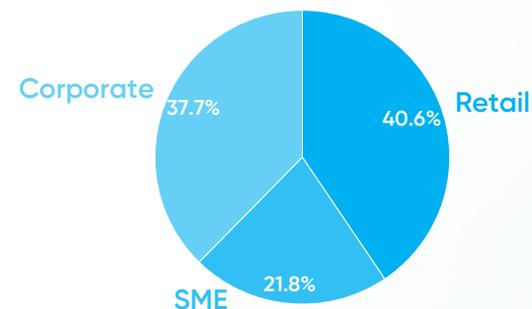


Retail

SME & Corporate

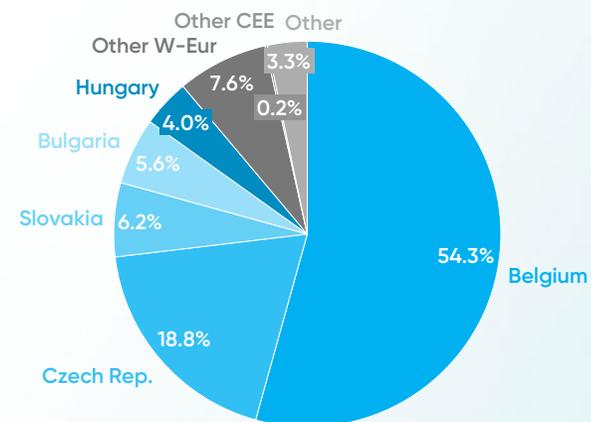
Total loan portfolio outstanding | by segment

as % of total Group loan portfolio outstanding*



Total loan portfolio outstanding | by geography

as % of total Group loan portfolio outstanding*

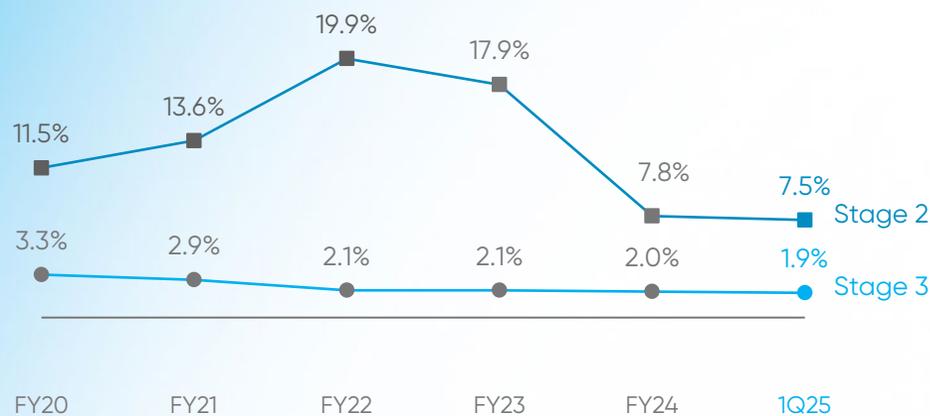


- Aligned with the credit risk view of our loan portfolio outstanding as reported in the quarterly financial statements.

Loan portfolio breakdown by IFRS 9 ECL stage

Total loan portfolio outstanding | by IFRS9 ECL Stage*

as % of total Group loan portfolio outstanding

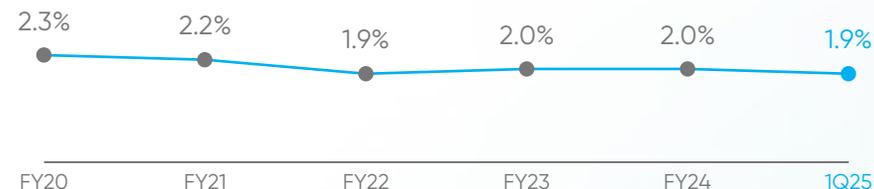


- Drop of **Stage 3 ratio over the years** is driven mainly by the sale of the Irish loan portfolio
- The **increase of Stage 2 portfolio in 2022** resulted mainly from collective transfer to Stage 2 of Stage 1 portfolios, linked to the geopolitical and macroeconomic uncertainties (in line with strict application of the general ECB guidance on staging). In 2023, the declining trend of Stage 2 exposures was driven mainly by the partial release of the collective transfer back to Stage 1
- The **decrease of the Stage 2 ratio in 2024** is mainly caused by a revised staging methodology as from January 2024 (change from indicator based on 12 months probability of default to lifetime), a continuous update of staging for credits deemed vulnerable (to the geopolitical and macroeconomic uncertainties or indirectly exposed to military conflicts, such as the one in Ukraine) and for the remainder by a shift for KBC Commercial Finance exposure where the relative change in credit risk has been revisited based on the very low historical credit losses in this portfolio and the very short maturities

* Aligned with the credit risk view of our loan portfolio as reported in the quarterly financial statements

Stage 3 ratio | Belgium BU

in %



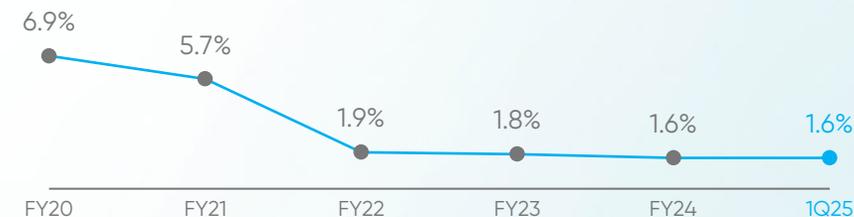
Stage 3 ratio | Czech Republic BU

in %



Stage 3 ratio | International Markets BU

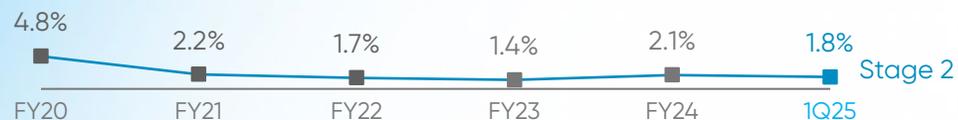
in %



Cover ratios

Cover ratio | by IFRS9 ECL Stage*

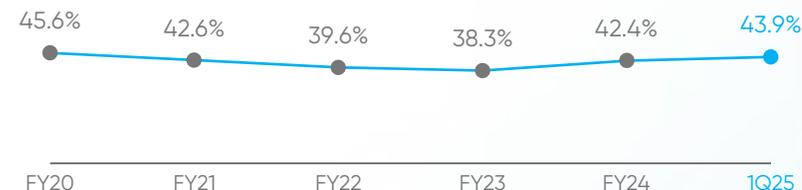
in %



- The increasing trend of the **Stage 3 cover ratio** is driven mainly by additional provisions lowering the backstop shortfall for old non-performing loans in Belgium.
- The decline of the **Stage 2 cover ratio** as of 2021, resulted mainly from collective shifts to Stage 2 (linked to Covid and the geopolitical & macroeconomic uncertainties) with on average better PD rating than the files already part of Stage 2. As of 2024, driven by the revised staging methodology and the continuous update of the stage transfer for credits deemed vulnerable (to the geopolitical and macroeconomic uncertainties or indirectly exposed to military conflicts, such as the one in Ukraine) the Stage 2 cover ratio has gone up. This is explained by the fact that the files remaining in Stage 2 have on average higher PD ratings and therefore higher impairments

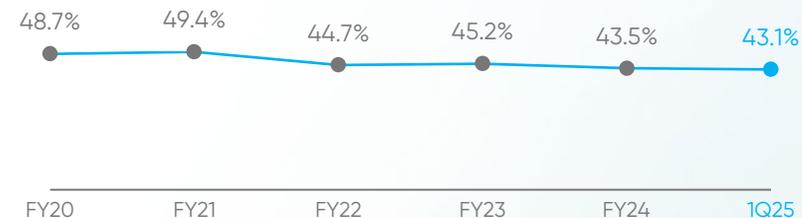
Stage 3 cover ratio | Belgium BU

in %



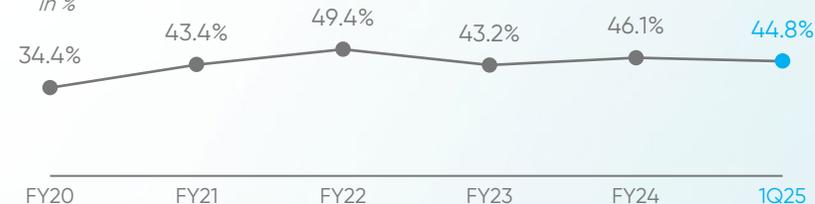
Stage 3 cover ratio | Czech Republic BU

in %



Stage 3 cover ratio | International Markets BU

in %



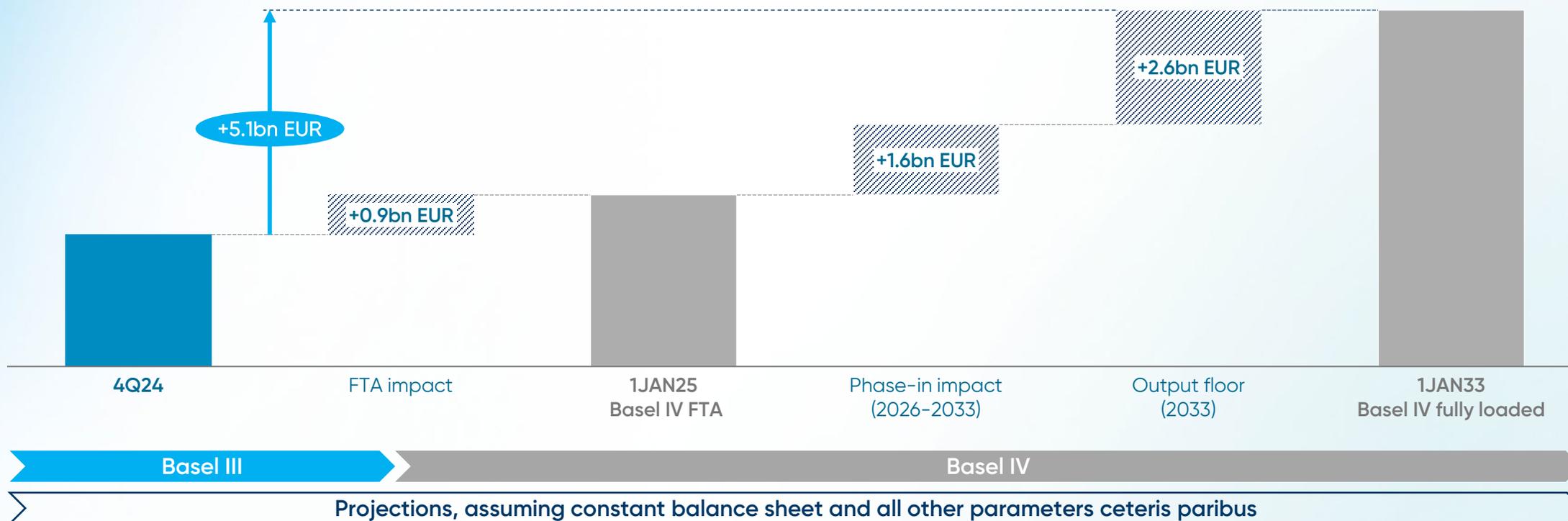
* Aligned with the credit risk view of our loan portfolio as reported in the quarterly financial statements

Indicative view on transitional RWA evolution under Basel IV

- **Moving towards the Basel IV era** and applying a static balance sheet and all other parameters ceteris paribus, without mitigating actions, KBC
 - reports at **1JAN25**, a **first-time application impact of +0.9bn EUR** (0.1bn EUR lower than +1.0bn EUR RWA communicated together with 3Q24 results)
 - projects by **1JAN33**, a **further impact of +4.2bn EUR** (3.3bn EUR lower than +7.5bn EUR RWA communicated together with 3Q24 results) resulting in a **fully loaded impact of +5.1bn EUR** (3.4bn EUR lower than +8.5bn EUR RWA communicated together with 3Q24 results)
- For the fully loaded CET1 ratio as of 1Q25, KBC focuses on the so called **unfloored fully loaded CET1 ratio** which accounts for the total **RWA impact from Basel IV, excluding the output floor impact**

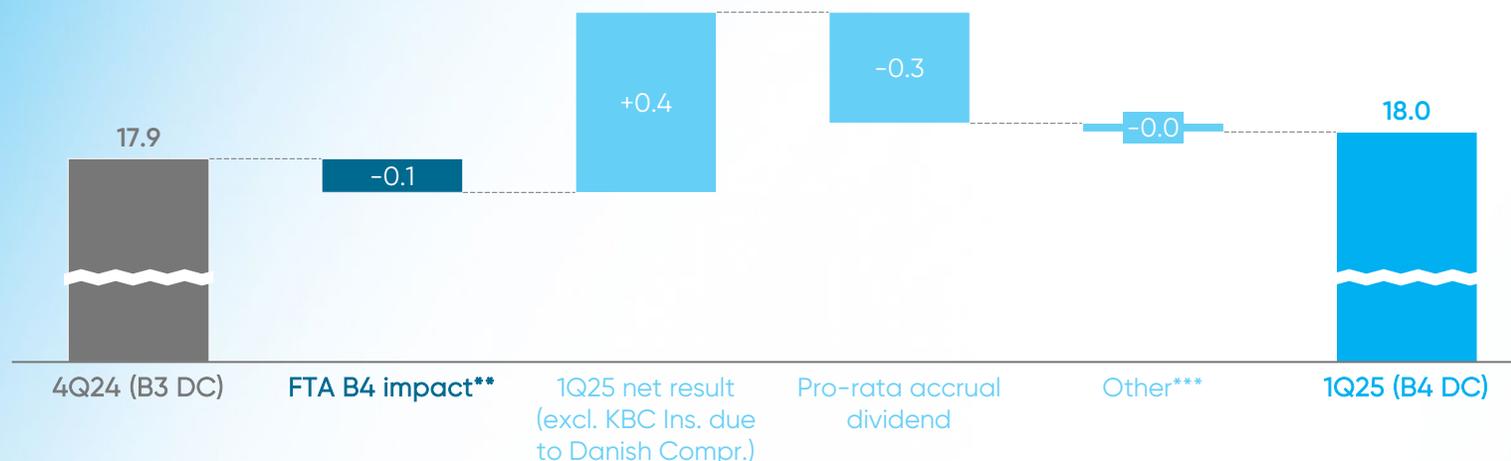
Indicative transitional RWA estimate

in bn EUR



From fully loaded Basel 3 CET1 ratio in 4Q24 to unfloored* fully loaded Basel 4 CET1 ratio in 1Q25

Q-o-q variance of CET1 capital
in bn EUR



Q-o-q variance of RWA
in bn EUR



Fully loaded B3 common equity ratio amounted to 15.0% at the end of FY24 based on the Danish Compromise

Fully loaded CET 1 ratio of 15.0% under B3 becomes 14.6% under B4: the unfloored impact of B4 on both CET1 capital (-0.1bn EUR) and RWA (+2.5bn EUR) lowers the unfloored fully loaded CET1 ratio by 0.4%

Unfloored fully loaded B4 common equity ratio decreased from 14.6% to 14.5% at the end of 1Q25 based on the Danish Compromise due mainly to strong organic loan volume growth in 1Q25 (leading to +2.6bn EUR RWAs in 1Q25)

Going forward, higher profit retention (as 1Q is negatively distorted by the upfront booking of bank & insurance taxes), the upstreaming of BGAAP insurance profit to KBC Group (usually in 2Q and 4Q), a positive impact from the DTA usage related to the liquidation of KBC Bank Ireland (expected in 3Q25) and active capital management (e.g. SRTs as of 4Q25 at the earliest) will be tailwinds for the unfloored fully loaded CET1 ratio

* Fully loaded Basel 4 CET1 ratio excluding output floor impact

** Higher expected loss for IRB credit risk exposure under B4

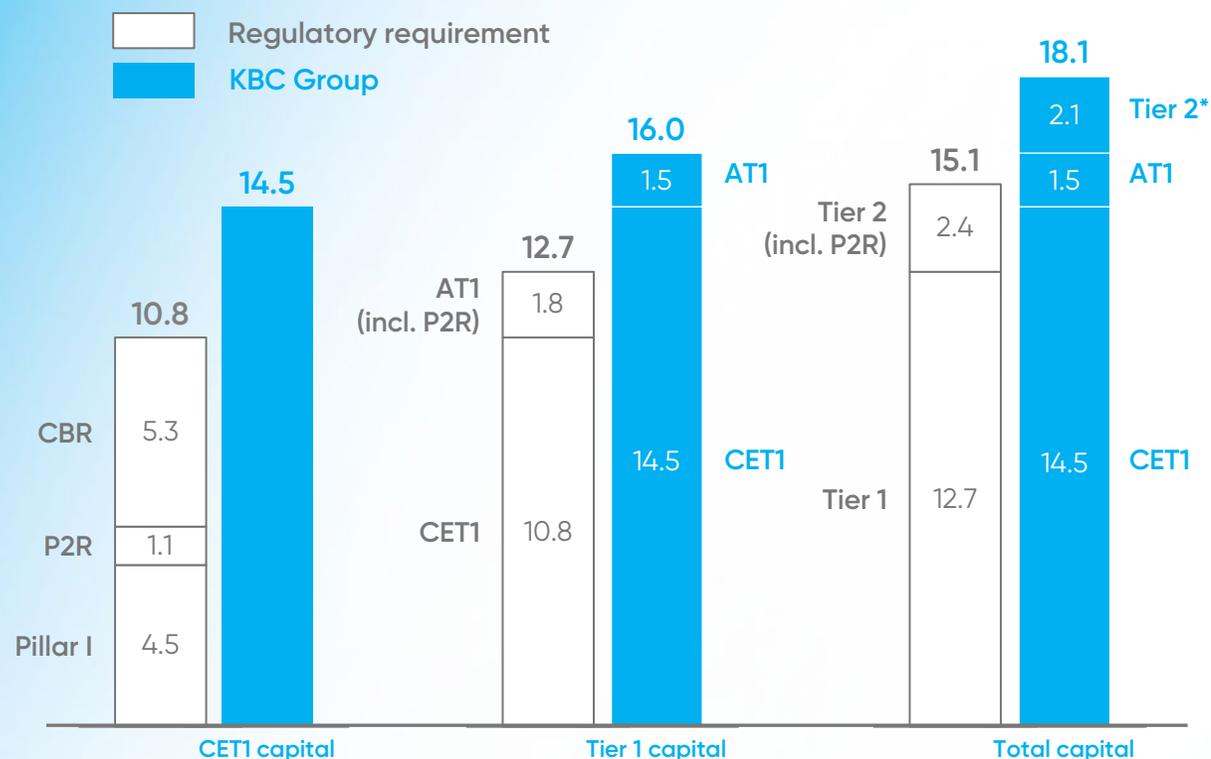
*** Includes the q-o-q delta in translation differences, intangible fixed assets, AT1 coupon, remeasurement of defined benefit obligations, deduction pension plan assets, NPL shortfall etc.

**** Includes the RWA equivalent for KBC Insurance based on DC, calculated as the historical book value of KBC Insurance multiplied by 370% under B3 and by 250% under B4

***** Includes FX, asset quality, market risk, model changes, ...

Strong capital position with substantial buffer to MDA

Capital requirements and distance to Maximum Distributable Amount (MDA) restrictions as at 31 March 2025 (fully loaded, B4)
in %



Unfloored fully loaded B4 common equity ratio amounted to 14.5%* based on the Danish Compromise

- **P2R 1.83% (= Pillar II requirement)**
1.06% to be met with CET1, 33bps eligible for AT1 and 44bps for Tier 2
- **CBR 5.26% (= Combined buffer requirement)**
2.50% Capital conservation buffer
1.50% O-SII buffer
1.15% Countercyclical buffer
0.11% Systemic risk buffer
- **MDA 11.5%**
i.e. the net of the CET1 ratio of 14.5% and the MDA buffer of 3.0%

Total distributable items (under Belgian Gaap) KBC Group 8.0bn EUR at 1Q25, of which:

- Accumulated profits: 7.8bn EUR

(*) The EBA Monitoring report on AT1, Tier 2 and TLAC / MREL eligible liabilities instruments (27 June 2024) recommends to use the carrying amounts (including accrued interest and hedge adjustments) instead of nominal amounts for own funds calculation. KBC has applied this EBA recommendation as at 30-09-2024. Implementation of this approach increases the volatility in the Tier 2 capital: as at 31-03-2025 it has a 56m EUR positive impact on Tier 2 capital at KBC Group level (compared to 47m EUR on 31-12-2024).

Leverage ratio, Solvency II ratio and liquidity ratios

Leverage ratio | KBC Group

fully loaded



Q-o-q lower leverage ratio (from 5.5% to 5.4%) due mainly to higher leverage ratio exposure (due chiefly to a large increase in reverse repos)

Liquidity ratios | KBC Group

in %



Both LCR* and NSFR** were well above the regulatory requirement of 100%

Solvency II ratio | KBC Group

in %



Q-o-q higher Solvency II ratio due mainly to a steepening of the EUR interest rate curve, the 1Q25 IFRS P&L result and a seasonal effect

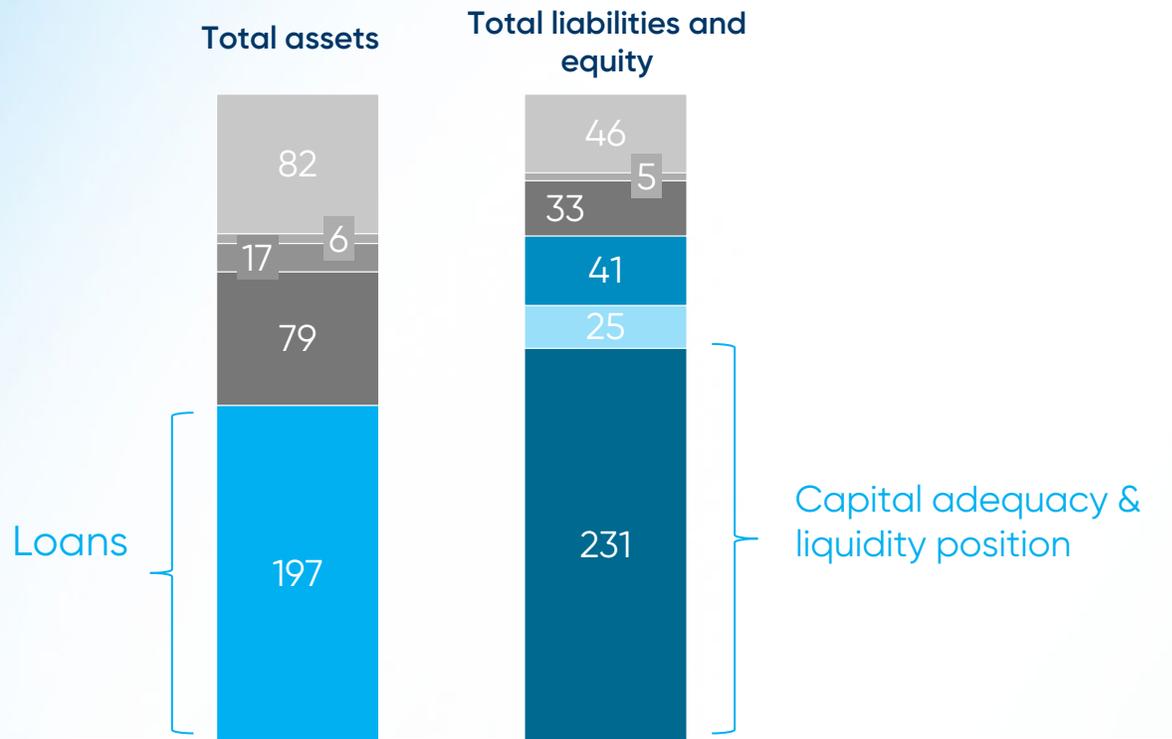
* Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) is based on KBC Bank's interpretation of the proposal of CRR amendment.

** Liquidity Coverage ratio (LCR) is based on the Delegated Act requirements. From EOY2017 onwards, KBC Bank discloses 12 months average LCR in accordance with EBA guidelines on LCR disclosure.

KBC Group consolidated balance sheet

380bn EUR Total balance sheet

3M 2025



- Other (incl. non-current assets HFS and discontinued operations, interbank loans, reverse repos, property & equipment etc...)
- Trading assets
- Insurance investment contracts
- Investment portfolio (equity and debt securities)
- Loan book (loans and advances to customers)

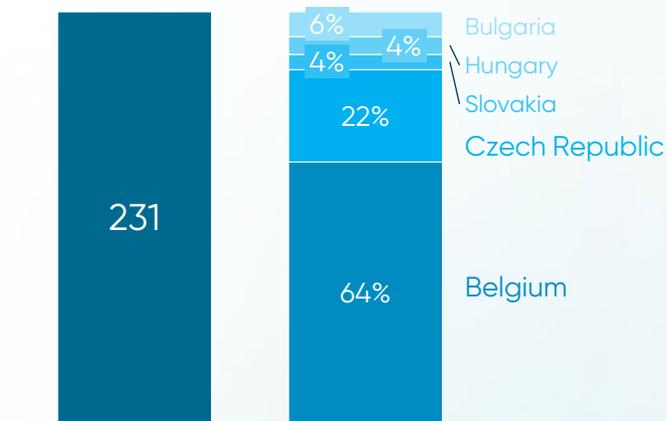
- Other (incl. liabilities associated with disposal groups, interbank deposits, etc...)
- Trading liabilities
- Insurance related liabilities
- Other MREL instruments and debt certificates
- Equity (including AT1)
- Deposits from customers

Deposits from customers

3M 2025

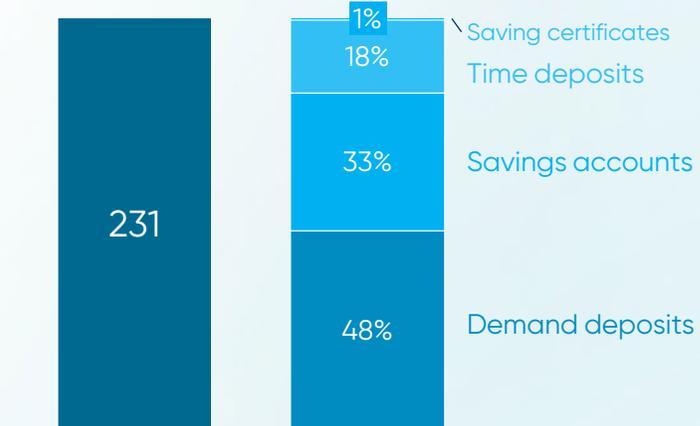
by core countries

as % of total deposits from customers



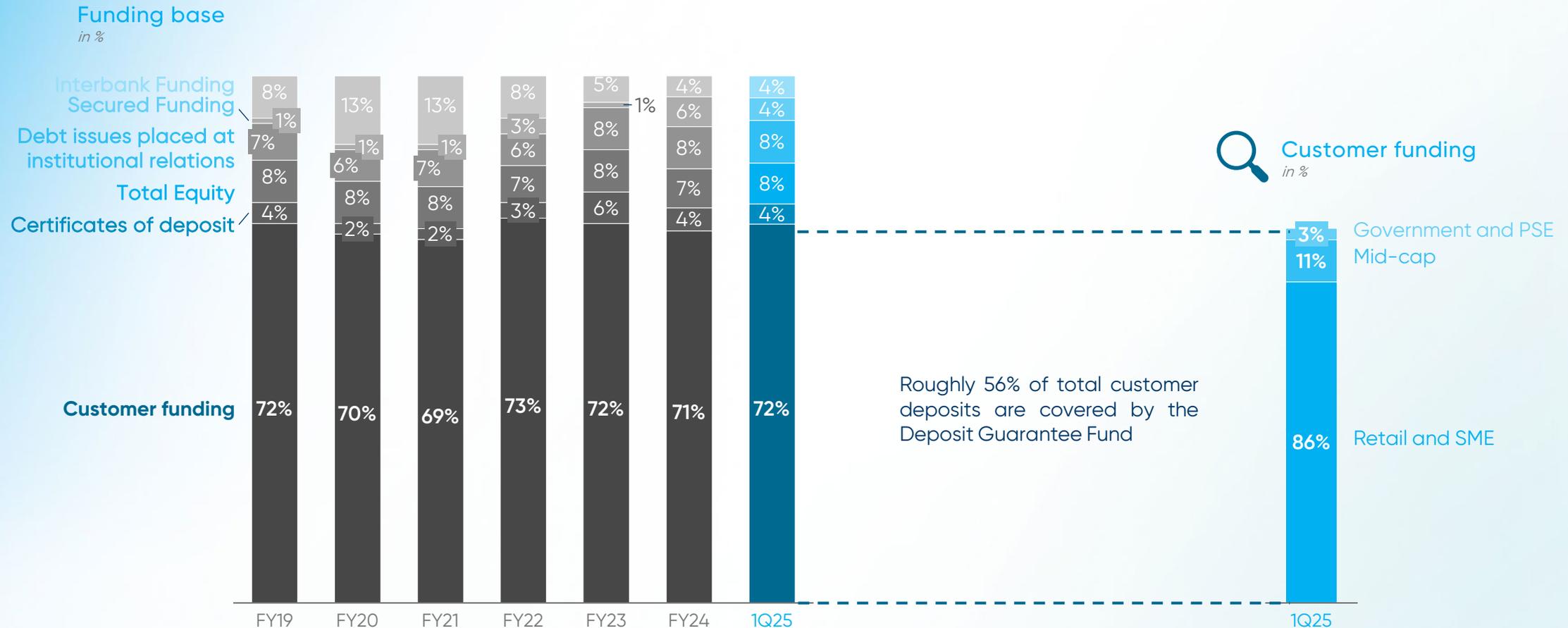
by product type

as % of total deposits from customers



Strong customer funding base

- KBC Bank continues to have a **strong retail/mid-cap deposit base** in its core markets – resulting in a **stable funding mix** with a significant portion of the funding attracted from core customer segments and markets
- **Stable % in customer funding** compared to balance sheet total

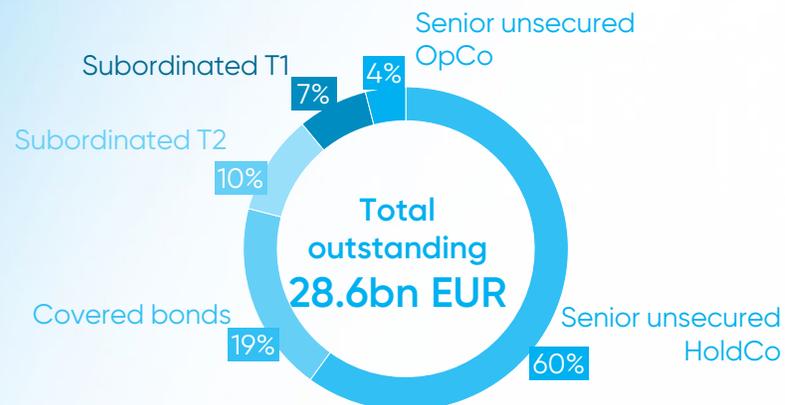


Upcoming mid-term funding maturities

Total outstanding | 1Q25

in %

KBC Bank has **6 solid sources of long-term funding**: (i) Retail term deposits, (ii) Retail EMTN, (iii) Public benchmark transactions, (iv) Covered bonds, (v) Structured notes and covered bonds using the private placement format, and (vi) Senior unsecured, T1 and T2 capital instruments issued at KBC Group level and down-streamed to KBC Bank



Funding maturity buckets

in m EUR

% of KBC Group B/S



Recent deals

- In **January 2025**, KBC Group issued a Senior HoldCo benchmark for an amount of 750m EUR with a 7-year maturity callable after 6 years
- In **March 2025**, KBC Group issued a Senior HoldCo private placement for an amount of 500m EUR with a 3,5-year maturity callable after 2,5 years

Funding program for 2025 | Expected MREL funding (incl. capital instruments)

in bn EUR



We aim to issue 1 green/social bond per year

Note: any change in regulatory requirements, RWA evolutions, MREL targets or market circumstances can change the current disclosed range

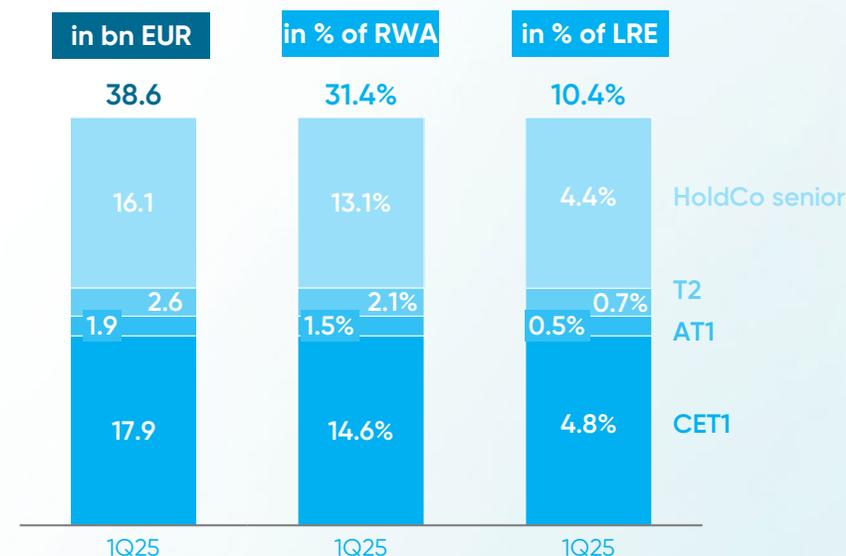
Above resolution requirements in terms of MREL

MREL targets

- The resolution plan for KBC is based on a **Single Point of Entry (SPE)** approach at KBC Group level, with **bail-in** as the preferred resolution tool
- In June 2024, the SRB communicated binding MREL targets** (under BRRD2) applicable as from 2Q24, expressed as a percentage of Risk Weighted Assets (RWA) and Leverage Ratio Exposure Amount (LRE)
- The **binding MREL targets (incl. CBR on top of the MREL target in % of RWA)** are:
 - 28.47% of RWA** (including transitional CBR* of 5.24%)
 - 7.42% of LRE**
- Combined Buffer Requirement** = Conservation Buffer (2.50%) + O-SII buffer (1.50%) + Countercyclical Buffer (1.12%) + Systemic Risk Buffer (0.11%)

MREL actuals

- The **MREL ratio in % of RWA** increased from 30.7% in 4Q24 to 31.4% in 1Q25, driven mainly by higher available MREL instruments, partly offset by increased RWA
- The **MREL ratio in % of LRE** increased from 10.2% in 4Q24 to 10.4% in 1Q25, due to higher available MREL instruments, partly offset by increased leverage exposure (driven mainly by a large increase of reverse repos and more customer loans)



ESG | Own environmental impact: our progress in brief

Own environmental footprint (FY 2024)

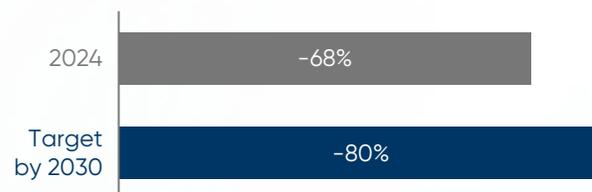
- Since 2015, we have been calculating the **GHG emissions arising from our own operations** at group level, in accordance with the GHG Protocol Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard
- We set **group-wide GHG reduction targets** in 2016, and we have tightened them over the years
- **In 2020 the most recent targets were set**, with a long-term ambition of achieving an 80% reduction in our direct emissions by 2030 (as compared to 2015). For the fourth consecutive year, we reached **net climate neutrality** by offsetting our residual direct emissions
- Additionally, we committed to increasing **our own green electricity consumption to 100% by 2030**. The goal was already reached in 2021
- Since 2024, our environmental footprint calculations have been **verified through the assurance of our Sustainability Statement** in the [Annual Report](#).

More details in our [2024 Sustainability Report](#)



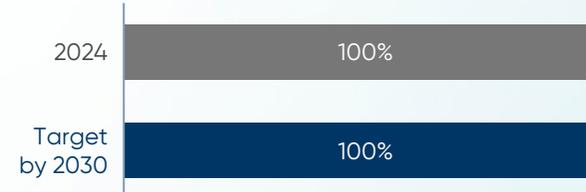
Reduction in our own GHG emissions

reduction compared to 2015



Renewable electricity

in % of purchased electricity



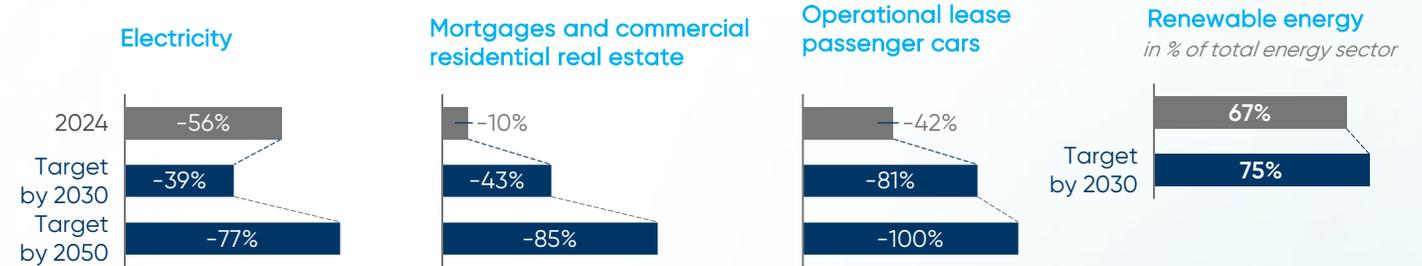
Indirect environmental impact: our progress in brief

INDIRECT environmental footprint (FY 2024)

- We refer to our Collective Commitment to Climate Action (CCCA) and the subsequent publication of our Climate Report at the end of September 2022
- Containing stringent decarbonisation targets for the white papers sectors which represent the majority of our lending portfolio emissions. Targets cover 55% of the lending portfolio related GHG emissions
- Clear targets for KBC Asset Management's Responsible Investing (RI) funds
- The baseline of the various targets and the actuals have been externally limited assured

Loan portfolio (selection of sectors)

Carbon-intensity reduction compared to 2021 baseline, otherwise indicated



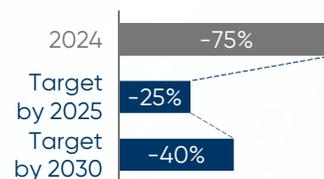
Asset management funds

Reduction compared to 2021 baseline, otherwise indicated



KBC Insurance: own investments in shares and corporate bonds

Carbon intensity reduction compared to 2019 baseline



KBC Green Bond framework and issuances

Aligned with best practices and market developments

- **The KBC Green Bond Framework** is in line with the ICMA Green Bond Principles (2021)
- Second party opinion provided by Sustainalytics and Pre-issuance-certification by the Climate Bonds Initiative
- KBC intends to align its Green Bond Framework with emerging good practices, such as environmentally sustainable criteria for economic activities in the EU Taxonomy Climate Delegated Act or European Green Bond Standard
- For details of the updated KBC green bond framework published in January 2024, we refer to [kbc.com: https://www.kbc.com/en/investor-relations/debt-issuance/kbc-green-bond.html](https://www.kbc.com/en/investor-relations/debt-issuance/kbc-green-bond.html)
- **In the context of the Green Bond**, KBC allocated the proceeds to three green asset categories: **renewable energy, energy efficient buildings and clean transportation.**
- Eligible Green Assets aim to align with the Do Not Significant Harm criteria and Minimum Social Safeguards when practically possible.
- For future transactions, in cooperation with the relevant business teams, KBC aims to capture more green assets from other categories and expand the green eligibility to more business lines and clients.



Certification

- The Climate Bonds Standard Board approved the certification of the KBC Green Bonds



Verification

- One year after issuance and until maturity, a limited assurance report on the allocation of the Green Bond proceeds to Eligible Assets to be provided by an external auditor
- See latest impact report as of EOY 2023 available on [kbc.com](https://www.kbc.com):

KBC GREEN BOND 2020 – ASSETS & IMPACT	Renewable energy	Green buildings
Allocated amount	218,6m EUR	281,4m EUR
Electricity produced/energy saved	508,072 mWh	25,389 mWh
Avoided CO ₂ emissions	101,213 tonnes	4,768 tonnes

KBC GREEN BOND 2021 – ASSETS & IMPACT	Renewable energy	Green buildings
Allocated amount	361m EUR	389m EUR
Electricity produced/energy saved	785,101 mWh	35,052 mWh
Avoided CO ₂ emissions	139,723 tonnes	6,582 tonnes

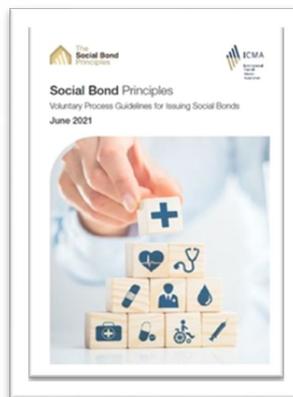
- In November 2023, KBC has amended its Green Bond Framework with updated eligibility criteria, aligned with the ICMA Green Bond Principles 2021 and further aligning it with EU Taxonomy Climate Delegated Act (June 2021)

KBC GREEN BOND 2024 - ASSETS	Renewable energy	Green buildings	Clean Transportation
Allocated amount	173,9m EUR	400m EUR	176,1m EUR

KBC Social Bond framework and issuances

Aligned with best practices and market developments

- By adding the social aspect to its funding mix, KBC Bank can further enhance its ability to finance social projects and increase its positive social impact on society
- **The KBC Social Bond Framework** is aligned with ICMA's Social Bond Principles (2021).
- Second party opinion provided by Sustainalytics (May 2022)
- Information pertaining to the Social Bond Framework can be found on kbc.com: <https://www.kbc.com/en/investor-relations/debt-issuance/kbc-social-bond.html>

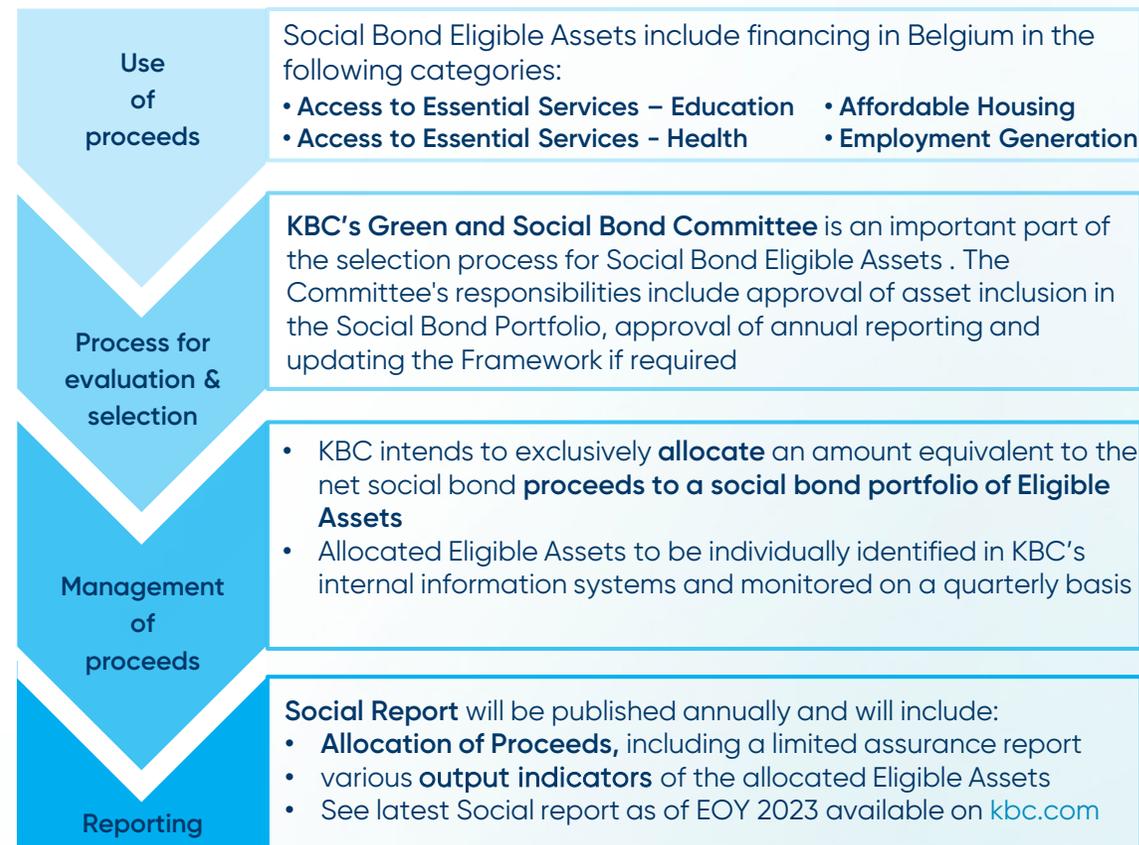


First financial institution in Belgium

- **KBC Group was the first financial institution in Belgium to issue a Social Bond** (18th of August 2022)
- The first issuance has been 100% allocated to the hospital sector
- The second issuance (June 2023) has been allocated to schools (ca 62%) and hospitals (ca 38%)



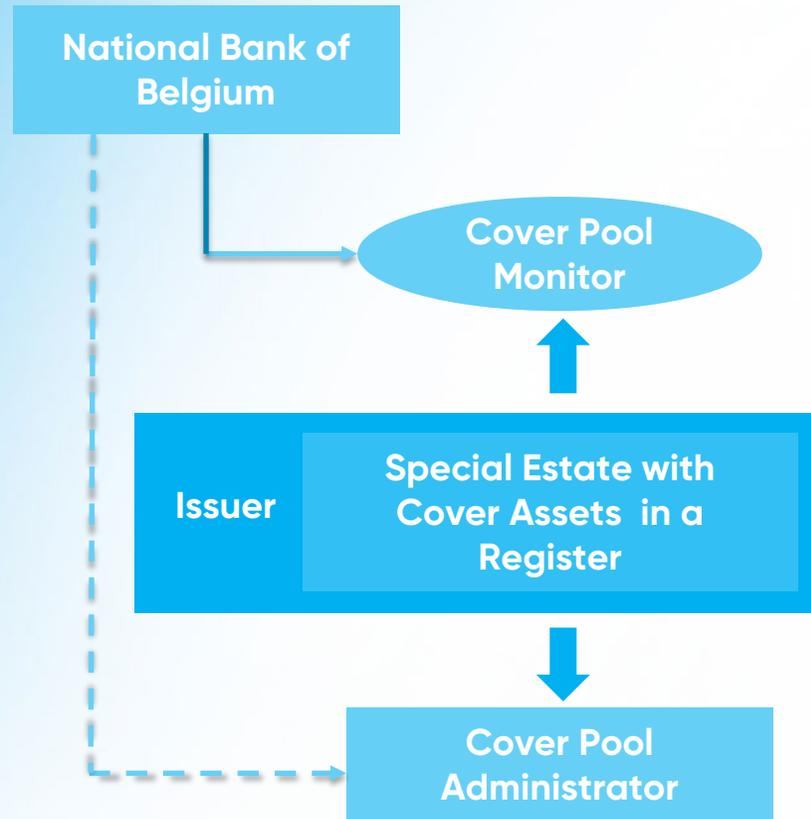
Clear Social Bond governance



Covered bond programme | Overview

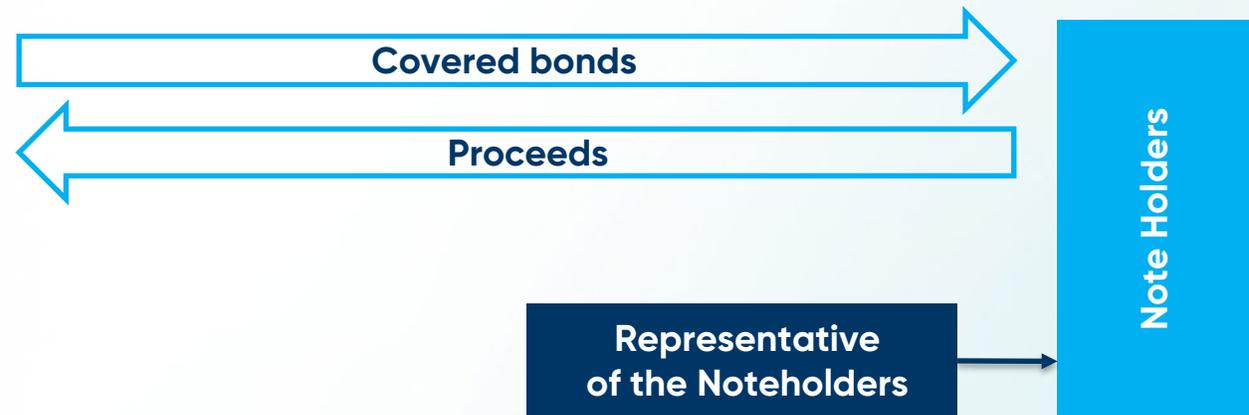
The covered bond programme is considered as an important funding tool for the treasury department. KBC's intentions are to be a frequent benchmark issuer if markets and funding plan permit.

Issuer	KBC Bank NV		
Main asset category	<p>Minimum 105% of covered bond outstanding is covered exclusively by residential mortgage loans and collections thereon</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Branch originated prime residential mortgages predominantly out of Flanders • Selected cover assets have low average LTV (59.59%) and high seasoning (67 months) • Disciplined origination policy 		
Programme size	17.5bn EUR Outstanding amount of 13.92 bn EUR		
Interest rate	Fixed rate, floating rate or zero coupon		
Maturity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Soft bullet: payment of the principal amount may be deferred past the final maturity date until the extended final maturity date if the issuer fails to pay • Extension period is 12 months for all series 		
Events of default	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Failure to pay any amount of principal on the extended final maturity date • A default in the payment of an amount of interest on any interest payment date 		
Rating agencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Moody's • Fitch 	<p>Aaa</p> <hr/> <p>AAA</p>	<p>10.5% over-collateralisation</p> <hr/> <p>4% over-collateralisation</p>



Belgian legal framework

- Direct covered bond issuance from a bank's balance sheet
- Dual recourse, including recourse to a special estate with cover assets included in a register
- The special estate is not affected by a bank's insolvency
- Requires licenses from the **National Bank of Belgium (NBB)**
- Ongoing supervision by the NBB
- The **cover pool monitor** verifies the register and the portfolio tests and reports to the NBB
- The NBB can appoint a cover pool administrator to manage the special estate



Covered bond programme | Strong legal protection mechanisms

Several legal protection mechanisms are in place:

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>1 Collateral type</p> | <p>The value of one asset category must be at least 85% of the nominal amount of covered bonds</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ KBC Bank exclusively selects residential mortgage loans and commits that their value (including collections) will be at least 105% |
| <p>2 Over-collateralisation test</p> | <p>The value of the cover assets must at least be 105% of the covered bonds</p> <p>The value of residential mortgage loans:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Is limited to 80% LTV 2) Must be fully covered by a mortgage inscription (min 60%) plus a mortgage mandate (max 40%) 3) 30-days overdue loans get a 50% haircut and 90-days overdue (or defaulted) get zero value |
| <p>3 Amortisation test</p> | <p>The sum of interest, principal and other revenues of the cover assets must at least be the interest, principal and costs relating to the covered bond</p> |
| <p>4 Liquidity test</p> | <p>Cover assets must generate sufficient liquidity or include enough liquid assets to pay all unconditional payments on the covered bonds falling due the next 6 months</p> |
| <p>5 Stress testing</p> | <p>Quarterly stress testing on all Cover tests and Liquidity test</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Interest rate shifts of +200bps/-200bps combined with stressed prepayments rates 2) Decreases in credit quality of the borrowers |
| <p>6 No cap on issuance</p> | <p>Currently no issuance limit for KBC Bank NV. Supervisor monitors the TLOF ratio (min 8%) and the encumbrance ratio and has the possibility to limit the issuance volume in order to protect KBC's other creditors.</p> |

Looking forward | Economic outlook

- The macro-economic environment became increasingly volatile at the end of 1Q25, a.o. driven by:
 - US tariff policies on the one hand
 - European fiscal spending ('Re-Arm Europe' and huge German infrastructure investments) on the other hand

Therefore, economic policy uncertainty and the ongoing trade conflict will lead to low economic growth in the euro area over the next quarters. The **medium-term growth outlook improves** on the back of expected defense spending and infrastructure investments
- Although revised downwards (see slide 43), **GDP growth in CEE is still substantially above Western-Europe**. A crucial element in favor of CEE countries is the **cost competitiveness** within Europe. Therefore, **KBC's geographical diversification remains supportive for KBC's growth**
- Thanks to KBC's well-diversified loan book, focused on retail and SMEs, the potentially directly impacted sectors (including pharma & chemicals) by currently known US tariff increases is **limited to roughly 7% of KBC's total granted loan portfolio**
- KBC has **very limited USD exposure**
- Therefore, **our ST & LT financial guidance** (as provided with FY24 results) **remains valid**

Looking forward | FY25 financial guidance (as provided with FY24 results)

Our bank-insurance+ model is firing on all cylinders

Note: all growth figures are based on reported 2024 figures

	2025	
Total income	<u>at least</u> +5.5% y-o-y	
Net interest income* <i>Organic loan volume growth</i>	<u>at least</u> 5.7bn EUR <i>approx. +4%</i>	
Insurance revenues (before reinsurance)	<u>at least</u> +7% y-o-y	
Operating expenses (excl. bank/insurance tax)	<u>below</u> +2.5% y-o-y <i>below FY24 growth excl. Ireland**</i>	
Combined ratio	<u>below</u> 91%	
Credit cost ratio	<u>well below</u> TTC of 25-30bps	

Jaws at least +3%

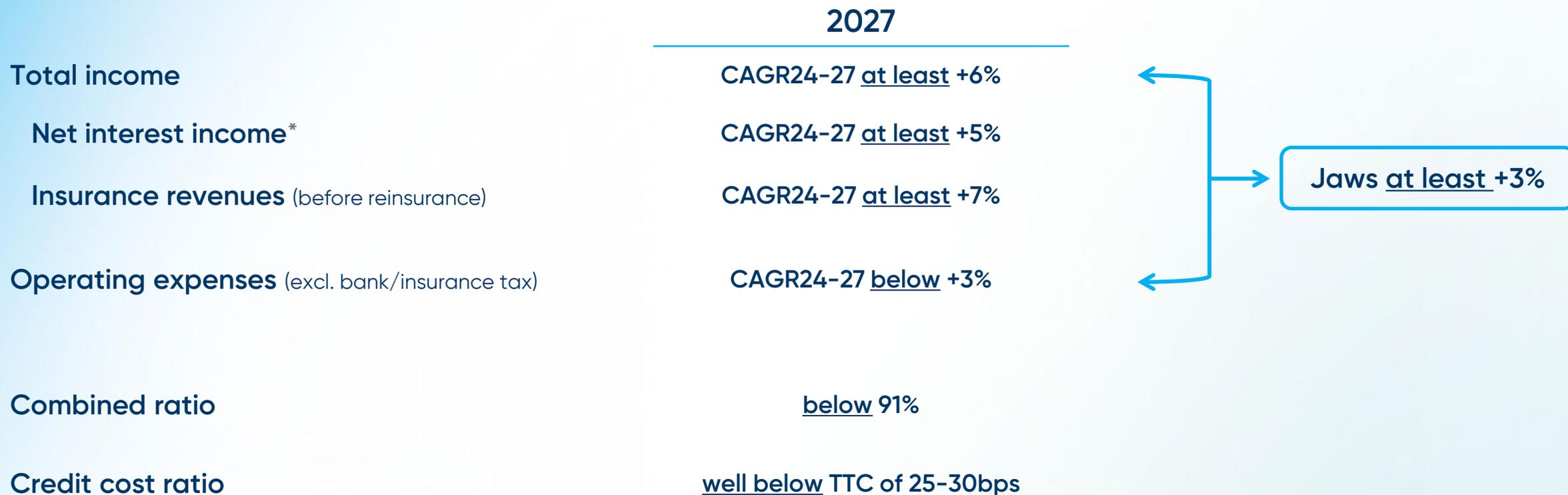
* Based on following assumptions: (i) market forward rates of early February, (ii) no speculation on potential measures of any government and (iii) conservative pass-through rates on savings accounts; Every 25bps rate deviation from the market forward rates (across all currencies) generates roughly 50m EUR NII variance on an annual basis

** FY24 growth excl. Ireland at +2.7% (OpEx excl. BIT for Ireland was 107m EUR in FY23 and 25m EUR in FY24)

Looking forward | FY27 financial guidance (as provided with FY24 results)

Our bank-insurance+ model is firing on all cylinders

Note: all growth figures are based on reported 2024 figures



Jaws at least +3%

* Based on following assumptions: (i) market forward rates of early February, (ii) no speculation on potential measures of any government and (iii) conservative pass-through rates on savings accounts

Annex 1 | Summary of the different business units' performance

1Q 2025	KBC Group	Belgium BU	Czech Republic BU	Slovakia	Hungary	Bulgaria	Group Centre BU
				International Markets BU			
Net result (YTD, in euros)	546m	281m	207m	34m	35m	66m	-77m
ROAC (YTD)	15%	12%	35%	16%	17%	24%	
Allocated capital (in %)		64%	17%	6%	5%	7%	1%
Cost/Income ratio ⁽¹⁾ (YTD)	41%	39%	42%	54%	29%	37%	
Combined ratio ⁽²⁾ (YTD)	86%	86%	81%	98%	104% ⁽³⁾	85%	
Loans ⁽⁴⁾ (in euros) (y-o-y organic growth loans)	197bn (+7%)	126bn (+6%)	40bn (+10%)	12bn (+5%)	7bn (+7%)	11bn (+16%)	
Deposits ⁽⁵⁾ (in euros) (y-o-y organic growth deposits)	231bn (+6%)	147bn (+8%)	52bn (+2%)	9bn (-1%)	10bn (+8%)	14bn (+4%)	

(1) Cost/Income ratio without banking and insurance taxes

(2) Combined ratio, Non-life insurance

(3) Combined ratio excluding windfall tax amounted to 84%

(4) Loans to customers, excluding reverse repos and bonds (growth figures are excluding FX, consolidation adjustments and reclassifications)

(5) Customer deposits, excluding debt certificates; repos, volatility in the foreign branches but including customer savings certificates (growth figures are excluding FX, consolidation adjustments and reclassifications)

Annex 3 | Outstanding benchmarks as at end of April 2025

Additional tier I securities

Issuer	Currency	Isin Code	Issued (in mio)	Coupon	Re-off spread	Settlement date	Call date	Maturity	Trigger	Level	Announcements
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002592708	364	4.250%	M/S+359.4bps	24/04/2018	24/10/2025	Perpetual	Temporary write-down	0.05125	TENDER
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002961424	750	8.000%	M/S+492.8bps	5/09/2023	5/09/2029	Perpetual	Temporary write-down	0.05125	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0390152180	750	6.250%	M/S+398.9bps	17/09/2024	17/09/2031	Perpetual	Temporary write-down	0.05125	

Tier II securities

Issuer	Currency	Isin Code	Issued (in mio)	Coupon	Re-off spread	Settlement date	Call date	Maturity date	Tenor	Trigger	Announcements
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002664457	750	0.500%	M/S+110bps	3/09/2019	3/12/2024	3/12/2029	10.25NC5.25	regulatory + tax call	Called
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002819002	750	0.625%	M/S+95bps	7/09/2021	7/12/2026	7/12/2031	10.25NC5.25	regulatory + tax call	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002914951	500	4.875%	M/S+225bps	24/01/2023	25/04/2028	25/04/2033	10.25NC5.25	regulatory + tax call	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002990712	1,000	4.750%	M/S+225bps	17/01/2024	17/01/2030	17/04/2035	11.25NC6.25	regulatory + tax call	
KBC Group	GBP	BE0390118819	500	6.151%	M/S+199bps	19/03/2024	19/03/2029	19/03/2034	10NC5	regulatory + tax call	

Senior HoldCo

Issuer	Currency	Isin Code	Issued (in mio)	Coupon	Re-off spread	Settlement date	Maturity date	Tenor	Type
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002645266	500	0.625%	M/S +60bps	10/04/2019	10/04/2025	6y	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002681626	500	0.750%	M/S +65bps	24/01/2020	24/01/2030	10y	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0974365976	500	0.500%	M/S +72bps	16/06/2020	16/06/2027	7NC6	green bond
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002728096	750	0.125%	M/S +60bps	3/09/2020	3/09/2026	6NC5	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002766476	750	0.125%	M/S+60bps	14/01/2021	14/01/2029	8NC7	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002799808	500 + 200	0.750%	M/S+65bps	31/05/2021	31/05/2031	10y	
KBC Group	GBP	BE0002820018	400	1.250%	M/S+52bps	21/09/2021	21/09/2027	6y	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002832138	750	0.250%	M/S+47bps	1/12/2021	1/03/2027	5.25NC4.25	green bond
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002839208	750	0.750%	M/S+70bps	21/01/2022	21/01/2028	6NC5	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002846278	750	1.500%	M/S+90bps	29/03/2022	29/03/2026	4NC3	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002875566	750	3.000%	M/S+125bps	25/08/2022	25/08/2030	8y	social bond
KBC Group	GBP	BE0002879600	425	5.500%	M/S+158bps	20/09/2022	20/09/2028	6NC5	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002900810	1,000	4.375%	M/S+170bps	23/11/2022	23/11/2027	5NC4	
KBC Group	USD	USB5341FAB79/ US48241FAB04	1,000	5.796%	T+210bps	19/01/2023	19/01/2029	6NC5	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002935162	1,000	4.375%	M/S+138bps	19/04/2023	19/04/2030	7NC6	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002951326	750	4.375%	M/S+145bps	6/06/2023	6/12/2031	8.5y	social bond
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002950310	1,250	4.500%	M/S+95bps	6/06/2023	6/06/2026	3NC2	
KBC Group	USD	USB5341FAC52/ US48241FAC86	1,000	6.324%	T+205bps	21/09/2023	21/09/2034	11NC10	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002987684	500	4.250%	M/S+130bps	28/11/2023	28/11/2029	6NC5	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0390124874	750	3.750%	M/S+105bps	27/03/2024	27/03/2032	8y	green bond
KBC Group	USD	USB5341FAD36/ US48241FAD69	1,250	4.932%	T+107bps	16/10/2024	16/10/2030	6NC5	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0390179456	750	3.500%	M/S+100bps	21/01/2025	21/01/2031	7NC6	

KBC IFIMA

Issuer	Currency	Isin Code	Issued (in mio)	Coupon	Re-off spread	Settlement date	Maturity date	Tenor
KBC IFIMA	EUR	XS2775174340	1,000	Floating	+35bps (3m Euribor)	4/03/2024	4/03/2026	2Y

Annex 4 | KBC's covered bond programme characteristics

Portfolio data as of 31 March 2025

in EUR

Total Outstanding Principal Balance	20 057 757 495
Total value of the assets for the over-collateralisation test	18 661 901 210
No. of Loans	227 586
Average Current Loan Balance per Borrower	125 895
Maximum Loan Balance	990 988
Minimum Loan Balance upon selection	1 000
Number of Borrowers	159 321
Longest Maturity	300 months
Shortest Maturity	0 months
Weighted Average Seasoning	67 months
Weighted Average Remaining Maturity	190 months
Weighted Average Current Interest Rate	2.07%
Weighted Average Current LTV	59.59%
No. of Loans in Arrears (+30days)	247
Direct Debit Paying	99%

Interest rate type

in %

Fixed	88.81%
1y / 1y	3.74%
3y / 3y	5.02%
5y / 5y	2.15%
10y / 5y	<1%
15y / 5y	<1%
20y / 5y	<1%

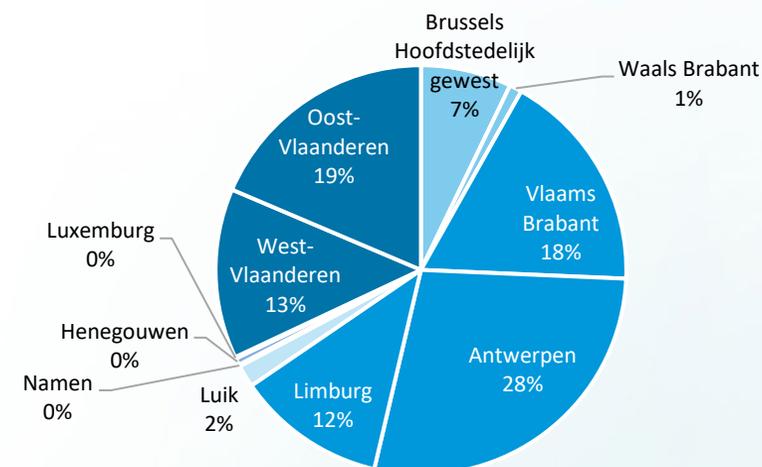
Repayment type

in %

Annuity	>99%
Linear	<1%

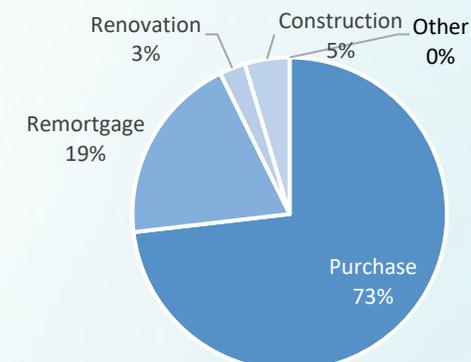
Geographical allocation

in %



Loan purpose

in %

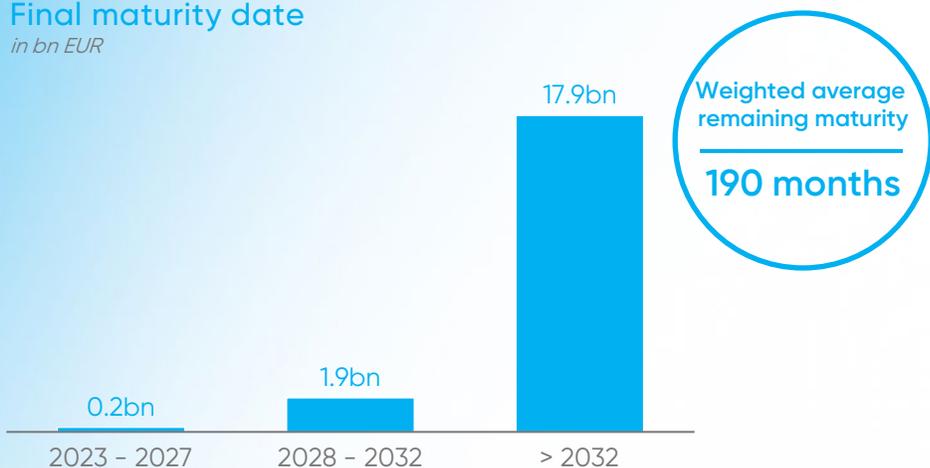


Investor reports, final terms and prospectus are available on www.kbc.com/covered_bonds

Annex 4 | Key cover pool characteristics

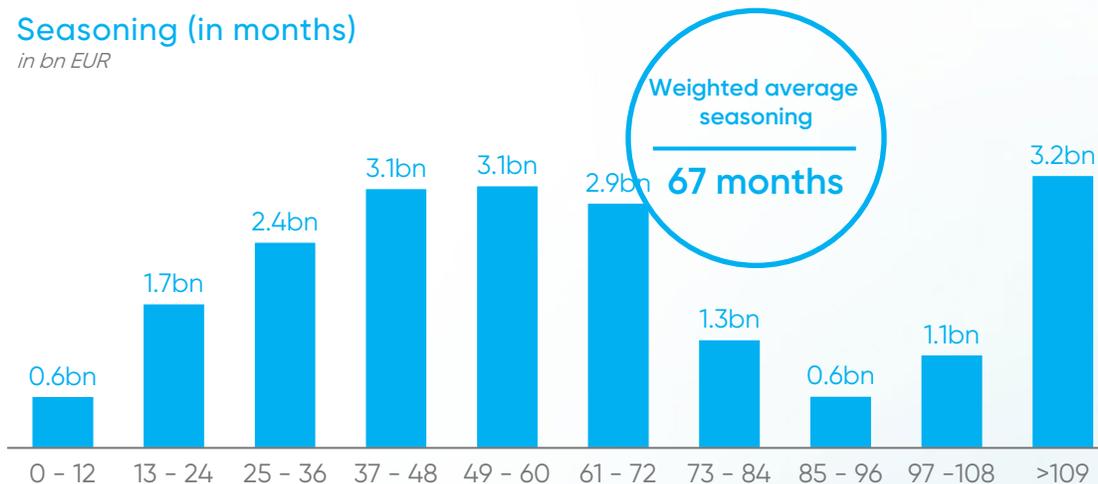
Final maturity date

in bn EUR



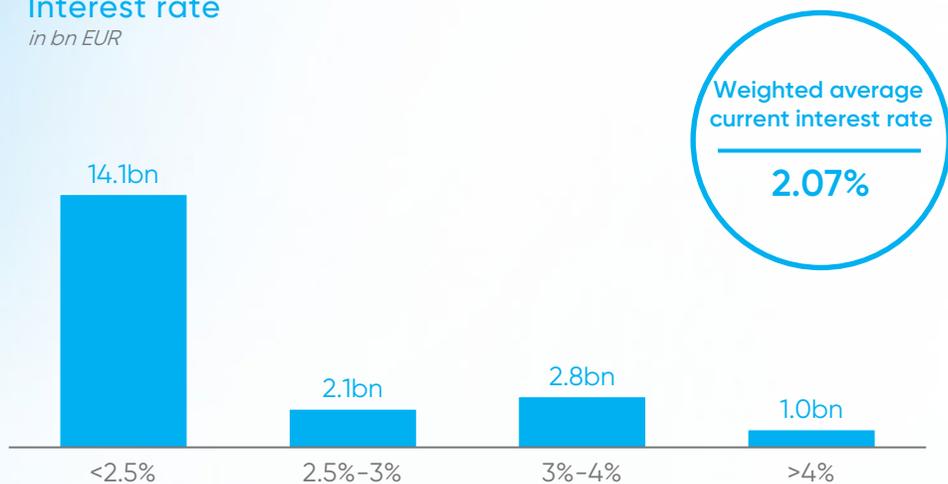
Seasoning (in months)

in bn EUR



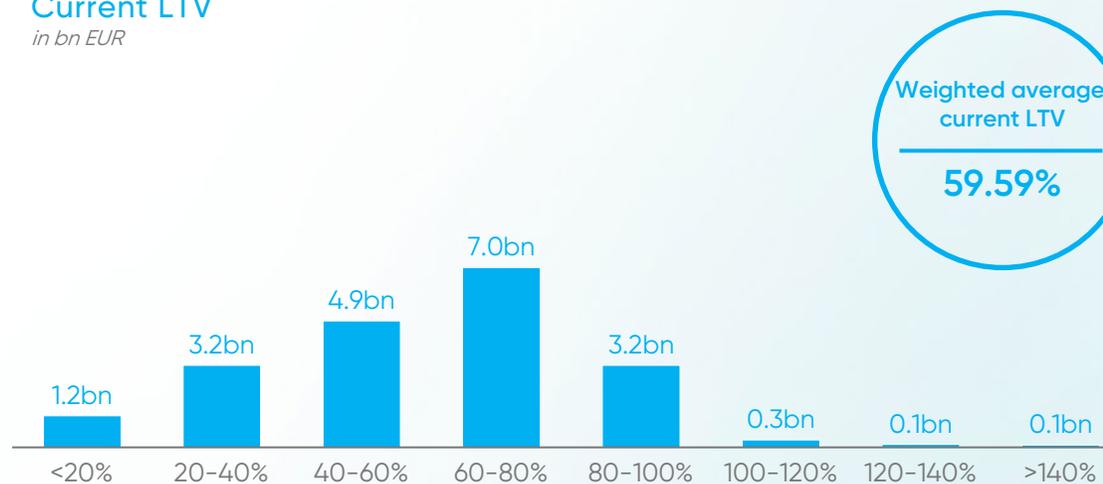
Interest rate

in bn EUR

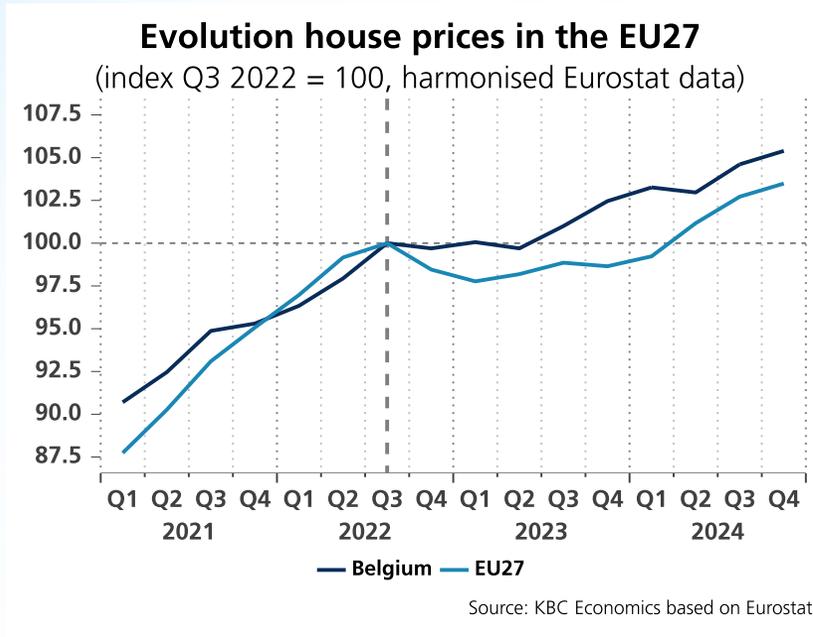


Current LTV

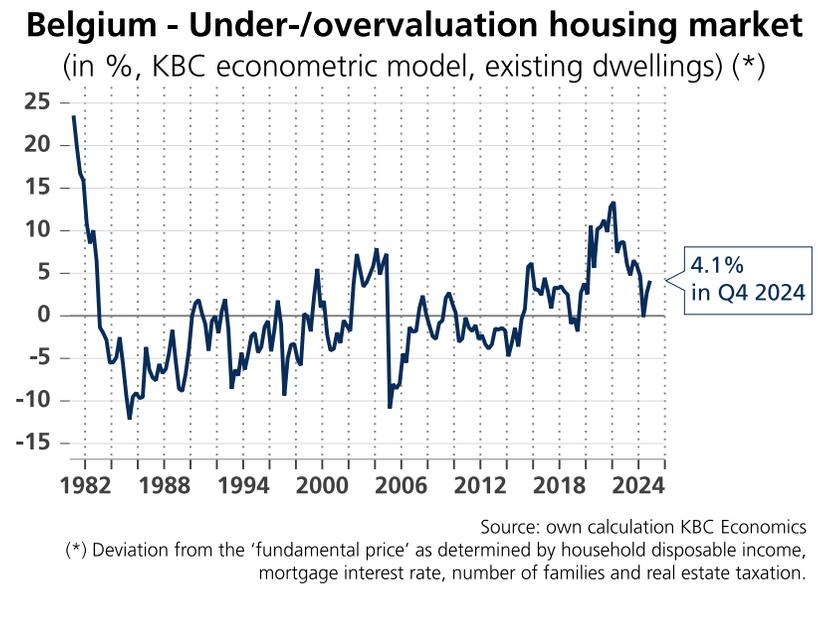
in bn EUR



Year-on-year house price dynamics in Belgium picked up again, after a cooling which has been milder than that in the EU27 as a whole



The overvaluation of Belgian real estate has nearly been eliminated



Glossary

B3 / B4	Basel III / Basel IV
Combined ratio (non-life insurance)	Short-term non-life insurance contracts: [claims and claim related costs net of reinsurance + costs other than claims and commissions] / [earned expected premiums received, net of reinsurance]
Common equity ratio	[common equity tier-1 capital] / [total weighted risks]
Cost/income ratio without banking and insurance tax (group)	[operating expenses of the group without banking and insurance tax + Insurance commissions paid] / [total income of the group]
Cost/income ratio adjusted for specific items or C/I ratio when excluding certain non-operating items	The numerator and denominator are adjusted for (exceptional) items which distort the P&L during a particular period in order to provide a better insight into the underlying business trends. Adjustments include (i) MtM ALM derivatives (fully excluded), (ii) bank & insurance taxes (including contributions to European Single Resolution Fund) are included pro rata and hence spread over all quarters of the year instead of being recognised for the most part upfront (as required by IFRIC21) and (iii) one-off items
Credit cost ratio (CCR)	[annualised net changes in individual and portfolio-based impairment for credit risks] / [average outstanding loan portfolio]. Note that, inter alia, government bonds are not included in this formula.
EBA	European Banking Authority
ESMA	European Securities and Markets Authority
ESFR	European Single Resolution Fund
FICOD	Financial Conglomerates Directive
Impaired loans cover ratio	[total stage 3 impairments on the impaired loan portfolio] / [part of the loan portfolio that is impaired (PD 10-11-12)]
Impaired loans ratio	[part of the loan portfolio that is impaired (PD 10-11-12)] / [total outstanding loan portfolio]
Leverage ratio	[regulatory available tier-1 capital] / [total exposure measures]. The exposure measure is the total of non-risk-weighted on and off-balance sheet items, based on accounting data. The risk reducing effect of collateral, guarantees or netting is not taken into account, except for repos and derivatives. This ratio supplements the risk-based requirements (CAD) with a simple, non-risk-based backstop measure
Liquidity coverage ratio (LCR)	[stock of high-quality liquid assets] / [total net cash outflow over the next 30 calendar days]
MREL	Minimum requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities
Net interest margin (NIM) of the group	[banking group net interest income excluding dealing room] / [banking group average interest-bearing assets excluding dealing room]
Net stable funding ratio (NSFR)	[available amount of stable funding] / [required amount of stable funding]
PD	Probability of default
Return on allocated capital (ROAC) for a particular business unit	[result after tax, including minority interests, of a business unit, adjusted for income on allocated capital instead of real capital] / [average capital allocated to the business unit]. The capital allocated to a business unit is based on risk-weighted assets for banking and risk-weighted asset equivalents for insurance
Return on equity	[result after tax, attributable to equity holders of the parent] / [average parent shareholders' equity]
TLAC	Total loss-absorbing capacity

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- [Debt presentation](#) [Presentations](#)

Upcoming events

19 May 2025	Credit update
20 May 2025	Credit update
23 June 2025	ESG virtual event
...	
23 July 2025	2Q25 black out period
7 August 2025	2Q25 Publication of results

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