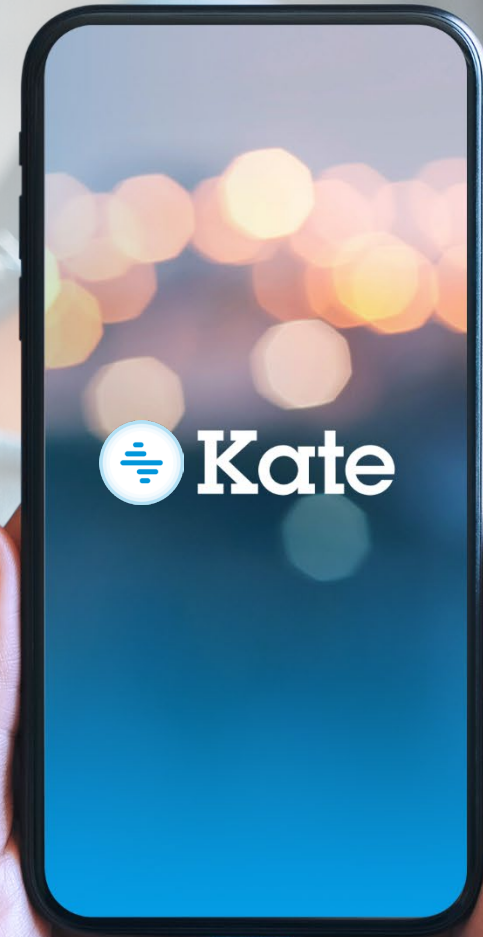




KBC Group Debt presentation 2Q 2026

More information: www.kbc.com

KBC Group - Investor Relations Office: IR4U@kbc.be



Diversified and strong business performance

Geographically ...

- **Mature markets** (BE, CZ) combined with **growth markets** (SK, HU, BG)
- Robust market position in all key markets & strong trends in loan and deposit growth
- **Wealth levels** are and will continue to gradually **converge** towards Western-European standards



... and from a business point of view

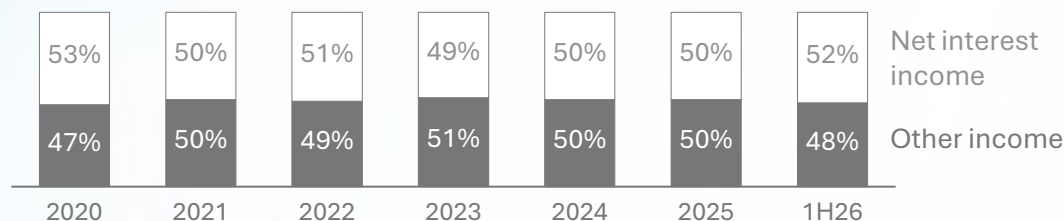
- Unique **integrated, digital first, data driven bank-insurer** with a strongly developed & tailored **AM business**
- Strong value creator with good operational results through the cycle
- Unique selling proposition: in-depth knowledge of local markets and profound relationships with clients
- Integrated model and increasingly **straight-through processes** create efficiency gains and results in a complementary & optimised product and services offering that go beyond banking and insurance through **ecospheres** - broadening '**one-stop shop**' offering to our clients



Successful digital-first approach through KATE

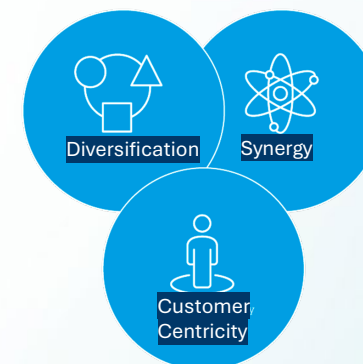
KBC Group topline diversification

in %



We want to be among Europe's best performing financial institutions

- We are a leading European financial group with a focus on providing bank-insurance products and services to **retail, SME and mid-cap clients**, in our core countries: Belgium, Czech Republic, Slovakia, Hungary and Bulgaria
- As a result of the withdrawal from Ireland, arising M&A opportunities beyond our core markets may be assessed (for approval of the Board of Directors) taking into account very strict strategic, financial, operational & risk criteria



Firmly embedded sustainability strategy

- As a company that aims to support the transition to a more sustainable and climate-proof society, we have made sustainability integral to our overall business strategy and integrated it into our day-to-day business operations and the products and services we provide
- Our sustainability strategy consists of three cornerstones: encouraging responsible behaviour on the part of all our employees, increasing our positive impact on society and limiting any adverse social impact we might have

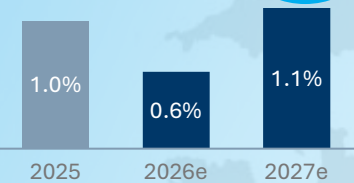
KBC Group passport | Well-defined core markets

BELGIUM BU

62% of assets
4.1m clients
420 branches

GDP growth

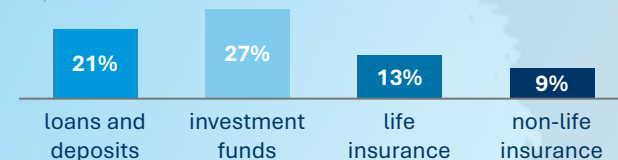
in %, KBC Economics



debt to
GDP ratio
107%

Market share

in %, end 2025



136bn EUR loans



155bn EUR deposits

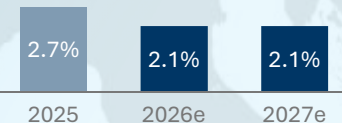


CZECH REPUBLIC BU

23% of assets
4.3m clients
196 branches

GDP growth

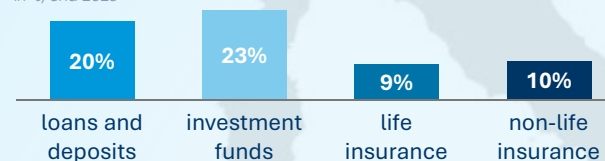
in %, KBC Economics



debt to
GDP ratio
44%

Market share

in %, end 2025



46bn EUR loans



55bn EUR deposits

INTERNATIONAL MARKETS BU



SK

6% of assets
0.8m clients*
97 branches*

17bn EUR loans
13bn EUR deposits



HU

4% of assets
1.7m clients
188 branches

9bn EUR loans
12bn EUR deposits



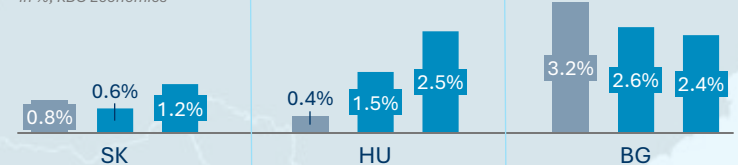
BG

5% of assets
2.2m clients
170 branches

13bn EUR loans
16bn EUR deposits

GDP growth 2025 -2026e-2027e

in %, KBC Economics



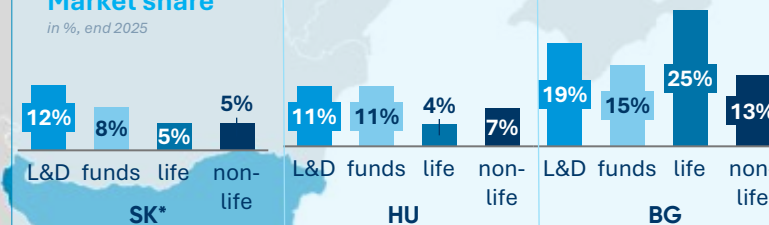
debt/GDP 62%

debt/GDP 75%

debt/GDP 27%

Market share

in %, end 2025



* excl. 365.bank

Dividend policy & capital distribution

The Board of Directors decided:

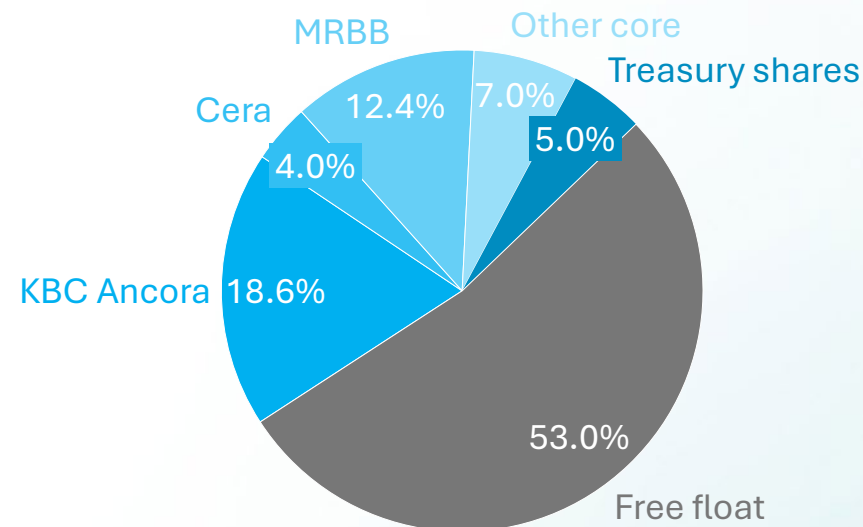
- the **dividend policy as from 2025**:
 - A **payout ratio** (including AT1 coupon) between **50%-65% of consolidated profit** of the accounting year.
 - An **interim dividend of 1 EUR per share** in November of each accounting year as an advance on the total dividend
- the **capital deployment policy as from 2025**:
 - KBC aims to be **amongst the better capitalised** financial institutions in Europe
 - Each year** (when announcing the full year results), the Board of Directors will take a **decision, at its discretion**, on the capital deployment. The focus will **predominantly be on further organic growth and M&A**
 - KBC sees a **13% unfloored fully loaded CET1 ratio (*) as the minimum**
 - KBC will **fill up the AT1 and Tier 2 buckets** within P2R and will **start using SRTs** (as part of RWA optimisation program)

Recently closed M&A transactions



Shareholder structure

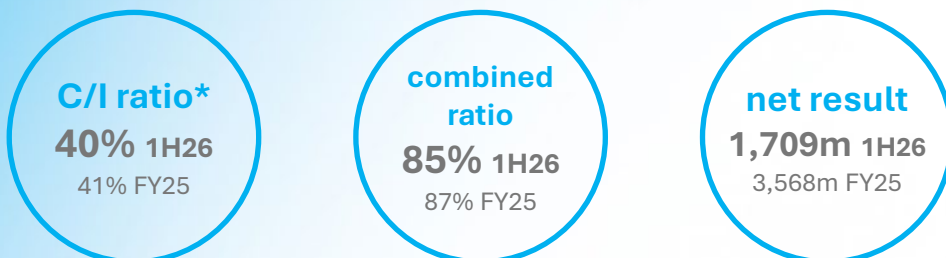
(as at end 2Q26)



- Roughly **42% of KBC shares are owned by a syndicate of core shareholders, providing continuity to pursue long-term strategic goals**. Committed shareholders include the Cera/KBC Ancora Group (co-operative investment company), the Belgian farmers' association (MRBB) and a group of Belgian industrialist families
- The **free float** is held mainly by a large variety of international institutional investors

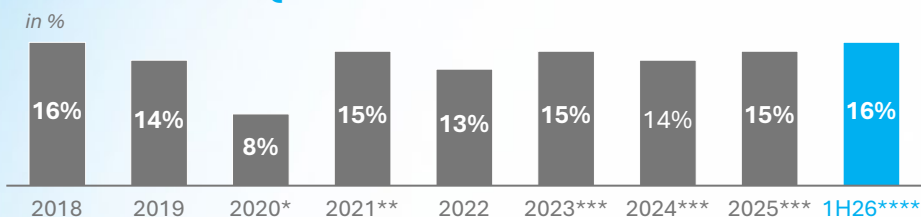
(*) fully loaded Basel 4 CET1 ratio excluding output floor impact

High profitability



* Cost/Income ratio without banking and insurance taxes

RETURN ON EQUITY



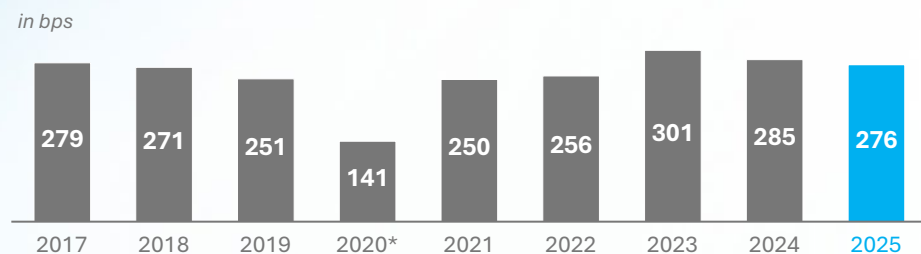
* 11% when adjusted for the collective Covid-19 impairments

** When excluding the one-off items due to the pending sales transactions in Ireland

*** Excluding one-offs

**** When banking & insurance taxes are evenly spread throughout the year and excluding one-offs

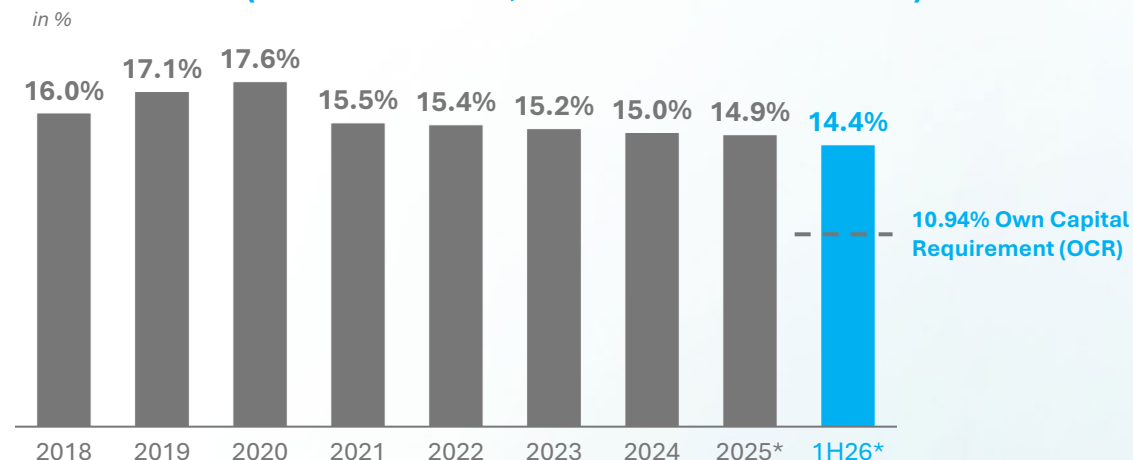
CET1 GENERATION BEFORE ANY CAPITAL DEPLOYMENT



* 202bps when adjusted for the collective Covid-19 impairments

Solid capital position

CET 1 RATIO (FULLY LOADED, DANISH COMPROMISE)



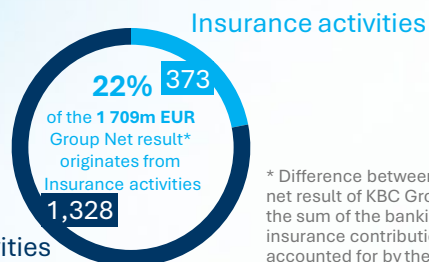
* As of 2025, unfloored fully loaded CET1 ratio under Basel 4

Robust liquidity



Unique integrated bank-insurance model

- We offer an **integrated response** to our clients' banking and insurance needs. Our **organisation** is similarly integrated, operating as a single business and a **digital-first, lead-driven and AI-led bank-insurer**
- The benefit of a **one-stop shop**, relevant and personalised financial service that allows our clients to choose from a wider and **complementary range of products and services**, which go beyond pure bank-insurance
- **Benefits in terms of income and risk diversification**, additional sales potential through intensive co-operation between the bank and insurance distribution channels, significant cost-savings and synergies, and heightened interaction opportunities with and a **more complete understanding of our clients**



* Difference between the net result of KBC Group and the sum of the banking and insurance contributions is accounted for by the holding-company/group items

Successful digital-first approach through KATE

- Our **digital interaction with clients** forms the basis of our business model in our strategy, not only in terms of sales and advice, but also in E2E digital process and product development
- **Artificial intelligence** and data analysis will play an important part in digital sales and advice. **Kate, our AI-powered personal digital assistant** features prominently in this regard
- Kate has recently been **further upgraded** in Belgium and the Czech Republic to enable even more **natural and intuitive conversations (Kate 2.0 using LLM)**, which further **boosts autonomy and customer usage**
- **The independent international consulting firm Sia Partners again ranked KBC Mobile the N°1 mobile banking app worldwide in 2025:** a clear recognition of a decade of innovation, development and listening closely to our clients



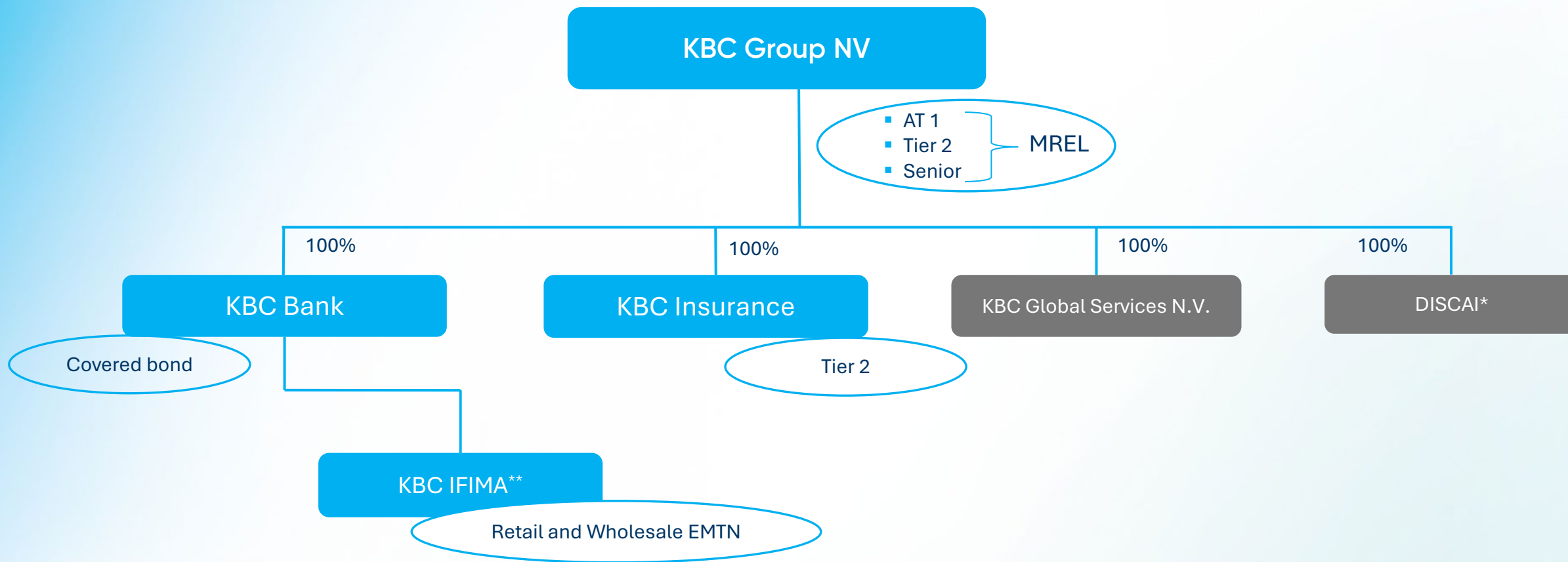
Firmly embedded sustainability strategy

- As a company that aims to support the transition to a more sustainable and climate-proof society, **we have made sustainability integral to our overall business strategy** and integrated it into our day-to-day business operations and the products and services we provide
- Our sustainability strategy consists of three main cornerstones: (1) **maximise the positive impact of our products and services** on society and environment, (2) **minimise or completely avoid any potential negative impacts** and (3) ensure all **our employees behave responsible**



KBC received the Terra Carta Seal in 2022 in recognition of its commitment to creating a sustainable future

As at 1H2026 (EUR m)



* DISCAI (Discovering AI) is a separate fully owned subsidiary, grouping the in-house developed artificial intelligence solutions for commercialisation to third parties (as of 7 March 2022)

** All debt obligations of KBC IFIMA are unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by KBC Bank

		Moody's	S&P	Fitch
Group	Senior Unsecured	A3	A-	A
	Tier II	Baa1	BBB+	BBB+
	Additional Tier I	Baa3	BBB-	BBB-
	Short-term	P-2	A-2	F1
	Outlook	Stable	Positive	Stable
Bank	Covered bonds	Aaa	-	AAA
	Senior Unsecured	A2	A+	AA-
	Short-term	P-1	A-1	F1+
	Outlook	Stable	Positive	Stable
IFIMA	Senior Unsecured	A2	A+	AA-
Insurance	Financial Strength Rating	-	A	-
	Issuer Credit Rating	-	A	-
	Tier II	-	BBB+	-
	Outlook	-	Positive	-

Latest update:

Fitch decided on **12 May 2026** to upgrade KBC Bank and KBC IFIMA's long- and short-term senior unsecured debt ratings to AA- (from A+) and F1+ (from F1), respectively.

The upgrades were the result of the updated Bank Rating Criteria by Fitch, that led to a revised view of increased creditor protection from parent KBC Group's very large resolution debt buffer.

Moody's decided on **21 April 2026** to downgrade KBC IFIMA's senior unsecured debt rating to A2 (from A1), triggered by the new CMDI legislation approved at European level leading to full depositor preference.

S&P decided on **21 November 2025** to upgrade KBC Group's subordinate debt rating (Tier 2) to BBB+ (from BBB) and the AT1-instruments to BBB- (from BB+).

The upgrades were the result of adjustments to the hybrid capital methodology of S&P (main change for KBC Group: for banks issuing capital instruments from HoldCo that are resolution entities, S&P no longer sees them as facing higher default risks than equivalent OpCo debt).

S&P decided on **29 November 2024** to revise the outlook to positive.

The positive outlook reflects S&P views that KBC Group's strong franchise, robust risk management, sound liquidity and funding metrics, and its advancement in building digital infrastructure should enable the group to perform well in different economic conditions and achieve sustainable results

KBC Group passport | KBC's ESG ratings and indices are ahead of the curve



Highlights

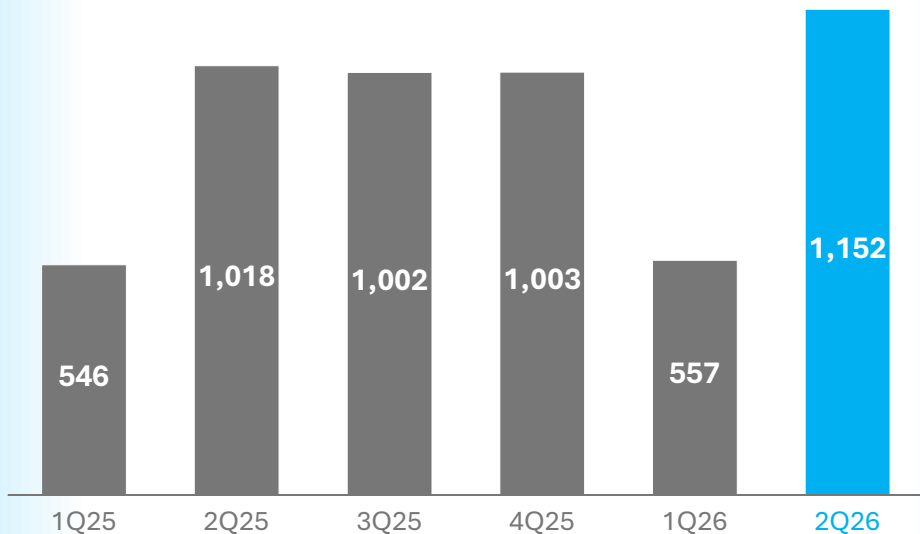
- KBC Group is **well-positioned** being an integrated bank-insurer with tailored AM business that has a highly diversified income
- In this quarter, again, all commercial bank-insurance franchises performed **excellently**
- **Customer loans** and **customer deposits** increased q-o-q in all our core countries (on a comparable basis). **Core customer money inflow of 6.0bn EUR** in 2Q26
- Excellent **net interest income**, leading to increased FY26 NII guidance (from initial ‘at least 6,725m EUR’ to ‘approximately 7.05bn EUR’)
- Higher **net fee and commission income**. Good **net inflows in direct client money** (1.4bn EUR)
- Q-o-q higher **net result from financial instruments at fair value & IFIE**, **net other income** in line with the normal run rate
- Higher sales of **non-life insurance** y-o-y, sales of **life insurance** down q-o-q and up y-o-y
- **FY26 total income guidance increased to approximately +11.0% y-o-y** (from initial guidance of at least +9.9% y-o-y)
- Costs down q-o-q due entirely to lower bank & insurance taxes and the one-off profit bonus in 1Q26. **YTD cost evolution is in line with FY26 guidance**
- Lower **net loan loss impairment charges**. Excellent **credit cost ratio**. Higher **impairments on ‘other’**
- Solid **solvency and liquidity position**
- **Interim dividend of 1 EUR per share in November 2026**
- **We will extend the usual conference call regarding the 4Q26/FY26 results with a topical event on Thursday 11 February 2027, providing more insights into the digital transformation of KBC Group leading to new financial and non-financial guidance**

Net result of 1,152m EUR over 2Q26



NET RESULT

in m EUR



YTD ratios

Return on tangible equity **18%***
 Cost-income ratio excluding bank & insurance taxes **40%**
 Combined ratio **85%** (vs below 91% guided)
 Credit cost ratio **0.11%**** (vs well below TTC of 25-30bps guided)
 CET1 ratio **14.4%***** (B4, DC, unfloored fully loaded)
 Leverage ratio **5.6%** (fully loaded)
 NSFR **133%** & LCR **158%**

* When bank & insurance taxes are evenly spread throughout the year and excluding one-offs. Return on equity = 16%

** Like-for-like (excluding 365.bank) without ECL & management overlay for geopolitical & macroeconomic uncertainties

*** Unfloored fully loaded CET1 ratio = fully loaded Basel 4 CET1 ratio excluding output floor impact

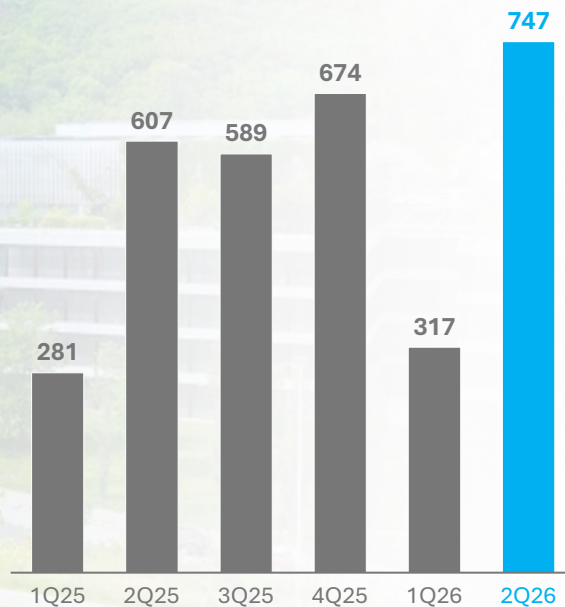
Strong contribution from all business units

NET RESULT PER BUSINESS UNIT

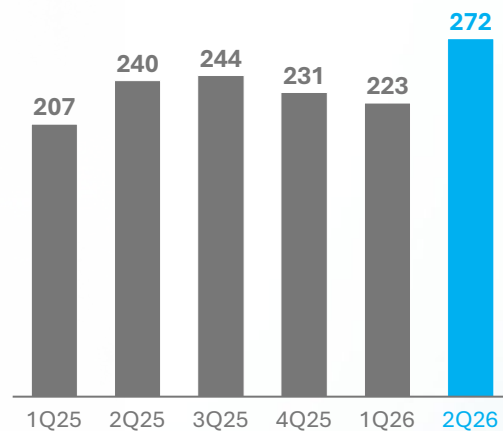
in m EUR



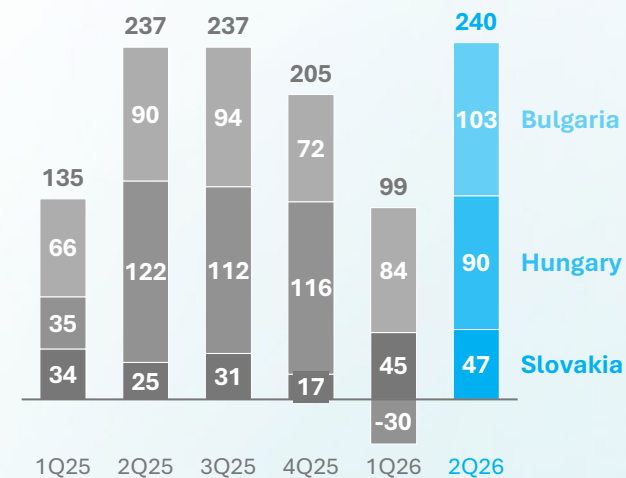
BU BE



BU CZ



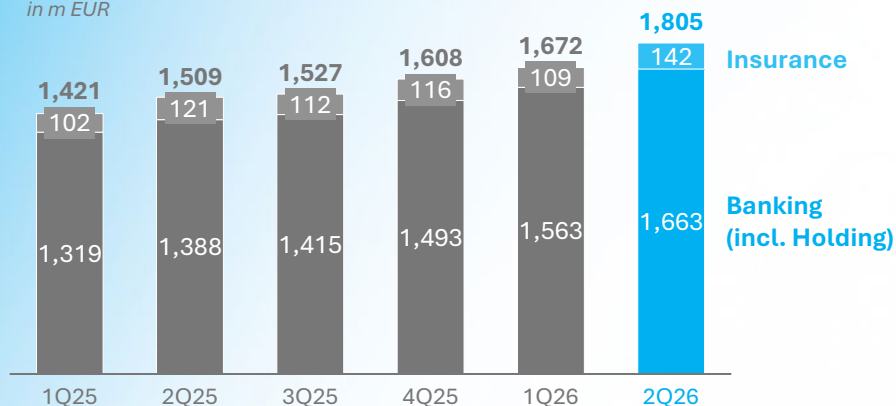
BU IM



Excellent net interest income, leading to increased FY26 guidance

NET INTEREST INCOME

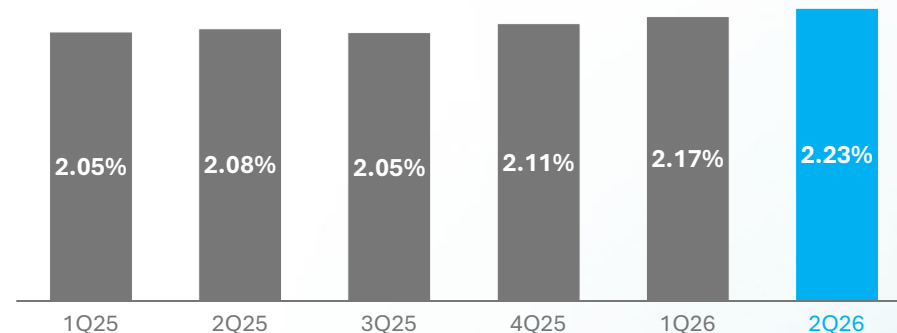
in m EUR



- **NII increased by 8% q-o-q and by 20% y-o-y (+17% y-o-y excluding the acquisitions of 365.bank and Business Lease)**
- +8% q-o-q was driven primarily by:
 - Higher commercial transformation result (due to continued increasing reinvestment yields and higher benchmarked deposit volumes)
 - Higher lending income, as organic loan volume growth and a 4m positive one-off in Hungary (partial reversal of loan interest subsidy correction of -10m EUR in 1Q26) was largely offset by lower loan margins in most core markets
 - Sharply higher NII on inflation-linked bonds (+57m EUR q-o-q, from -12m EUR in 1Q26 to +45m EUR in 2Q26)
 - Higher number of days (+9m EUR q-o-q)
 partly offset by:
 - Higher wholesale funding costs
- +20% y-o-y was driven primarily by significantly higher commercial transformation result, higher lending income, higher NII on inflation-linked bonds, higher dealing room NII and NII from short-term cash management, lower costs on the minimum required reserves held with the central banks and higher NII on term deposits

NET INTEREST MARGIN*

in %, calculated excluding dealing room, ALM FX swaps & repos



- Rose by 6 bps q-o-q and by 15 bps y-o-y (+13 bps y-o-y excluding 365.bank and Business Lease) for the reasons mentioned on net interest income and an increase in the interest-bearing assets (denominator), both q-o-q and y-o-y

ORGANIC VOLUME TREND

	Total loans**	o/w retail mortgages	Customer deposits***
Volume	222bn	89bn	251bn
Growth q-o-q*	+3%	+2%	+1%
Growth y-o-y	+7%	+6%	+4%

* Non-annualised ** Loans to customers, excluding reverse repos

*** Customer deposits, excluding debt certificates and repos, but including customer savings certificates.

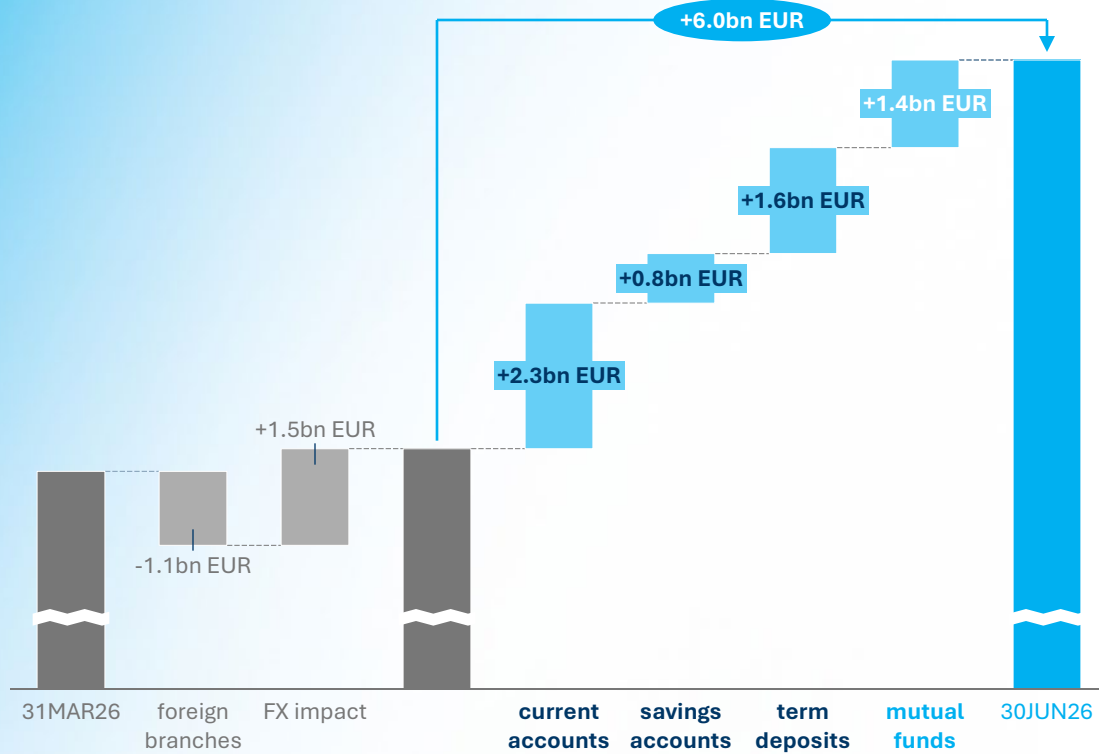
Excluding the volatility in the foreign branches of KBC Bank (included in BE BU), core customer deposits rose by 2% q-o-q and by 4% y-o-y

Growth figures are excluding FX, consolidation adjustments and reclassifications.

Inflow of core customer money

CUSTOMER MONEY DYNAMIC OVER 2Q26

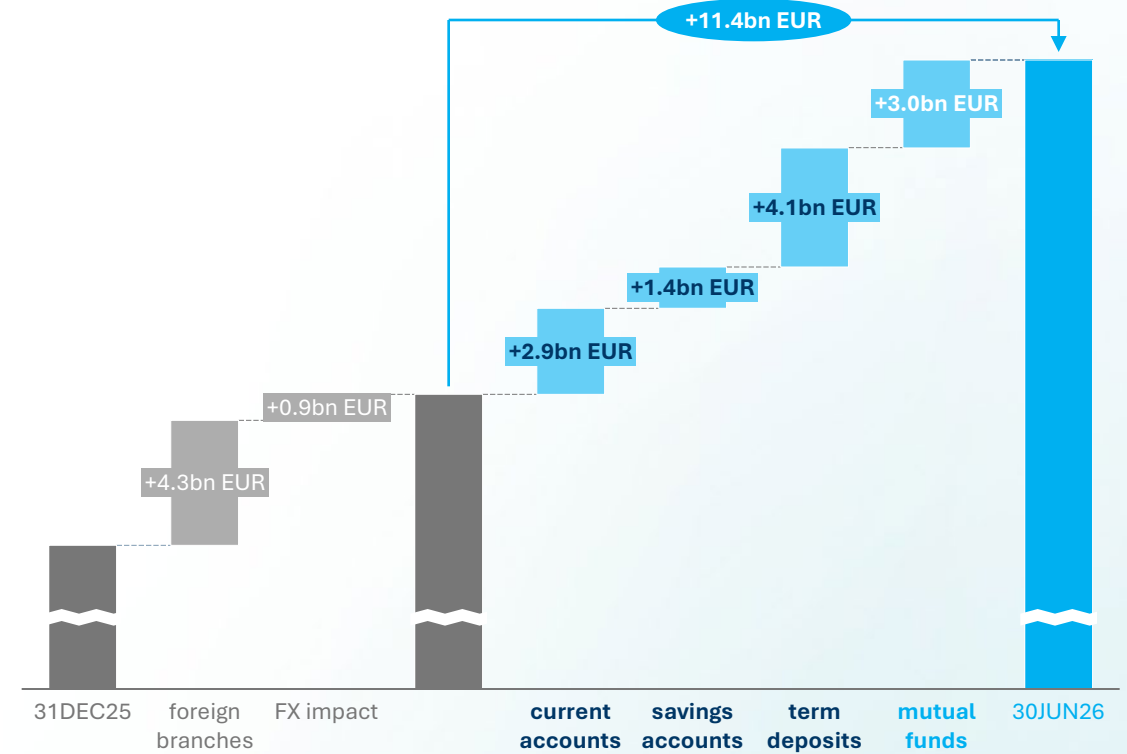
in bn EUR



- 2Q26 saw an inflow of core customer money of **+6.0bn EUR** (+7.5bn EUR incl. FX impact)

CUSTOMER MONEY DYNAMIC OVER 1H26

in bn EUR



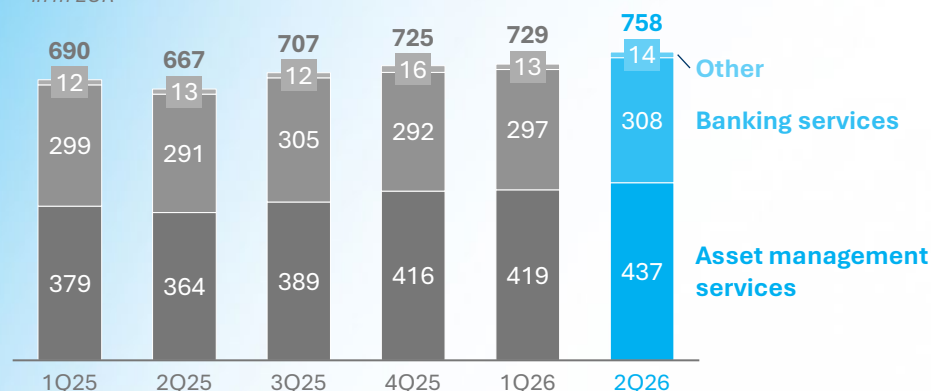
- 1H26 saw an inflow of core customer money of **+11.4bn EUR** (+12.3bn EUR incl. FX impact)

Higher net fee and commission income

Good net inflows in direct client money

NET FEE & COMMISSION INCOME

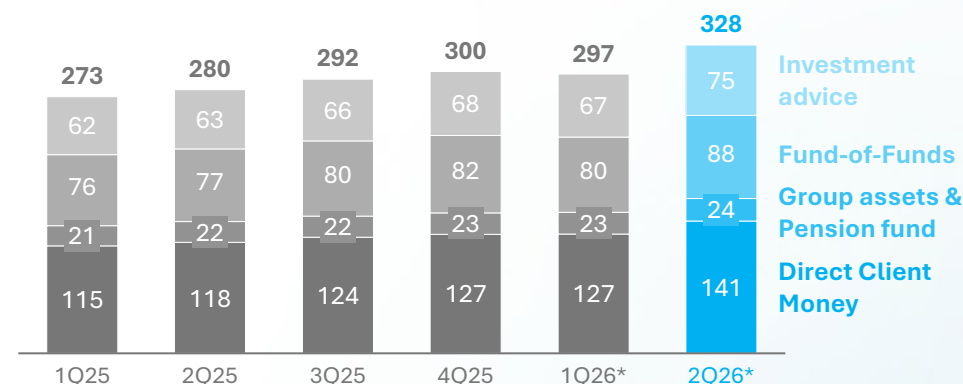
in m EUR



- **Up by 4% q-o-q and by 14% y-o-y (+11% y-o-y excluding the acquisitions of 365.bank and Business Lease)**
- +4% q-o-q was driven primarily by:
 - Net F&C income from Asset Management Services increased by 4% q-o-q due mainly to higher management & entry fees and higher distribution fees received linked to mutual funds
 - Net F&C income from banking services rose by 4% q-o-q due chiefly to higher fees from payment services, higher network income, higher fees from credit files & bank guarantees and higher securities-related fees
 - Higher distribution fees linked to insurance
- +14% y-o-y was mainly the result of:
 - Net F&C income from Asset Management Services rose by 20% y-o-y due mainly to higher management & entry fees
 - Net F&C income from banking services increased by 6% y-o-y due mainly to higher fees from payment services, higher securities-related fees, higher network income and higher fees from credit files & bank guarantees, partly offset by the SRT coupon cost and higher distribution commissions paid for banking products
 - Higher distribution fees linked to insurance

ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT

in bn EUR



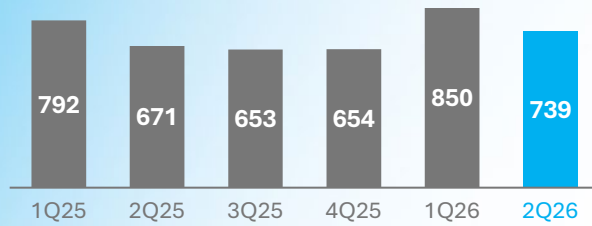
* As of 1Q26, AuM of 365.bank are included

- **Increased by 10% q-o-q** due to net inflows (+1%) and positive market performance (+10%)
- **Increased by 17% y-o-y** due to net inflows (+4%) and positive market performance (+13%)
- The mutual fund business has seen good net inflows this quarter, both in higher-margin direct client money (**1.4bn EUR in 2Q26** versus 1.6bn EUR in 1Q26 and 1.5bn in 2Q25) as well as in lower-margin assets

Non-life sales up y-o-y, life sales down q-o-q and up y-o-y

NON-LIFE SALES

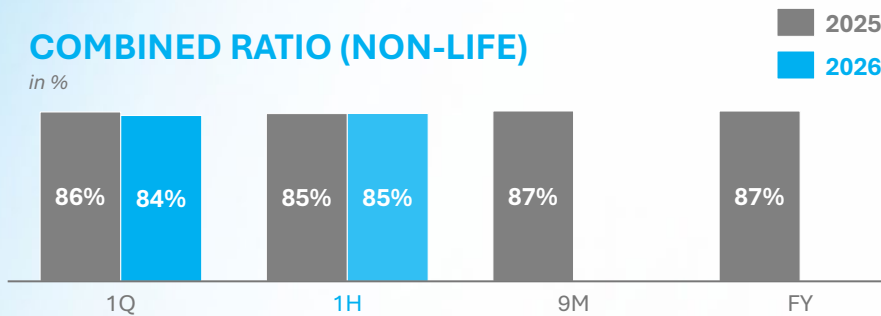
in m EUR



- **Up by 10% y-o-y**, with growth in all countries and all main classes, due to a combination of volume and tariff increases

COMBINED RATIO (NON-LIFE)

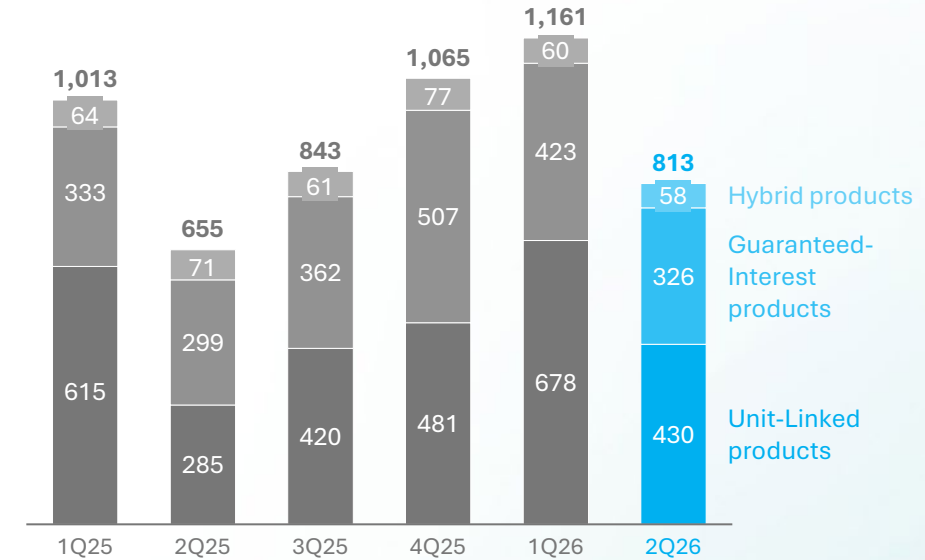
in %



- **Non-life combined ratio for 1H26 amounted to an excellent 85%** (85% in 1H25). This is mainly the result of:
 - 9% y-o-y higher insurance revenues before reinsurance
 - 8% y-o-y higher insurance service expenses before reinsurance, impacted mainly by some hailstorms in Belgium and some industrial fires (mainly in the Czech Republic and Belgium)
 - Lower net result from reinsurance contracts held (down by 18m EUR y-o-y)

LIFE SALES

in m EUR



- Decreased by 30% q-o-q due to lower sales of unit-linked products (after a very strong 1Q26 as the result of a successful launch of structured emissions and commercial actions in Belgium and a single-premium campaign in Bulgaria, partly offset by an increase in Hungary in 2Q26 due mainly to a single-premium campaign), lower sales of guaranteed-interest products (due chiefly to traditionally higher volumes in tax-incentivized pension savings products in Belgium during 1Q and 4Q) as well as lower sales of hybrid products
- Increased by 24% y-o-y due to higher sales of unit-linked products and guaranteed-interest products, partly offset by lower sales of hybrid products
- Sales of guaranteed-interest products and unit-linked products accounted for 40% and 53% of total life insurance sales in 2Q26 respectively, with hybrid products (mainly in Belgium and the Czech Republic) accounting for the remainder
- **Life sales in 1H26 rose by 18% y-o-y**

FIFV & IFIE result up q-o-q and net other income in line with the normal run rate

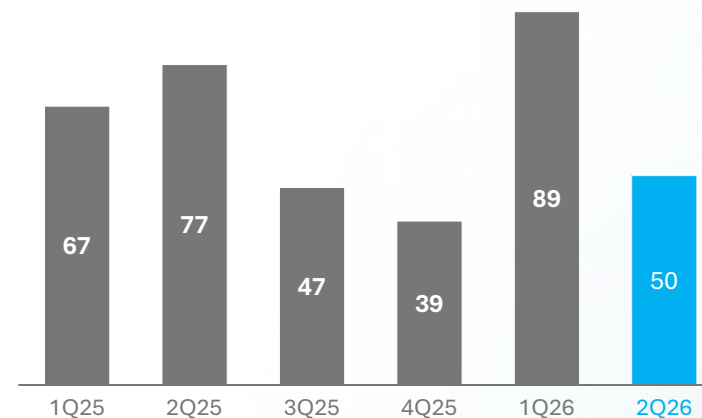
FIFV & IFIE

in m EUR

	1Q25	2Q25	3Q25	4Q25	1Q26	2Q26
Dealing room	77	60	53	56	30	22
MVA/CVA/FVA	-1	0	5	-6	-1	-8
IFIE – mainly interest accretion	-67	-67	-69	-72	-76	-77
M2M ALM derivatives and other	-55	-27	-51	1	-71	-29
FIFV & IFIE	-45	-34	-62	-22	-118	-92

NET OTHER INCOME

in m EUR



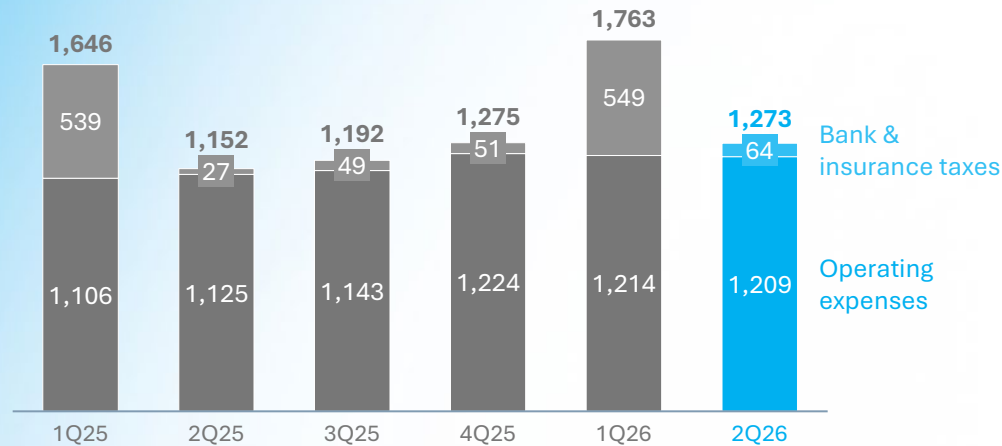
- **FIFV & IFIE result up q-o-q**, attributable mainly to:
 - Positive change in ‘ALM derivatives and other’ due mainly to hedge accounting ineffectiveness
- partly offset by:
 - Lower dealing room result
 - More negative credit, funding and market value adjustments, mainly the result of decreased long-term interest rates (EUR, CZK and HUF) and decreased KBC funding spreads, partly offset by decreased counterparty credit spreads
 - Slightly more negative IFIE due to strong growth in insurance

- **Net other income:** in line with the normal run rate of 50m EUR per quarter

Costs excluding bank & insurance taxes slightly down q-o-q

OPERATING EXPENSES (INCLUDING COSTS DIRECTLY ATTRIBUTABLE TO INSURANCE)

in m EUR



- **Operating expenses excluding bank & insurance taxes:**
 - Slightly down q-o-q (-1% q-o-q excl. FX effect) and +7% y-o-y (+6% y-o-y excl. FX effect and +5% y-o-y excl. acquisitions of 365.bank and Business Lease)
 - The q-o-q decrease was due mainly to the 23m EUR one-off profit bonus in 1Q26, largely offset by higher staff costs (mainly the impact of wage inflation), seasonally higher marketing & professional fee expenses, higher ICT costs, higher facility expenses and higher depreciations
 - The y-o-y increase was due to, amongst others, higher staff costs (mainly the impact of wage inflation and acquisitions), higher ICT costs, higher marketing costs, higher professional fee expenses and higher depreciations
- **Excluding FX, the one-off profit bonus and the acquisitions of 365.bank and Business Lease, the like-for-like operating expenses excluding bank & insurance taxes rose by 3.4% y-o-y in 1H26, exactly in line with the guidance**
- **1H26 cost/income ratio**
 - 43% when excluding certain non-operating items* (46% in FY25)
 - 40% excluding all bank & insurance taxes (41% in FY25)

BANK AND INSURANCE TAX SPREAD 2026 (preliminary)

in m EUR

	Total	Upfront		Spread out over the year			
	2Q26	1Q26	2Q26	1Q26	2Q26	3Q26e	4Q26e
BE BU	3	289	3	0	0	0	0
CZ BU	0	22	0	1	0	1	1
Hungary	54	171	0	45	54	54	54
Slovakia	5	2	0	5	5	4	4
Bulgaria	1	15	1	0	0	0	0
Group Centre	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	64	499	4	50	59	58	58

- **Regarding bank & insurance taxes in 2Q26:**
 - +53m EUR additional national bank taxes in Hungary
 - +5m EUR additional national bank taxes in Slovakia
 - +6m EUR additional contribution to the Deposit Guarantee Scheme (+3m EUR in Belgium, +1m in Hungary and +1m EUR in Bulgaria)
- Total **bank & insurance taxes** are expected to increase by 10% y-o-y to 730m EUR in 2026 (666m EUR in 2025)

* See glossary for the exact definition

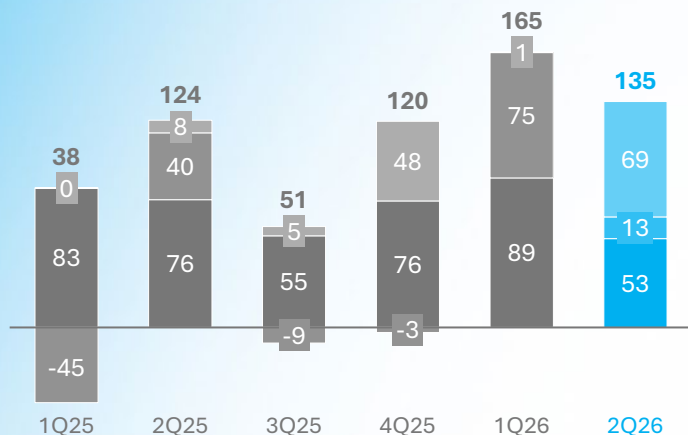
Lower net loan loss impairment charges & excellent credit cost ratio

Higher impairments on 'other'

ASSET IMPAIRMENT

in m EUR; negative sign is a release

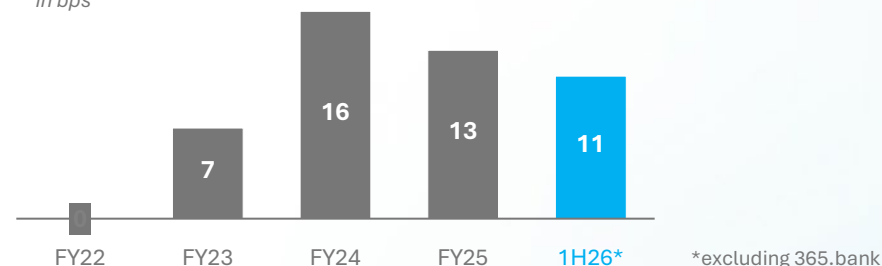
Other impairments
ECL & mgmt. overlay for geopolitical and ME uncertainties
Impairments on financial assets at AC and FVOCI



- **Net loan loss impairment charges of 66m EUR in 2Q26** (compared with 164m EUR in 1Q26) due to:
 - 53m EUR net loan loss impairment charges (compared with 89m EUR in 1Q26), of which 9m EUR from the acquisition of 365.bank (compared with 11m EUR in 1Q26)
 - An increase of 13m EUR solely ECL buffer (versus an increase of 75m EUR in 1Q26, solely management overlay), driven mainly by micro- and macroeconomic indicators
 - Total outstanding ECL & management overlay for geopolitical & macroeconomic uncertainties now stands at 188m EUR
- **69m EUR impairment on 'other'**, of which:
 - 42m EUR modification losses, related to the current uncertainty regarding the lifetime extension of the interest cap regulation in Hungary (of which part might be recovered in the coming quarters)
 - 28m EUR impairment on software (27m EUR in Belgium and 1m EUR in Bulgaria)

CREDIT COST RATIO EXCL. ECL & MANAGEMENT OVERLAY FOR GEOPOLITICAL AND MACROECONOMIC UNCERTAINTIES

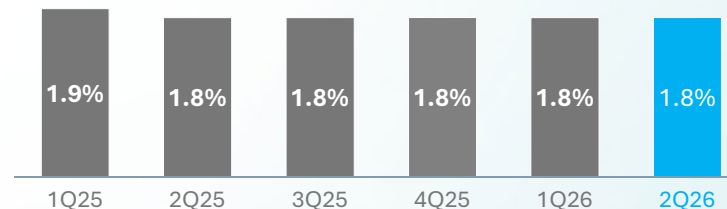
in bps



- The **credit cost ratio** in 1H26 amounted to:
 - 11 bps like-for-like (excluding 365.bank) without ECL & management overlay for geopolitical & macroeconomic uncertainties (13 bps in FY25)
 - 17 bps with ECL & management overlay for geopolitical & macroeconomic uncertainties and including 365.bank

IMPAIRED LOANS RATIO

in %



- **The impaired loans ratio amounted to 1.8%** (1.0% of which over 90 days past due)

KBC has only limited direct exposure to current geopolitical and financial turmoil

KBC's direct exposure to...

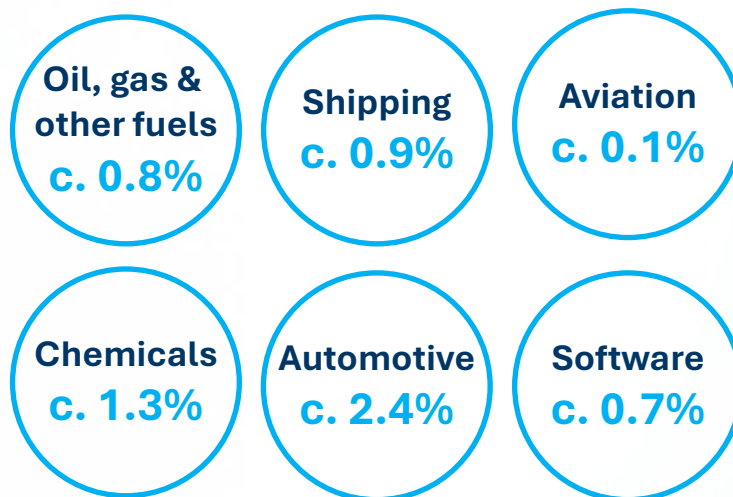
... the Middle East



Direct loan exposure to the Middle East (disregarding Turkey and Egypt) amounted to **0.2% of our total outstanding loan book** per end 1H26

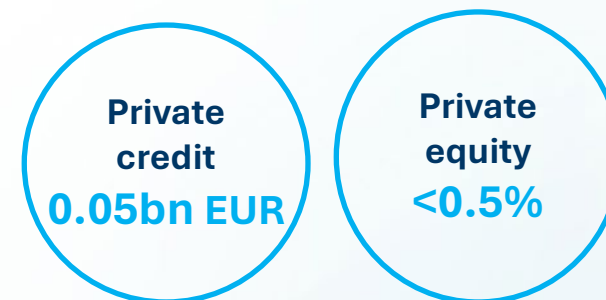
It is mostly related to **short term commercial trade finance**.

... vulnerable sectors



KBC's outstanding loan book is very well diversified, with limited exposure to the most vulnerable sectors

... Private credit and Private equity



Direct exposure to Private credit* was only 42m EUR per end 1H26, while Private equity** entailed less than 0.5% of outstanding loan exposure.

Moreover, **KBC's exposure to US regional banks and hedge funds is virtually 0**

* **Private credit funds** are defined as funds that have as main goal direct debt financing to firms.

** **Private equity funds** are investment firms that raise capital from a diverse group of institutional investors and high-net-worth individuals to acquire and actively manage non-public companies, aiming to enhance their value and achieve profitable exits through sales or public offerings. These investment companies may also hold other investments (e.g. (minority) stakes in stock-quoted companies, real estate, stakes in other funds).

Loan loss experience at KBC

CREDIT COST RATIO

in %; Credit cost ratio: amount of losses incurred on troubled loans as a % of total average outstanding loan portfolio

	1H26	FY25	FY24	FY23	FY22	FY21	FY20	FY19	AVERAGE '99 – '25
Belgium BU	0.16%	0.13%	0.19%	0.06%	0.03%	-0.26%	0.57%	0.22%	n/a
Czech Republic BU	0.13%	0.10%	-0.09%	-0.18%	0.13%	-0.42%	0.67%	0.04%	n/a
International Markets BU*	0.27%	0.18%	-0.08%	-0.06%	0.31%	0.36%	0.78%	-0.07%	n/a
Total	0.17%*	0.13%	0.10%	0.00%	0.08%	-0.18%	0.60%	0.12%	0.35%

* Like-for-like (excluding 365.bank) without ECL & management overlay for geopolitical & macroeconomic uncertainties, the CCR ratio amounted to 0.11% in 1H26

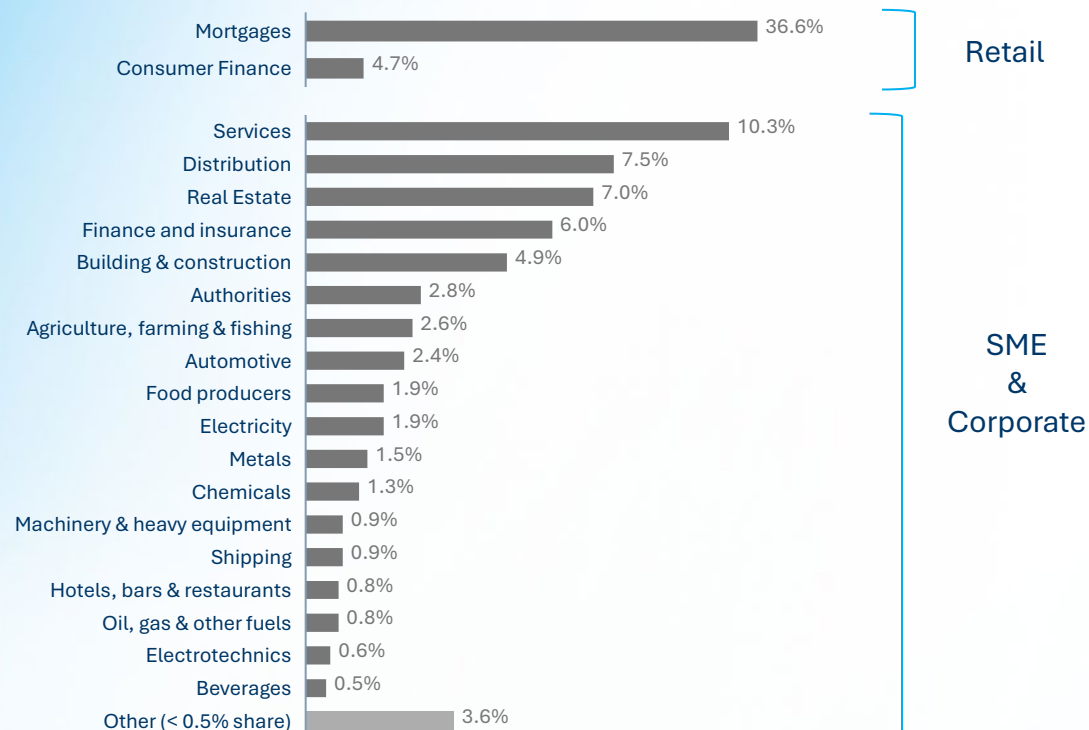
Diversified loan portfolio

Total loan portfolio outstanding



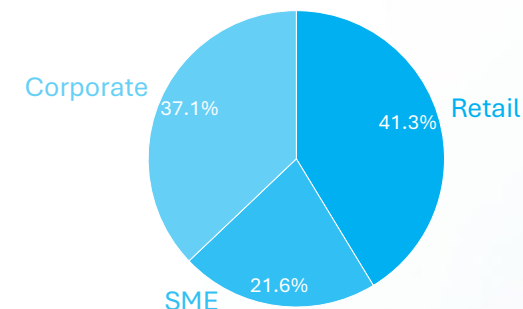
Total loan portfolio outstanding | by sector

as % of total Group loan portfolio outstanding*



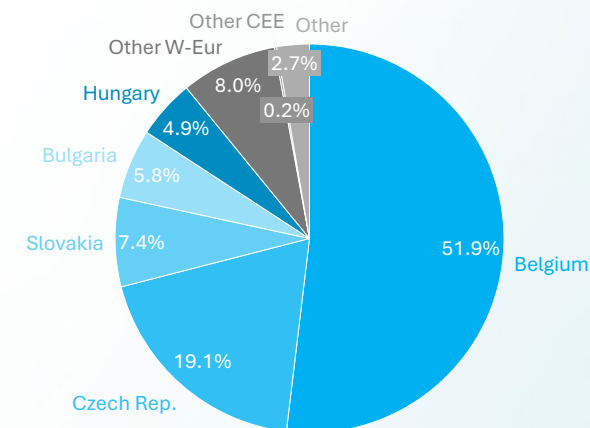
Total loan portfolio outstanding | by segment

as % of total Group loan portfolio outstanding*



Total loan portfolio outstanding | by geography

as % of total Group loan portfolio outstanding*

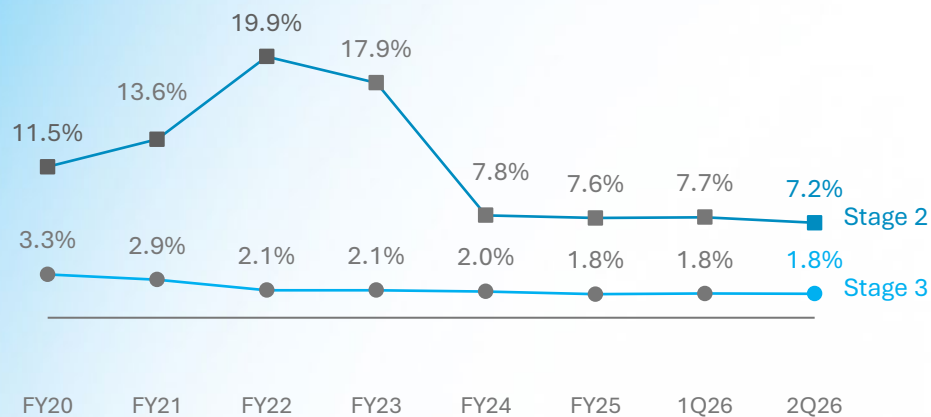


- Aligned with the credit risk view of our loan portfolio outstanding as reported in the quarterly financial statements.

Loan portfolio breakdown by IFRS 9 ECL stage

Total loan portfolio outstanding | by IFRS9 ECL Stage*

as % of total Group loan portfolio outstanding

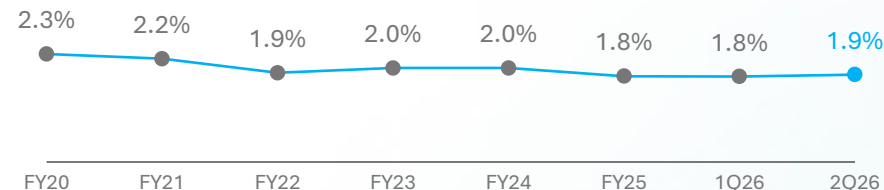


- Drop of **Stage 3 ratio over the years** is driven mainly by the sale of the Irish loan portfolio
- The **increase of Stage 2 portfolio in 2022** resulted mainly from collective transfer to Stage 2 of Stage 1 portfolios, linked to the geopolitical and macroeconomic uncertainties (in line with strict application of the general ECB guidance on staging). In 2023, the declining trend of Stage 2 exposures was driven mainly by the partial release of the collective transfer back to Stage 1
- The **decrease of the Stage 2 ratio in 2024** is mainly caused by a revised staging methodology as from January 2024 (change from indicator based on 12 months probability of default to lifetime), a continuous update of staging for credits deemed vulnerable (to the geopolitical and macroeconomic uncertainties or indirectly exposed to military conflicts, such as the one in Ukraine) and for the remainder by a shift for KBC Commercial Finance exposure where the relative change in credit risk has been revisited based on the very low historical credit losses in this portfolio and the very short maturities

* Aligned with the credit risk view of our loan portfolio as reported in the quarterly financial statements

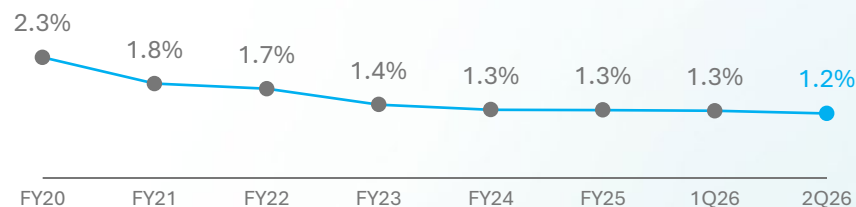
Stage 3 ratio | Belgium BU

in %



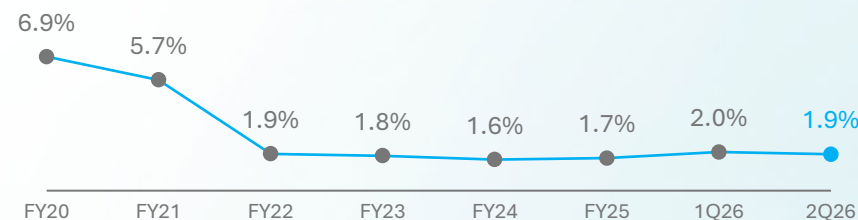
Stage 3 ratio | Czech Republic BU

in %



Stage 3 ratio | International Markets BU

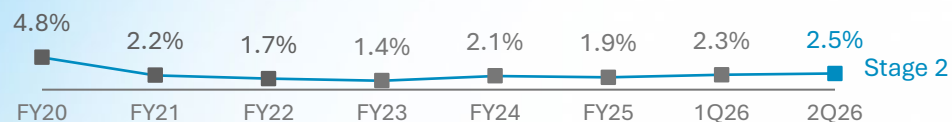
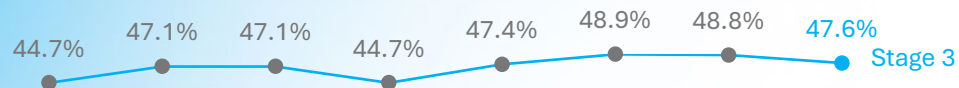
in %



Cover ratios

Cover ratio | by IFRS9 ECL Stage*

in %

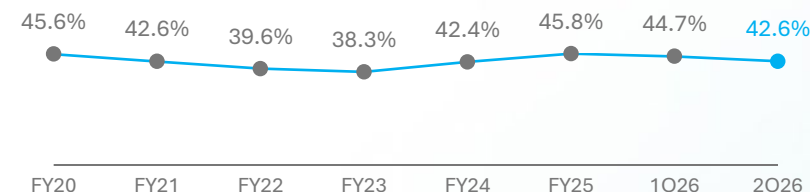


- The increasing trend of the **Stage 3 cover ratio until the end of 2025** was driven mainly by additional provisions in Belgium, mostly related to lowering the backstop shortfall for (old) non-performing loans.
- The decline of the **Stage 2 cover ratio** as of 2021, resulted mainly from collective shifts to Stage 2 (linked to Covid and the geopolitical & macroeconomic uncertainties) with on average better PD rating than the files already part of Stage 2.
As of 2024, driven by the revised staging methodology and the continuous update of the stage transfer for credits deemed vulnerable (to the geopolitical and macroeconomic uncertainties or indirectly exposed to military conflicts, such as the one in Ukraine) the Stage 2 cover ratio has gone up. This is explained by the fact that the files remaining in Stage 2 have on average higher PD ratings and therefore higher impairments

* Aligned with the credit risk view of our loan portfolio as reported in the quarterly financial statements

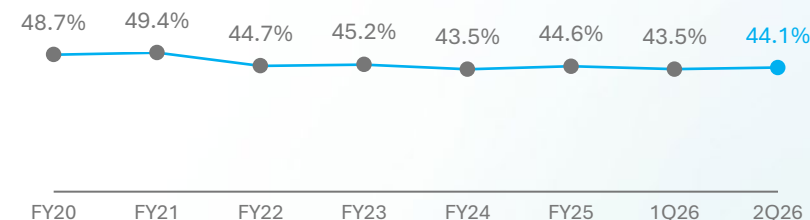
Stage 3 cover ratio | Belgium BU

in %



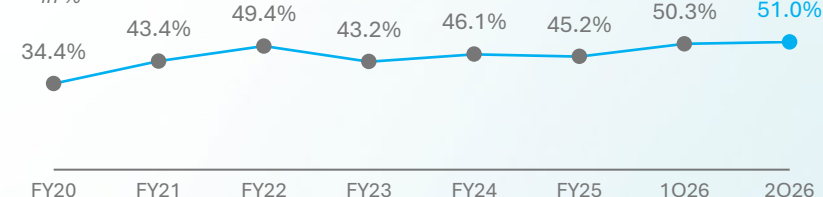
Stage 3 cover ratio | Czech Republic BU

in %



Stage 3 cover ratio | International Markets BU

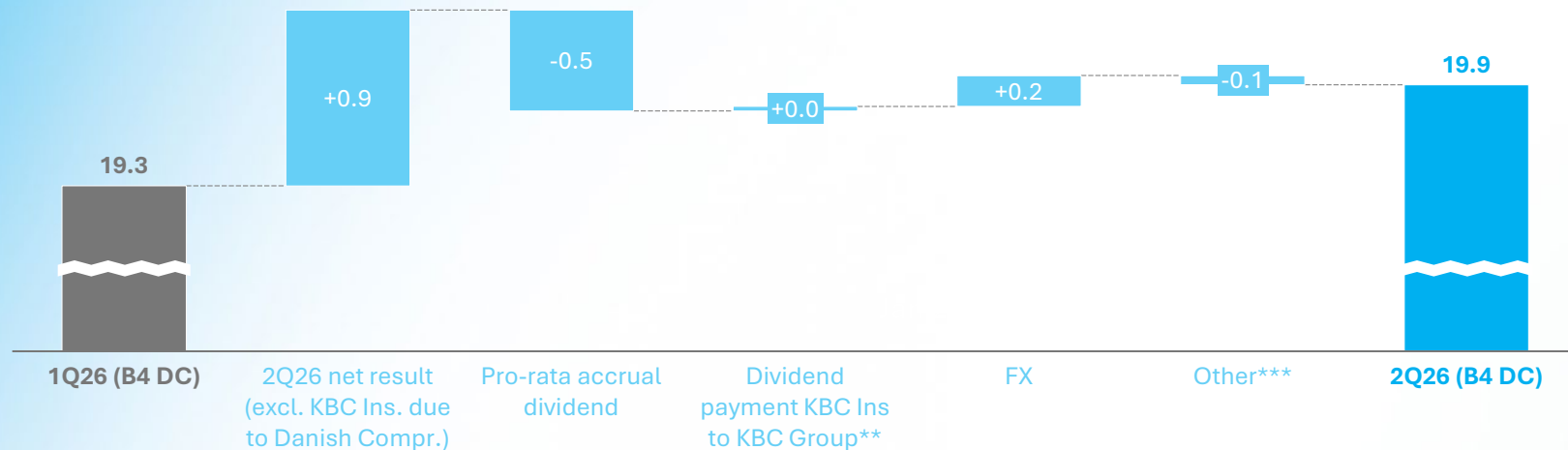
in %



Unfloored* fully loaded Basel 4 CET1 ratio from 1Q26 to 2Q26

Q-O-Q VARIANCE OF CET1 CAPITAL

in bn EUR



Q-O-Q VARIANCE OF RWA

in bn EUR



The unfloored fully loaded B4 common equity ratio stabilised q-o-q at **14.4% at the end of 2Q26** based on the Danish Compromise

* Fully loaded Basel 4 CET1 ratio excluding output floor impact

** The BGAAP result related to 1Q26 of 25m EUR was upstreamed in 2Q26

*** Includes the q-o-q delta in intangible fixed assets, AT1 coupon, remeasurement of defined benefit obligations, deduction pension plan assets, NPL shortfall etc.

**** Includes the RWA equivalent for KBC Insurance based on DC, calculated as the historical book value of KBC Insurance multiplied by 250% under B4

***** The RWA increase was mainly due to newly defaulted exposures with lower cover ratio vs defaulted exposures with higher cover ratio that disappeared during the quarter

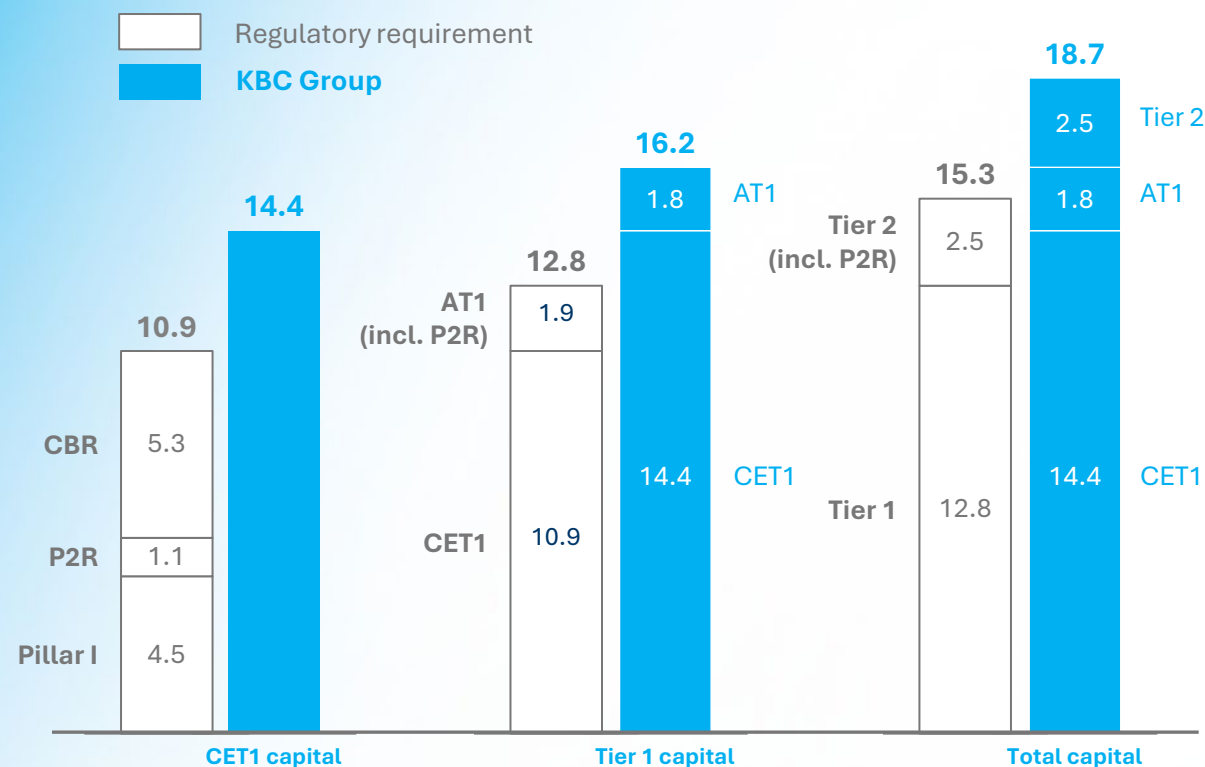
***** Includes market risk, model changes, counterparty credit risk & CVA,...

***** Delta with transitional RWAs is the phased-in B4 impact and the impact of the transitional rule regarding Standardised RW for EUR sovereign exposure issued by non-EUR EU countries

Strong capital position with substantial buffer to MDA

CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS AND DISTANCE TO MAXIMUM DISTRIBUTABLE AMOUNT (MDA) RESTRICTIONS AS AT 30 June 2026 (FULLY LOADED, B4)

in %



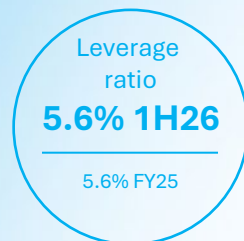
- **P2R 1.95% (= Pillar II requirement)**
1.10% to be met with CET1, 37bps eligible for AT1 and 49bps for Tier 2
- **CBR 5.34% (= Combined buffer requirement)**
2.50% Capital conservation buffer
1.50% O-SII buffer
1.34% Countercyclical buffer
- **OCR (10.94%) buffer 3.4%**
- **MDA buffer 3.4%**
lowest of the buffers between available and required (i) CET1 capital, (ii) Tier 1 capital and (iii) Total capital
- **MDA 10.99%**
i.e. the net of the CET1 ratio (14.4%) and the MDA buffer (3.4%)

3.4%	3.4%	3.4%	Distance to MDA restrictions
4,750m EUR	4,674m EUR	4,759m EUR	

Leverage ratio, liquidity ratios and Solvency II ratio

LEVERAGE RATIO | KBC GROUP

fully loaded



Stabilised q-o-q at 5.6%

LIQUIDITY RATIOS | KBC GROUP

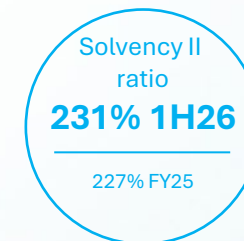
in %



Both LCR* and NSFR** were well above the regulatory requirement of 100%

SOLVENCY II RATIO | KBC INSURANCE

in %



Q-o-q stable Solvency II ratio as the positive impact of the 2Q26 IFRS P&L result and the lower EUR interest rate curve were offset by the negative impact of increasing equity markets and volume growth

* Liquidity Coverage ratio (LCR) is based on the Delegated Act requirements. From EOY2017 onwards, KBC Bank discloses 12 months average LCR in accordance with EBA guidelines on LCR disclosure.

** Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) is based on KBC Bank's interpretation of the proposal of CRR amendment.

KBC Group consolidated balance sheet

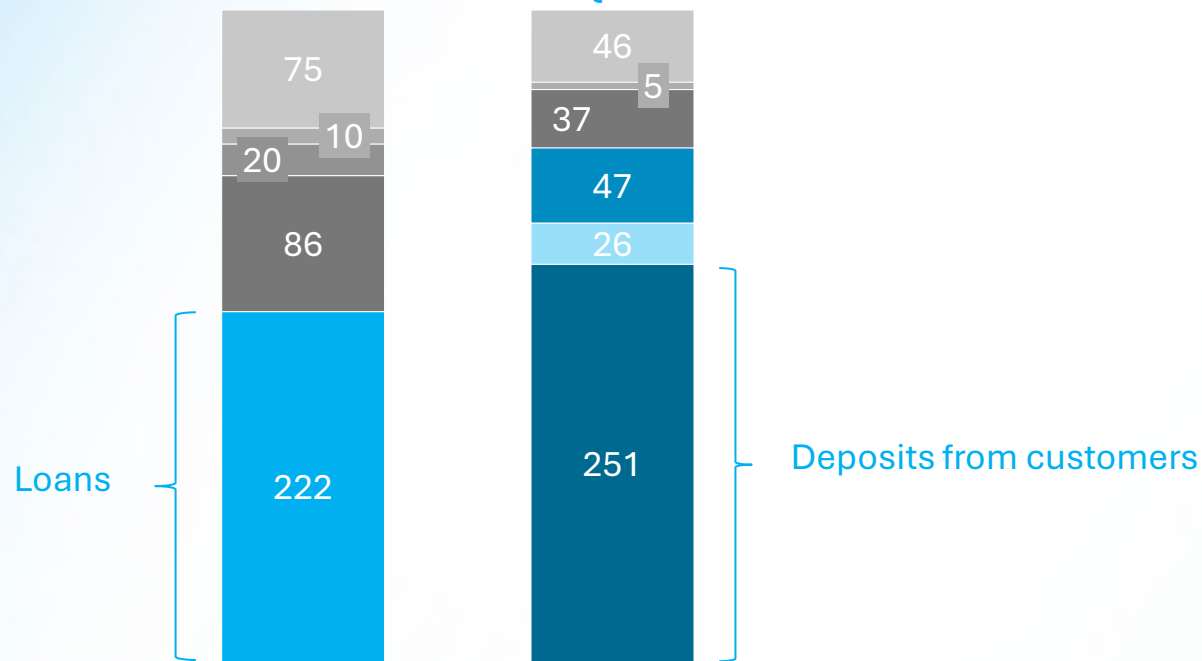
412bn EUR Total balance sheet

2Q 2026

TOTAL ASSETS

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND
EQUITY

88%
Loans/
Deposits



- Other (incl. non-current assets HFS and discontinued operations, interbank loans, reverse repos, property & equipment etc...)
- Trading assets
- Insurance investment contracts
- Investment portfolio (equity and debt securities)
- Loan book (loans and advances to customers)

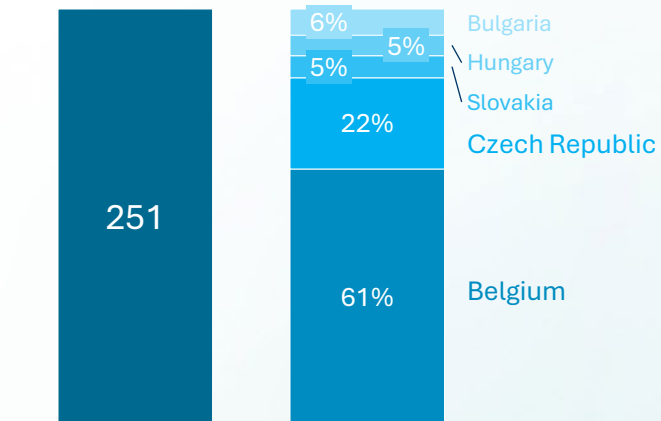
- Other (incl. liabilities associated with disposal groups, interbank deposits, etc...)
- Trading liabilities
- Insurance related liabilities
- Other MREL instruments and debt certificates
- Equity (including AT1)
- Deposits from customers

DEPOSITS FROM CUSTOMERS

2Q 2026

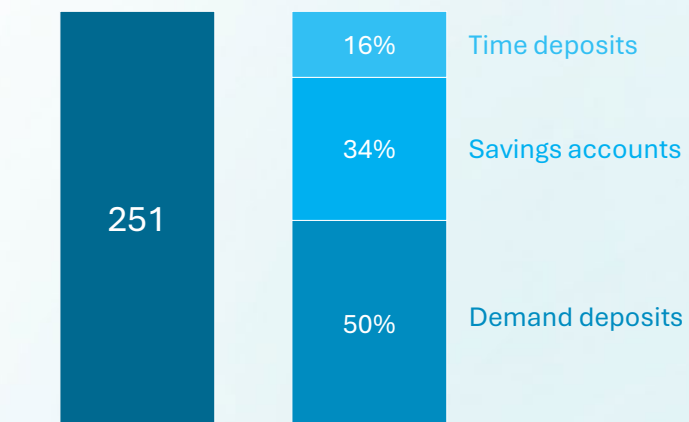
BY CORE COUNTRIES

as % of total deposits from customers



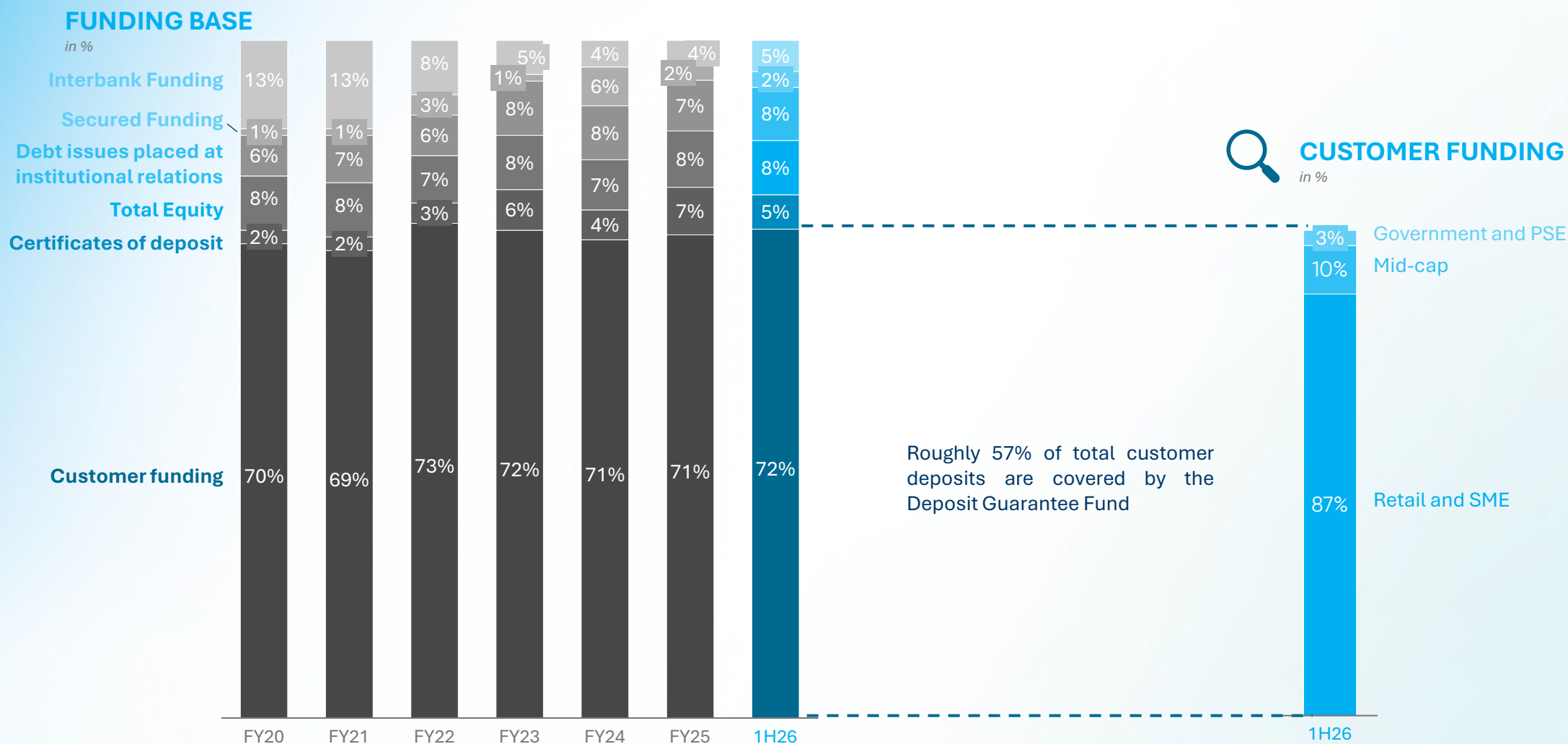
BY PRODUCT TYPE

as % of total deposits from customers



Strong customer funding base

- KBC Bank continues to have a **strong retail/mid-cap deposit base** in its core markets – resulting in a **stable funding mix** with a significant portion of the funding attracted from core customer segments and markets
- Stable % in customer funding** compared to balance sheet total (but net growth in customer funding in absolute terms)

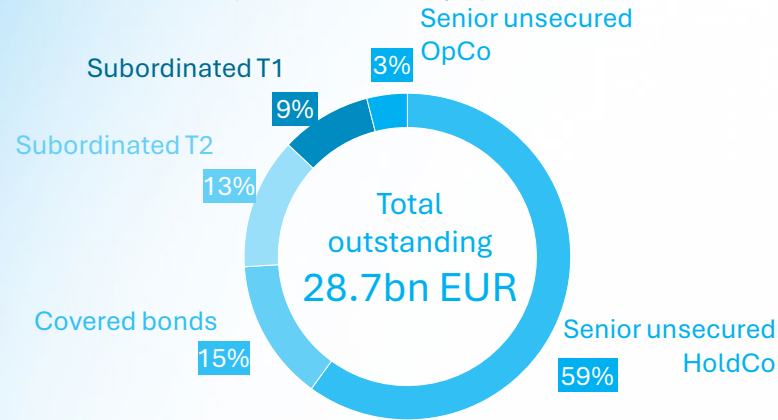


Upcoming mid-term funding maturities

Total outstanding | 2Q26

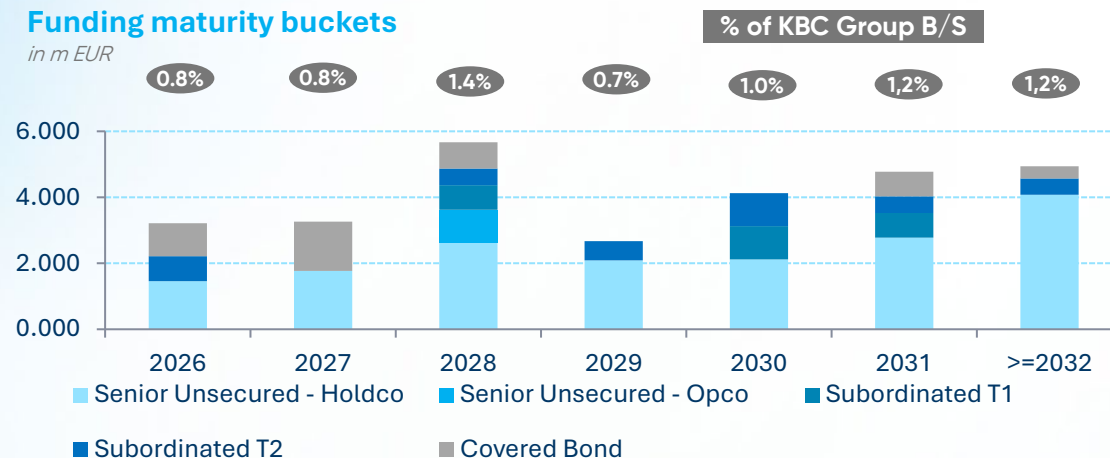
in %

KBC Bank has 6 solid sources of long-term funding: (i) Retail term deposits, (ii) Retail EMTN, (iii) Public benchmark transactions, (iv) Covered bonds, (v) Structured notes and covered bonds using the private placement format, and (vi) Senior unsecured, T1 and T2 capital instruments issued at KBC Group level and down-streamed to KBC Bank. Note that next to KBC Group also KBC Insurance issued an external T2 capital instrument (kept at KBC Insurance level).



Funding maturity buckets

in m EUR

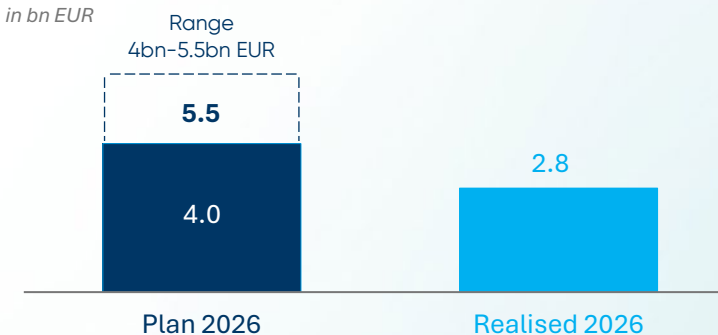


Recent deals

- In **May 2026**, KBC Group issued a Senior HoldCo for an amount of 750m EUR with a 7-year maturity callable after 6 years (in green bond format)
- In **June 2026**, KBC Group issued a Senior HoldCo for an amount of 500m GBP with a 6-year maturity callable in 5 years
- In **June 2026**, KBC Insurance issued a Tier 2 for an amount of 500m EUR with a 10-year maturity

Funding program for 2026 | Expected MREL funding (incl. capital instruments)

in bn EUR



We aim to issue 1 green/social bond per year

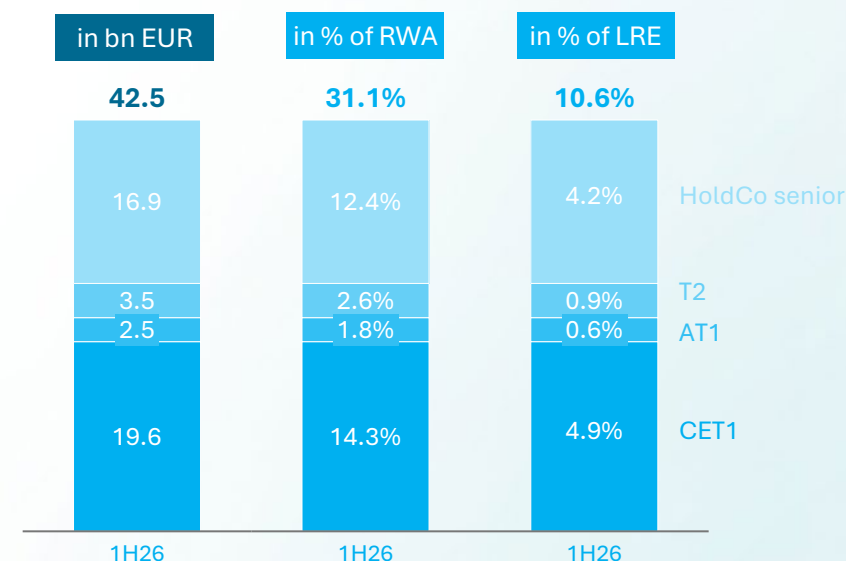
Note: any change in regulatory requirements, RWA evolutions, MREL targets or market circumstances can change the current disclosed range

MREL targets

- The resolution plan for KBC is based on a **Single Point of Entry (SPE)** approach at KBC Group level, with **bail-in** as the preferred resolution tool
- In April 2026, the SRB communicated binding MREL targets** (under BRRD2) applicable as from 2Q26, expressed as a percentage of Risk Weighted Assets (RWA) and Leverage Ratio Exposure Amount (LRE)
- The **binding MREL targets (incl. CBR on top of the MREL target in % of RWA)** are:
 - 27.51% of RWA** (including transitional CBR* of 5.26%)
 - 7.46% of LRE**
- Combined Buffer Requirement** = Conservation Buffer (2.50%) + O-SII buffer (1.50%) + Countercyclical Buffer (1.16%) + Systemic Risk Buffer (0.10%)

MREL actuals

- The **MREL ratio in % of RWA** increased q-o-q from 30.7% in 1Q26 to 31.1% in 1H26, driven mainly by higher available MREL (chiefly due to higher CET1 capital, higher T2 capital (as a result of the external replacement of the intragroup T2 to KBC Insurance) and the issuance of a 1.3bn EUR new HoldCo Senior instruments, partly offset by the call of a 500m EUR HoldCo Senior instrument), partly offset by increased RWA
- The **MREL ratio in % of LRE** increased q-o-q from 10.5% in 1Q26 to 10.6% in 1H26 driven by the increase of the available MREL, partly offset by higher LRE



Commitment to the environment



2025 interim targets achieved

In 2025, the GHG intensity of the equity and corporate bond investment portfolio of KBC Insurance consolidated was 76% below the 2019 level, significantly exceeding the ambition of a reduction by 25%. Secondly, 51% of direct client money managed by KBC Asset Management was invested in Responsible Investment funds, surpassing our interim target of 45%.



New thematic White Papers on Water

We have written two new cross-sectoral White Papers on Water Stress and Water Pollution because KBC has identified 'water' as a material topic.



12 climate targets for our lending portfolio

KBC's Climate Dashboard shows that we are on track to meet our climate alignment benchmarks for 9 out of 12 targets. Progress on reaching the climate targets is monitored each quarter at the highest management levels, based on forecasting models, an evaluation of the volumes and, increasingly, also on the emission intensity of new loans granted.



500-million-euro Green Bond issue

In 2025, KBC Group issued its fifth Green Bond to strengthen its funding base and to support projects that make a positive environmental impact – such as energy-efficient buildings, renewable energy and clean transportation.

Sustainable business



34 billion euros in loans with environmental objectives

In 2025, KBC financed 4.2 billion euros in renewable energy, 28.1 billion euros in mortgages for energy-efficient homes and 1.7 billion euros for low-carbon vehicles, including bikes. The volume of such loans grow faster than the overall portfolio.



64.4 billion euros in Responsible Investing funds

Responsible Investing funds include Responsible funds, ECO-themed funds and Impact Investing funds. Eco Fund Water celebrated its 25th anniversary in 2025.



Expanded customer engagement through digital tool integrations

We engage with our clients on a variety of topics with respect to customers' sustainability transition. To support our business and retail clients in their journey, we offer advisory services or free tools – both as stand-alones and integrated into our KATE personal digital assistant.



100 million euros of investment by KBC Group to strengthen the Belgian start-up ecosystem through Start it @KBC

Start it @KBC, in partnership with KBC Securities, helps Belgian start-ups from ideation to going public (Initial Public Offerings, IPOs), fostering innovation and entrepreneurship.

Social responsibility



Commitment to diversity and inclusion

In 2025, KBC set a group-wide target to promote gender balance, aiming for at least 40% representation of the underrepresented gender in recruitment, talent pools and promotions to leadership positions (except the ExCo and Board).



33 000 employees participated in the 2025 Team Blue Challenge

KBC employees undertook volunteer work in 1 000 non-profit organisations and gave over 3 000 blood and plasma donations. Also, approximately 18 500 employees completed certified first aid-training, demonstrating our commitment to health and safety in all our countries.



Integrating Just Transition considerations into sectoral White Papers

We introduced a Just Transition perspective in our Transport White Paper and will include Just Transition considerations in future sectoral and thematic White Papers to better understand and address the social impacts of the transition across industries and regions.



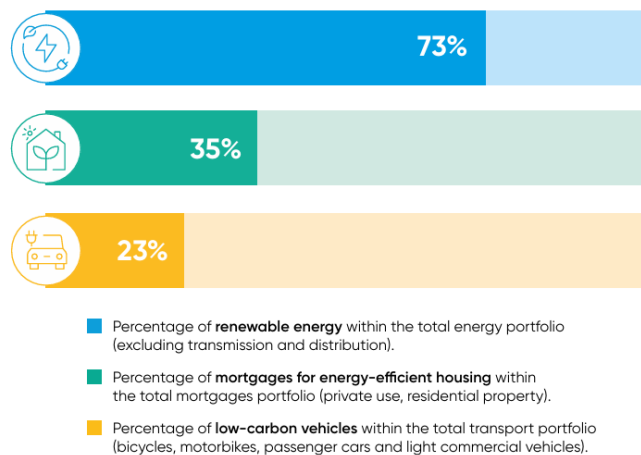
8.25 billion euros in social sectors and tailored social targets in all our core countries

In 2025, we provided 6.91 billion euros in financing to the healthcare and senior living sectors and 1.34 billion euros to the education sector.

We also set social targets focusing mainly on financial health and literacy across all our core countries.

Product development and service offering

- We want to contribute to environmental objectives and support our clients in their sustainability transitions through the products and services we offer.
- As such, **we support our clients with ‘green’ and ‘social’ loan products:**
 - Looking at it in a broad way, **11% of our total loan portfolio is classified as ‘green’ and 4% as ‘social’.**
 - Our 2025 Taxonomy Aligned percentage, our Green Asset Ratio (GAR) in 0.9%, compared to 0.5% in 2024.
 - The GAR under the new methodology (introduced by the Omnibus simplification package) would amount to 4.0% in 2025.
- Several parts of our lending portfolio contribute to environmental objectives. These are not aligned with EU Taxonomy criteria but do give an accurate picture of the trends in sustainable lending in our portfolio:

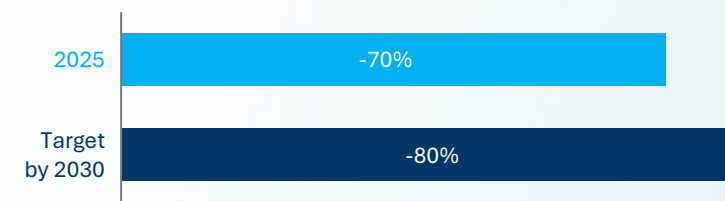


Our own environmental footprint

- We have been diligently **measuring our environmental footprint to better understand and mitigate our impact.** Since 2015, we have been calculating the GHG emissions arising from our own operations at group level, in accordance with the GHG Protocol Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard. These calculations provide insight into and help identify the main sources of our direct impact on climate.
- Central to our strategy for our own environmental footprint is our **commitment** for reducing our negative impact while simultaneously enhancing our positive contributions:
 - We set **group-wide GHG reduction targets** in 2016 to reduce our negative environmental impact, and we have tightened them over the years;
 - We **amplify our positive contributions** as we aim, for instance, to make a significant positive difference through initiatives like recycling and circularity;
 - Since 2021, we have been **offsetting** own footprint emissions that cannot yet be eliminated. In this way, we aim to achieve net climate neutrality with respect to our own footprint target scope.
- In 2025, **100% of our purchased electricity came from renewable sources.**

REDUCTION IN OUR OWN GHG EMISSIONS

reduction compared to 2015



ESG | Our commitment to the environment in 2025 (2)

Our indirect environmental impact

Our commitment to sustainability goes beyond our direct operations. Our **Sustainable Finance Programme** is dedicated to addressing our indirect environmental impact, which encompasses the broader effects of our lending, investing and insurance activities.

- Related to our **lending activities**, we have:
 - been **estimating the financed emissions** of our entire lending portfolio since 2021. Since 2024, the calculations of the financed emissions of our loan portfolio have been verified through the assurance or our Sustainability Statement in the KBC Annual Report (adhering to CSRD);
 - enhanced our **biodiversity impact and dependency analysis** by leveraging the updated ENCORE database and refining our calculation methodology;
 - conducted a pilot review for counterparties involved in the **production of forest commodities**;
 - set **intermediate climate targets for 2030 and long-term targets for 2050** for a subset of our White Paper (sub-)sectors. The scope of our existing climate targets currently covers about 63% of our total Scope 1 and 2 emissions.

Alignment indicators per scope and product line

- Green:** KBC portfolio value is currently at or below the scenario-based benchmark.
- Amber:** KBC portfolio value is currently maximum 5% higher than the scenario-based benchmark.
- Red:** KBC portfolio value is currently more than 5% above the scenario-based benchmark.

For financial year 2025, a new target baseline was set for the two Real Estate KPIs to improve data and measurement quality. KBC cannot restate the 2024 value. However, the 2030 intermediate target has been set by keeping the reduction ambition from our initial target constant (up to 2050) but applied to the new baseline.

White Paper sectors (Sub-) sector within scope of target setting

	Energy	 Energy (whole sector)
		 Electricity
	Real estate ¹	N/A Commercial real estate and mortgages ²
		N/A Mortgages and commercial residential real estate ³
	Transport	 Vehicle loans and financial lease – Passenger cars
		 Vehicle loans and financial lease – Light commercial vehicles
		 Vehicle operational lease – Passenger cars
		 Vehicle operational lease – Light commercial vehicles
	Agriculture	 Agriculture (whole sector)
	Building and construction	 Cement producers
	Metals	 Steel producers
		 Aluminium producers

- Related to our **investing activities**, we aim to **reduce the GHG intensity of our investment portfolios**. This is true for both the investments we make on behalf of our clients and our own investments.
- For our **insurance business**, we have again **calculated the alignment of our Non-Life insurance portfolio with the EU Taxonomy criteria for climate change adaptation**. Currently, 77 million euros of the gross written premium (GWP) complies with these stringent criteria (43 million euros in 2024).

More details can be found in our [2025 Sustainability Report](#)



KBC Green Bond framework and issuances

Aligned with best practices and market developments

- **The KBC Green Bond Framework** is in line with the ICMA Green Bond Principles (2021)
- Second party opinion provided by Sustainalytics and Pre-issuance-certification by the Climate Bonds Initiative
- KBC intends to align its Green Bond Framework with emerging good practices, such as environmentally sustainable criteria for economic activities in the EU Taxonomy Climate Delegated Act or European Green Bond Standard
- For details of the updated KBC green bond framework published in January 2024, we refer to kbc.com: <https://www.kbc.com/en/investor-relations/debt-issuance/kbc-green-bond.html>
- **In the context of the Green Bond**, KBC allocated the proceeds to three green asset categories: **renewable energy, energy efficient buildings and clean transportation**.
- Eligible Green Assets aim to align with the Do Not Significant Harm criteria and Minimum Social Safeguards when practically possible.
- For future transactions, in cooperation with the relevant business teams, KBC aims to capture more green assets from other categories and expand the green eligibility to more business lines and clients.



Certification

- The Climate Bonds Standard Board approved the certification of the KBC Green Bonds



Verification

- One year after issuance and until maturity, a limited assurance report on the allocation of the Green Bond proceeds to Eligible Assets to be provided by an external auditor
- As of 2024, KBC reports Green and Social bonds under one report. The latest report as of EOY 2025 is available on [kbc.com](https://www.kbc.com).

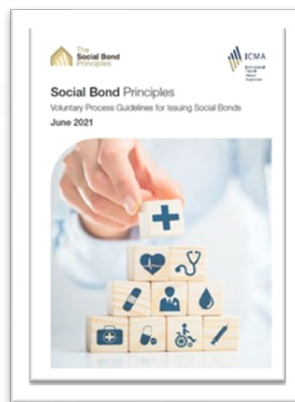
KBC GREEN BOND 2020 – ASSETS & IMPACT	Renewable energy	Green buildings
Allocated amount	191m EUR	309m EUR
Electricity produced/energy saved	646,246 mWh	93,310 mWh
Avoided CO ₂ emissions	125,651 tonnes	18,858 tonnes
KBC GREEN BOND 2021 – ASSETS & IMPACT	Renewable energy	Green buildings
Allocated amount	321.9m EUR	428.1m EUR
Electricity produced/energy saved	1,049,003 mWh	129,292 mWh
Avoided CO ₂ emissions	245,250 tonnes	26,130 tonnes

- In November 2023, KBC has amended its Green Bond Framework with updated eligibility criteria, aligned with the ICMA Green Bond Principles 2021 and further aligning it with EU Taxonomy Climate Delegated Act (June 2021)

KBC GREEN BOND 2024 - ASSETS	Renewable energy	Green buildings	Clean Transportation
Allocated amount	177.2m EUR	400m EUR	172.8m EUR
Electricity produced/energy saved	247,443 mWh	83,208 mWh	na
Avoided CO ₂ emissions	29,036 tonnes	16,819 tonnes	4,765 tonnes
KBC GREEN BOND 2025 - ASSETS	Renewable energy	Green buildings	Clean Transportation
Allocated amount	176.7m EUR	150.0m EUR	173.3m EUR
Electricity produced/energy saved	49,870 mWh	31,208 mWh	na
Avoided CO ₂ emissions	1,173 tonnes	6,307 tonnes	4,765 tonnes

Aligned with best practices and market developments

- By adding the social aspect to its funding mix, KBC Bank can further enhance its ability to finance social projects and increase its positive social impact on society
- **The KBC Social Bond Framework** is aligned with ICMA's Social Bond Principles (2021).
- Second party opinion provided by Sustainalytics (May 2022)
- Information pertaining to the Social Bond Framework can be found on kbc.com: <https://www.kbc.com/en/investor-relations/debt-issuance/kbc-social-bond.html>

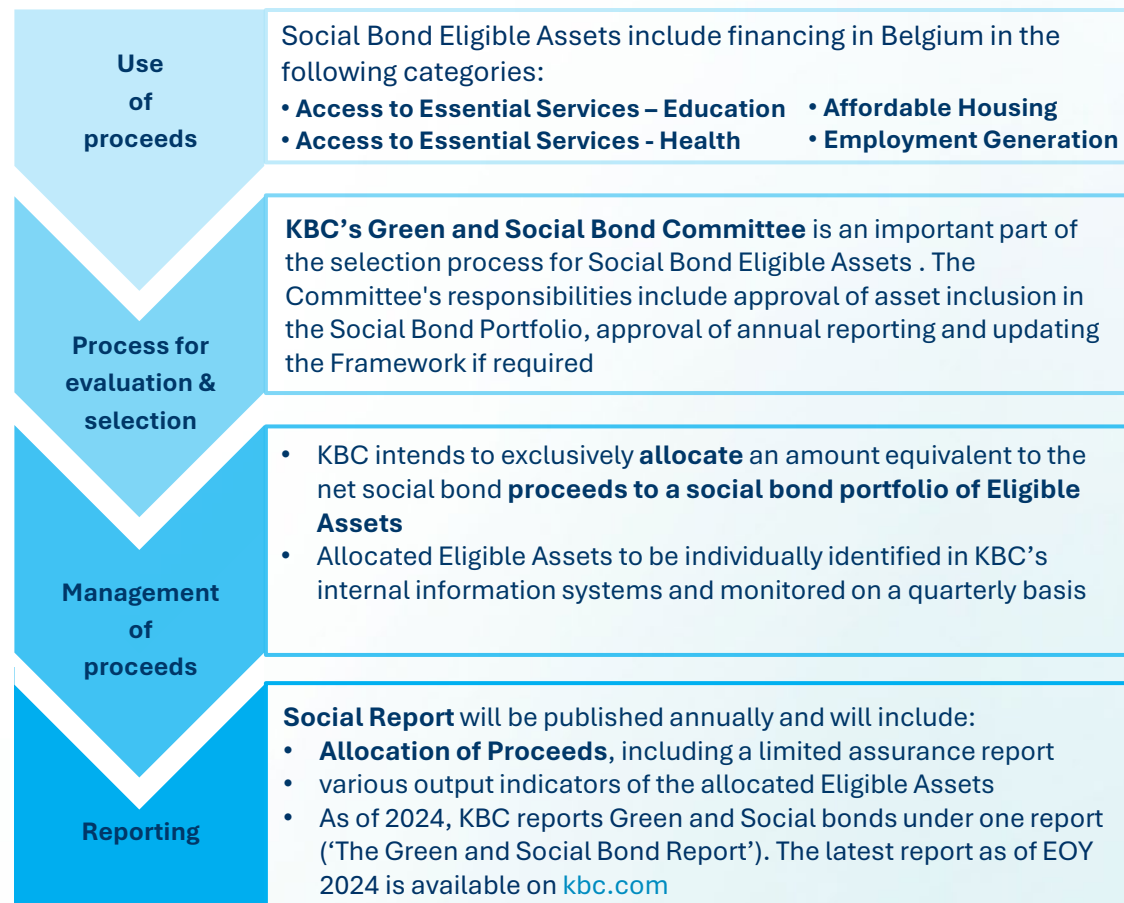


First financial institution in Belgium

- **KBC Group was the first financial institution in Belgium to issue a Social Bond** (18th of August 2022)
- The first issuance has been 100% allocated to the hospital sector
- The second issuance (June 2023) has been allocated to schools (ca 62%) and hospitals (ca 38%)



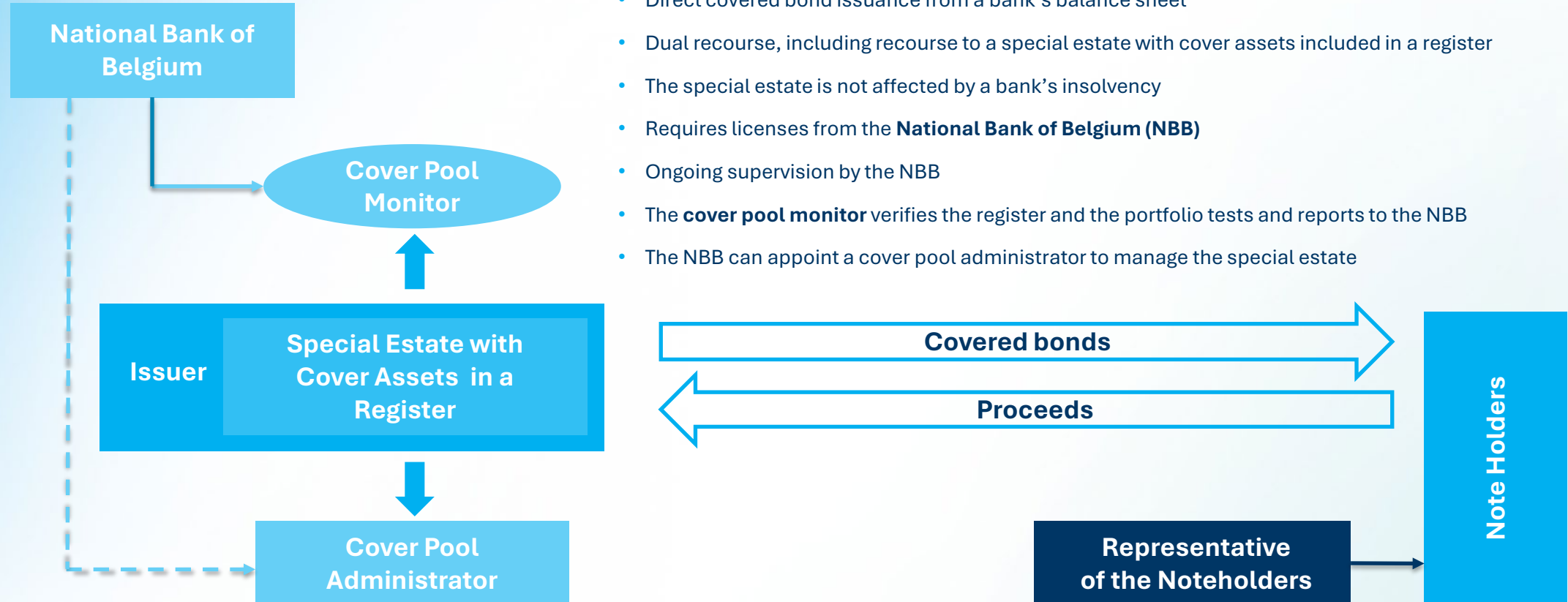
Clear Social Bond governance



Covered bond programme | Overview

The covered bond programme is considered as an important funding tool for the treasury department. KBC's intentions are to be a frequent benchmark issuer if markets and funding plan permit.

Issuer	KBC Bank NV		
Main asset category	Minimum 105% of covered bond outstanding is covered exclusively by residential mortgage loans and collections thereon • Branch originated prime residential mortgages predominantly out of Flanders • Selected cover assets have low average LTV (61.50%) and high seasoning (71 months) • Disciplined origination policy		
Programme size	17.5bn EUR Outstanding amount of 14.92 bn EUR (end of June 2026)		
Interest rate	Fixed rate, floating rate or zero coupon		
Maturity	• Soft bullet: payment of the principal amount may be deferred past the final maturity date until the extended final maturity date if the issuer fails to pay • Extension period is 12 months for all series		
Events of default	• Failure to pay any amount of principal on the extended final maturity date • A default in the payment of an amount of interest on any interest payment date		
Rating agencies	• Moody's	Aaa	10.5% over-collateralisation
	• Fitch	AAA	4% over-collateralisation



Covered bond programme | Strong legal protection mechanisms

Several legal protection mechanisms are in place:

1 Collateral type	The value of one asset category must be at least 85% of the nominal amount of covered bonds ✓ KBC Bank exclusively selects residential mortgage loans and commits that their value (including collections) will be at least 105%
2 Over-collateralisation test	The value of the cover assets must at least be 105% of the covered bonds The value of residential mortgage loans: 1) Is limited to 80% LTV 2) Must be fully covered by a mortgage inscription (min 60%) plus a mortgage mandate (max 40%) 3) 30-days overdue loans get a 50% haircut and 90-days overdue (or defaulted) get zero value
3 Amortisation test	The sum of interest, principal and other revenues of the cover assets must at least be the interest, principal and costs relating to the covered bond
4 Liquidity test	Cover assets must generate sufficient liquidity or include enough liquid assets to pay all unconditional payments on the covered bonds falling due the next 6 months
5 Stress testing	Quarterly stress testing on all Cover tests and Liquidity test 1) Interest rate shifts of +200bps/-200bps combined with stressed prepayments rates 2) Decreases in credit quality of the borrowers
6 No cap on issuance	Currently no issuance limit for KBC Bank NV. Supervisor monitors the TLOF ratio (min 8%) and the encumbrance ratio and has the possibility to limit the issuance volume in order to protect KBC's other creditors.

Looking forward | FY26 financial guidance***

Our bank-insurance model is firing on all cylinders

Note: all growth figures are based on reported 2025 figures

	Upgraded 2026 guidance	Previous guidance
Total income	Approx. +11.0% y-o-y	At least +9.9% y-o-y
Net interest income*	Approx. 7.05bn EUR	At least 6,725m EUR
<i>Organic loan volume growth</i>	At least +6% y-o-y	Approximately +5% y-o-y
Insurance revenues (before reinsurance)	Approx. +9.0% y-o-y	At least +7.5% y-o-y
Operating expenses (excl. bank/insurance tax)	Approx. +7.7% y-o-y***	Below +7.7% y-o-y***
<i>Organic OpEx growth (excl. bank/insurance tax)</i>	Approx. +3.4% y-o-y***	Below +3.4% y-o-y***
	Jaws approx. +3.3%	Jaws at least +2.2%
	Cost/income** approx. 40%	
Combined ratio	<u>below</u> 91%	
Credit cost ratio	<u>well below</u> TTC of 25-30bps	

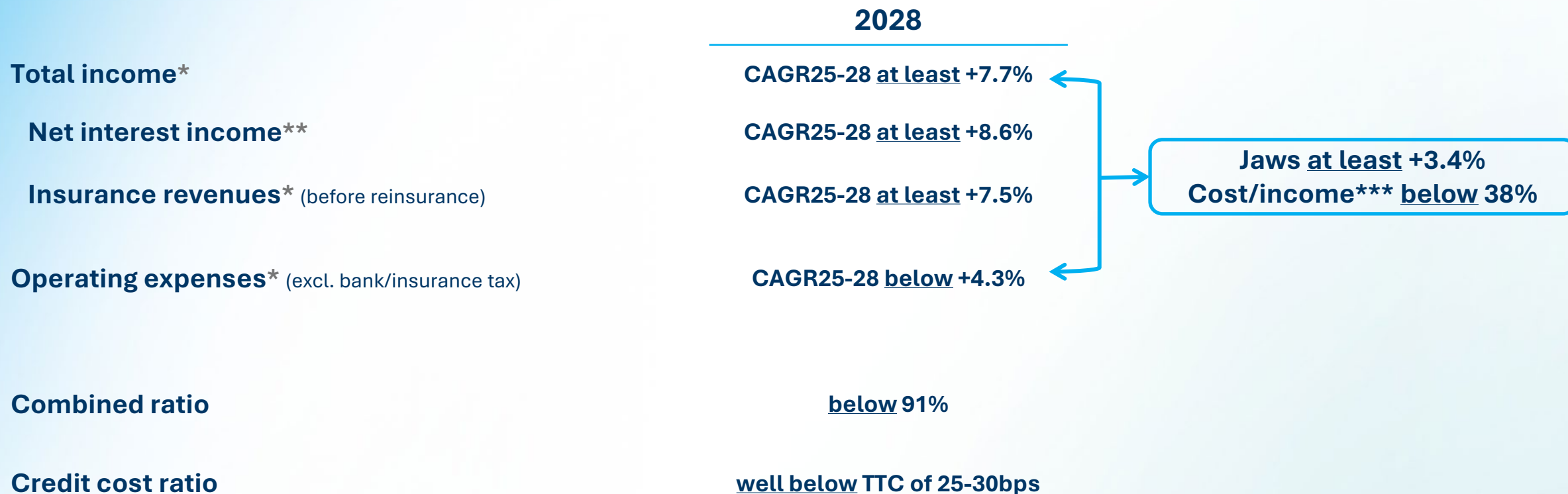
* Based on market forward rates of early August

** KBC's Cost/income ratio includes in the numerator Insurance commissions paid; for FY26, these are estimated in line with the Insurance revenues growth, i.e. approximately +9.0% y-o-y which corresponds to approximately 468m EUR

*** This does not include the 23m EUR one-off profit bonus

Our bank-insurance model is firing on all cylinders

Note: all growth figures are based on reported 2025 figures



* Including FX impacts and closed M&A files (365.bank and Business Lease)

** Including FX impacts and closed M&A files (365.bank and Business Lease), and based on following assumptions: (i) market forward rates of early February, (ii) no speculation on potential measures of any government and (iii) conservative pass-through rates on savings accounts

*** KBC's Cost/income ratio includes in the numerator Insurance commissions paid; for FY28, these are estimated in line with the Insurance revenues growth, i.e. at least +7.5% CAGR25-28 which corresponds to at least 533m EUR

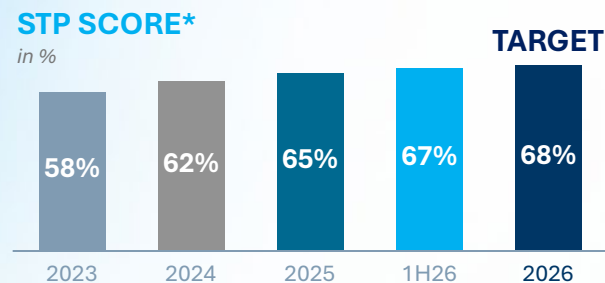
Strategy | KBC's non-financial targets (2023-2026)

Customer ranking



- **KBC is 3rd in customer NPS (Net Promoter Score) ranking**
based on weighted avg of ranking in five core countries
- **Target is to remain the reference**
(i.e. Top-2 score on group level)

Straight-through processing

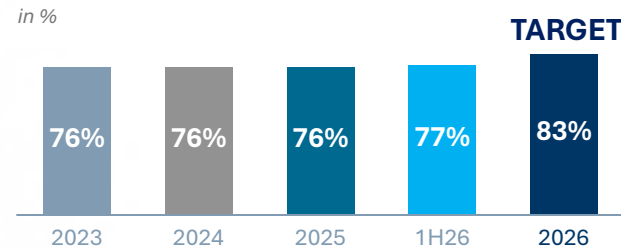


The **STP ratio** measures how many of the services that can be offered digitally are processed without any human intervention and this from the moment of interaction by a client until the final approval by KBC.

* Based on analysis of all retail processes.

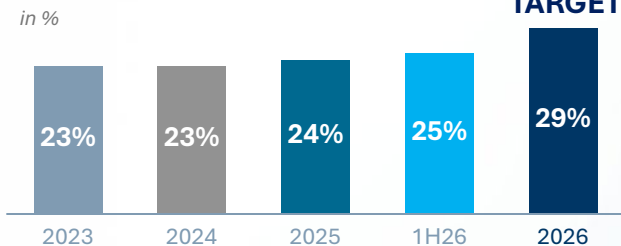
Bank-insurance (BI) clients

BI CLIENTS



BI customers have at least 1 bank + 1 insurance product of our group.

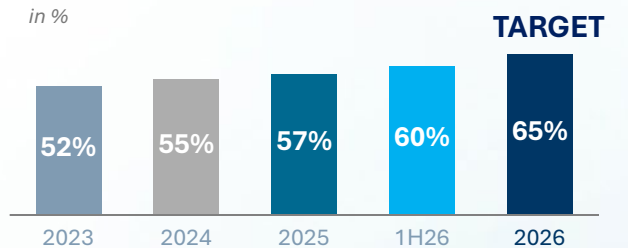
BI STABLE CLIENTS



Stable BI customers: at least 2 bank + 2 insurance products (Belgium: 3+3)

Digital sales

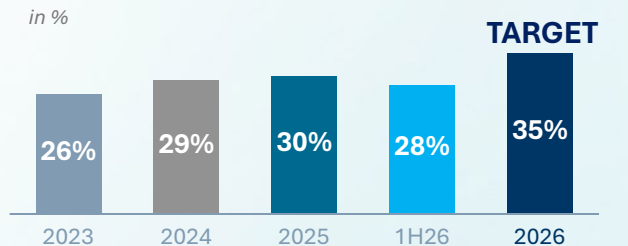
DIGITAL SALES BANKING PRODUCTS*



Target: Digital sales 65% of **banking sales**

* Based on weighted average of selected core products.

DIGITAL SALES INSURANCE PRODUCTS



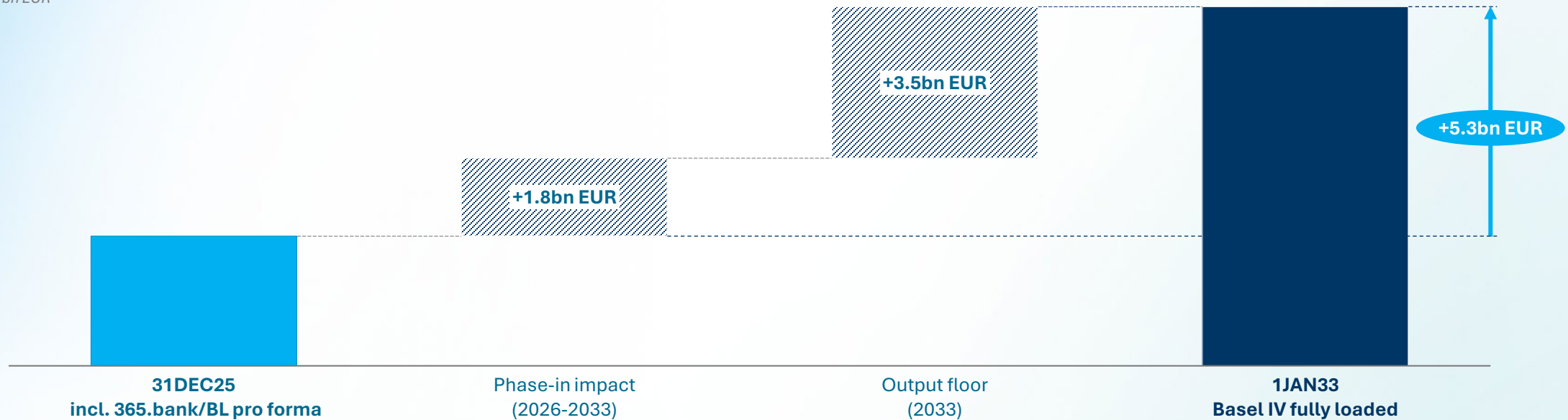
Target: Digital sales 35% of **insurance sales**

Indicative view on transitional RWA evolution under Basel IV (updated)

- With regards to Basel IV implementation,
 - applying a static balance sheet from **31DEC25**,
 - accounting for 365.bank and Business Lease acquisitions pro forma, and
 - all other parameters ceteris paribus, without mitigating actions,
 KBC projects by **1JAN33**, a further **fully loaded impact of +5.3bn EUR**
- Note that for the fully loaded CET1 ratio, KBC continues to reference the so called **unfloored fully loaded CET1 ratio** which accounts for the total **RWA impact from Basel IV, excluding the output floor impact**

INDICATIVE TRANSITIONAL RWA ESTIMATE

in bn EUR



Annex 1 | Summary of the different business units' performance

2Q 2026	KBC Group	Belgium BU	Czech Republic BU	Slovakia	Hungary	Bulgaria	Group Centre BU
				International Markets BU			
Net result (YTD, in euros)	1 709m	1 063m	494m	93m	60m	187m	-188m
ROAC (YTD)	21%	21%	35%	16%	13%	31%	
Allocated capital (in %)		63%	17%	7%	6%	7%	
Cost/Income ratio ⁽¹⁾ (YTD)	40%	37%	40%	54%	28%	35%	
Combined ratio ⁽²⁾ (YTD)	85%	83%	83%	92%	103% ⁽³⁾	80%	
Loans ⁽⁴⁾ (in euros) (y-o-y organic growth loans)	222bn (+7%)	136bn (+6%)	46bn (+8%)	17bn (+9%)	9bn (+15%)	13bn (+13%)	
Deposits ⁽⁵⁾ (in euros) (y-o-y organic growth deposits)	251bn (+4%)	155bn (+2%)	55bn (+3%)	13bn (+13%)	12bn (+11%)	16bn (+12%)	

(1) Cost/Income ratio without banking and insurance taxes

(2) Combined ratio, Non-life insurance

(3) Combined ratio excluding windfall tax amounted to 93%

(4) Loans to customers, excluding reverse repos and bonds (growth figures are excluding FX, consolidation adjustments and reclassifications)

(5) Customer deposits, excluding debt certificates; repos, volatility in the foreign branches but including customer savings certificates (growth figures are excluding FX, consolidation adjustments and reclassifications)

Annex 2 | Outstanding benchmarks as at end of July 2026

Additional tier I securities

Issuer	Currency	Isin Code	Issued (in mln)	Coupon	Re-offer spread	Settlement date	Call date	Maturity	Trigger	Level
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002961424	750	8.000%	M/S+492.8bps	05/09/2023	05/09/2028 - 05/03/2029	Perpetual	Temporary write-down	0.05125
KBC Group	EUR	BE0390152180	750	6.250%	M/S+398.9bps	17/09/2024	17/09/2031	Perpetual	Temporary write-down	0.05125
KBC Group	EUR	BE0390219856	1,000	6.000%	M/S+380.6bps	27/05/2025	27/11/2030	Perpetual	Temporary write-down	0.05125

Tier II securities

Issuer	Currency	Isin Code	Issued (in mln)	Coupon	Re-offer spread	Settlement date	Call date	Maturity date	Tenor	Trigger	Announcements
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002819002	750	0.625%	M/S+95bps	07/09/2021	07/09/2026	07/12/2031	10.25NC5.25	regulatory + tax call	Call notice
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002914951	500	4.875%	M/S+225bps	24/01/2023	25/04/2028	25/04/2033	10.25NC5.25	regulatory + tax call	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002990712	1,000	4.750%	M/S+225bps	17/01/2024	17/01/2030 - 17/04/2030	17/04/2035	11.25NC6.25	regulatory + tax call	
KBC Group	GBP	BE0390118819	500	6.151%	UKT+225bps	19/03/2024	19/03/2029	19/03/2034	10NC5	regulatory + tax call	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0390246156	500	3.625%	M/S+130bps	26/08/2025	26/08/2031	26/08/2036	11NC6	regulatory + tax call	green bond
KBC Insurance	EUR	BE6374729836	500	4.250%	M/S+132bps	11/06/2026		11/06/2036	10y		

Senior HoldCo (excl. private placements)

Issuer	Currency	Isin Code	Issued (in mln)	Coupon	Re-offer spread	Settlement date	Call date	Maturity	Tenor	Type
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002681626	500	0.750%	M/S+65bps	24/01/2020		24/01/2030	10y	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002766476	750	0.125%	M/S+60bps	14/01/2021	14/01/2028	14/01/2029	8NC7	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002799808	500 + 200	0.750%	M/S+65bps	31/05/2021		31/05/2031	10y	
KBC Group	GBP	BE0002820018	400	1.250%	UKT+92bps	21/09/2021	21/09/2026	21/09/2027	6NC5	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002839208	750	0.750%	M/S+70bps	21/01/2022	21/01/2027	21/01/2028	6NC5	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002875566	750	3.000%	M/S+125bps	25/08/2022		25/08/2030	8y	social bond
KBC Group	GBP	BE0002879600	425	5.500%	UKT+250bps	20/09/2022	20/09/2027	20/09/2028	6NC5	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002900810	1,000	4.375%	M/S+170bps	23/11/2022	23/11/2026	23/11/2027	5NC4	
KBC Group	USD	USB5341FAB79/ US48241FAB04	1,000	5.796%	T+210bps	19/01/2023	19/01/2028	19/01/2029	6NC5	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002935162	1,000	4.375%	M/S+138bps	19/04/2023	19/04/2029	19/04/2030	7NC6	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002951326	750	4.375%	M/S+145bps	06/06/2023		06/12/2031	8.5y	social bond
KBC Group	USD	USB5341FAC52/ US48241FAC86	1,000	6.324%	T+205bps	21/09/2023	21/09/2033	21/09/2034	11NC10	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0002987684	500	4.250%	M/S+130bps	28/11/2023	28/11/2028	28/11/2029	6NC5	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0390124874	750	3.750%	M/S+105bps	27/03/2024		27/03/2032	8y	green bond
KBC Group	USD	USB5341FAD36/ US48241FAD69	1,250	4.932%	T+107bps	16/10/2024	16/10/2029	16/10/2030	6NC5	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0390179456	750	3.500%	M/S+100bps	21/01/2025	21/01/2031	21/01/2032	7NC6	
KBC Group	USD	USB5341FAE19/ US48241FAE43	1,000	4.454%	T+85bps	23/09/2025	23/09/2030	23/09/2031	6NC5	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0390268374	500	3.375%	M/S+88bps	24/11/2025	24/11/2032	24/11/2033	8NC7	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0390280494	1,000	3.375%	M/S+85bps	15/01/2026	15/01/2032	15/01/2033	7NC6	
KBC Group	EUR	BE0390313824	750	3.875%	M/S+88bps	28/05/2026	28/05/2033	28/05/2034	8NC7	green bond
KBC Group	GBP	BE0390361336	500	5.1458%	UKT+90bps	22/06/2026	31/07/2031	31/07/2032	6.1NC5.1	

Annex 2 | Outstanding benchmarks as at end of July 2026

Covered bonds (excl. private placements)

Issuer	Currency	Isin Code	Issued (in mln)	Coupon	Re-offer spread	Settlement date	Maturity date	External/Internal
KBC Bank NV	EUR	BE0002500750	500	0.750%	M/S -6bps	24/10/2017	24/10/2027	External
KBC Bank NV	EUR	BE0002683648	1,000	0.040%		12/02/2020	12/02/2030	Internal
KBC Bank NV	EUR	BE0002696772	1,000	0.250%		29/04/2020	29/04/2027	Internal
KBC Bank NV	EUR	BE0002882638	2,500	2.375%		21/09/2022	21/09/2026	Internal
KBC Bank NV	EUR	BE0002924059	1,000	3.125%	M/S+9bps	22/02/2023	22/02/2027	External
KBC Bank NV	EUR	BE0002937184	1,000	3.295%		26/04/2023	26/04/2031	Internal
KBC Bank NV	EUR	BE0002948298	750	3.250%	M/S+15bps	30/05/2023	30/05/2028	External
KBC Bank NV	EUR	BE0002967488	1,000	3.750%	M/S+15bps	28/09/2023	28/09/2026	External
KBC Bank NV	EUR	BE0390134972	1,000	3.124%		04/06/2024	04/06/2030	Internal
KBC Bank NV	EUR	BE0390183490	1,250	2.917%		23/01/2025	24/11/2031	Internal
KBC Bank NV	EUR	BE0390204700	750	3.030%		14/03/2025	14/03/2032	Internal
KBC Bank NV	EUR	BE0390271402	1,000	2.851%		27/11/2025	27/11/2032	Internal
KBC Bank NV	EUR	BE0390304732	750	3.000%		10/04/2026	10/04/2031	External
KBC Bank NV	EUR	BE0390307768	1,000	3.030%		20/04/2026	20/10/2030	Internal

KBC IFIMA

Issuer	Currency	Isin Code	Issued (in mln)	Coupon	Re-offer spread	Settlement date	Maturity date	Tenor
KBC IFIMA	EUR		1,000	Floating	+30bps (3m Euribor)	24/02/2026	24/02/2028	2Y

Annex 3 | KBC's covered bond programme characteristics

Portfolio data as of 30 June 2026

in EUR

Total Outstanding Principal Balance	20 980 665 798
Total value of the assets for the over-collateralisation test	19 506 523 009
No. of Loans	229 239
Average Current Loan Balance per Borrower	128 812
Maximum Loan Balance	984 385
Minimum Loan Balance upon selection	1 000
Number of Borrowers	162 877
Longest Maturity	328 months
Shortest Maturity	0 months
Weighted Average Seasoning	73 months
Weighted Average Remaining Maturity	187 months
Weighted Average Current Interest Rate	2.18%
Weighted Average Current LTV	61%
No. of Loans in Arrears (+30days)	139
Direct Debit Paying	99%

Interest rate type

in %

Fixed	90.89%
1 y / 1y	3.10%
3y / 3y	4.07%
5y / 5y	1.73%
10y / 5y	<1%
15y / 5y	<1%
20y / 5y	<1%

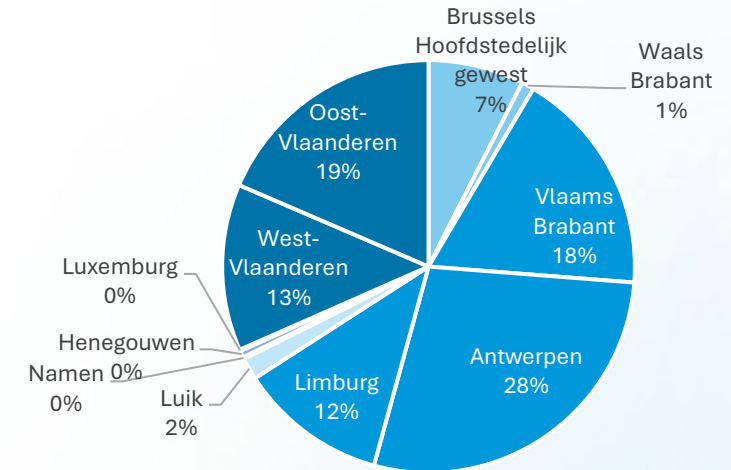
Repayment type

in %

Annuity	>99%
Linear	<1%

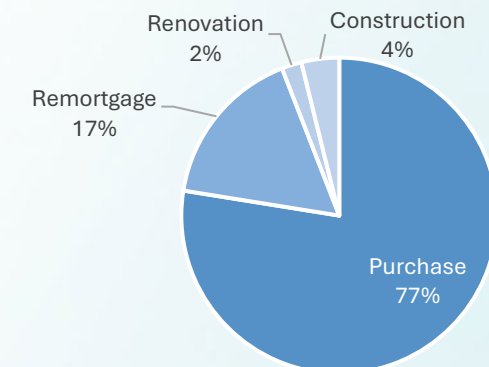
Geographical allocation

in %



Loan purpose

in %

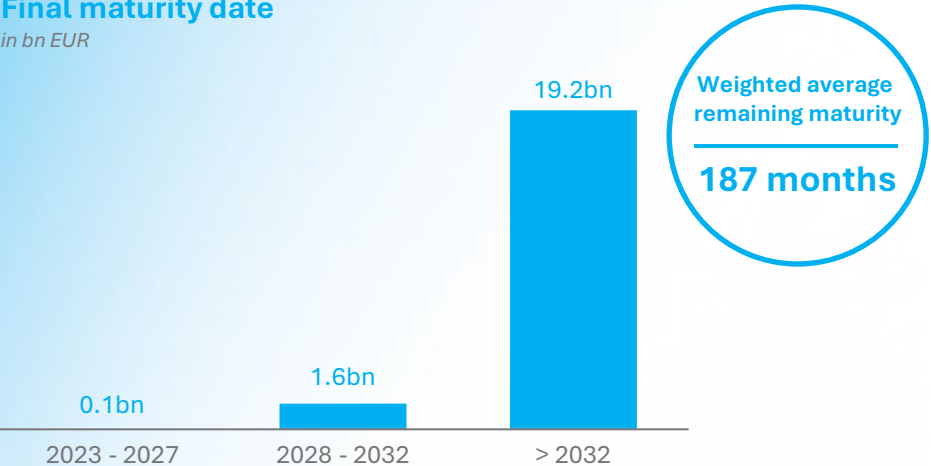


Investor reports, final terms and prospectus are available on www.kbc.com/covered_bonds

Annex 3 | Key cover pool characteristics

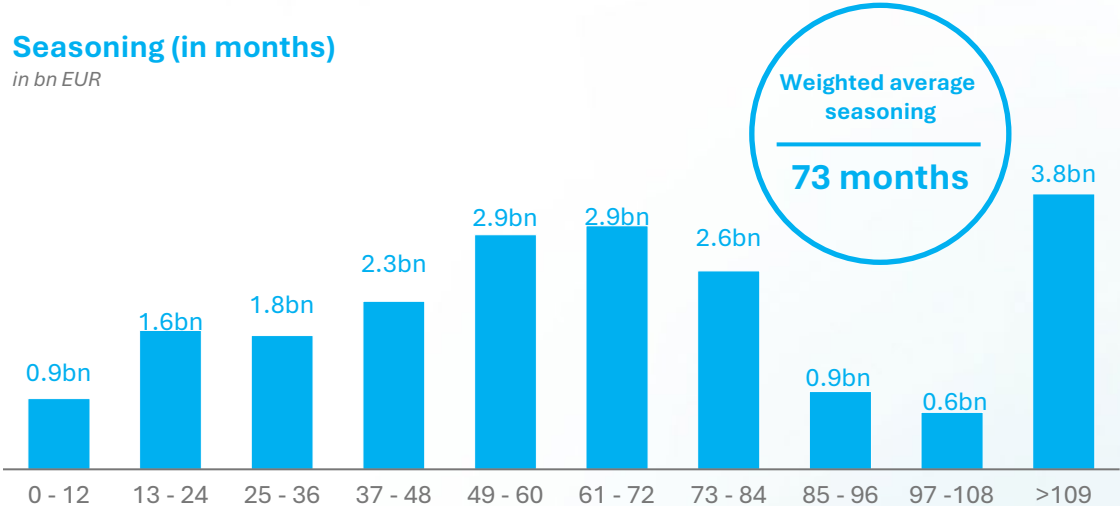
Final maturity date

in bn EUR



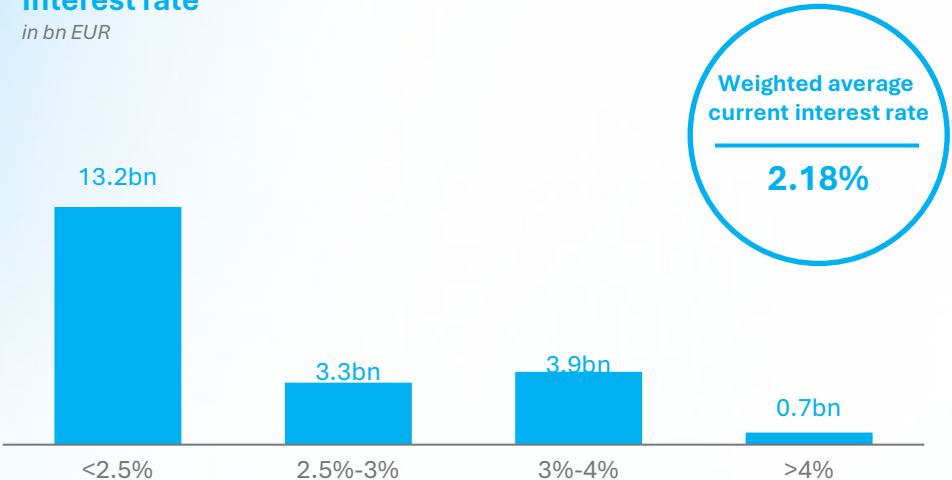
Seasoning (in months)

in bn EUR



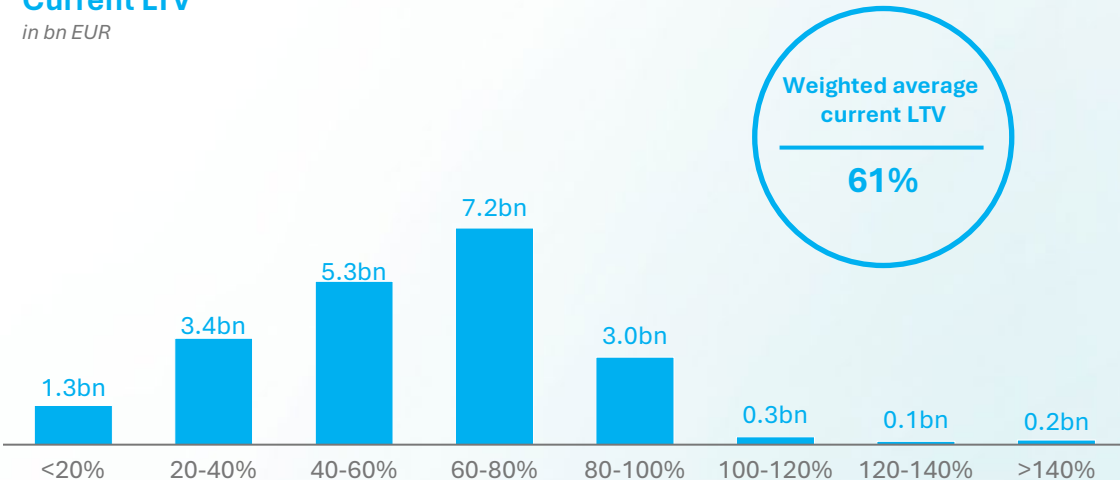
Interest rate

in bn EUR



Current LTV

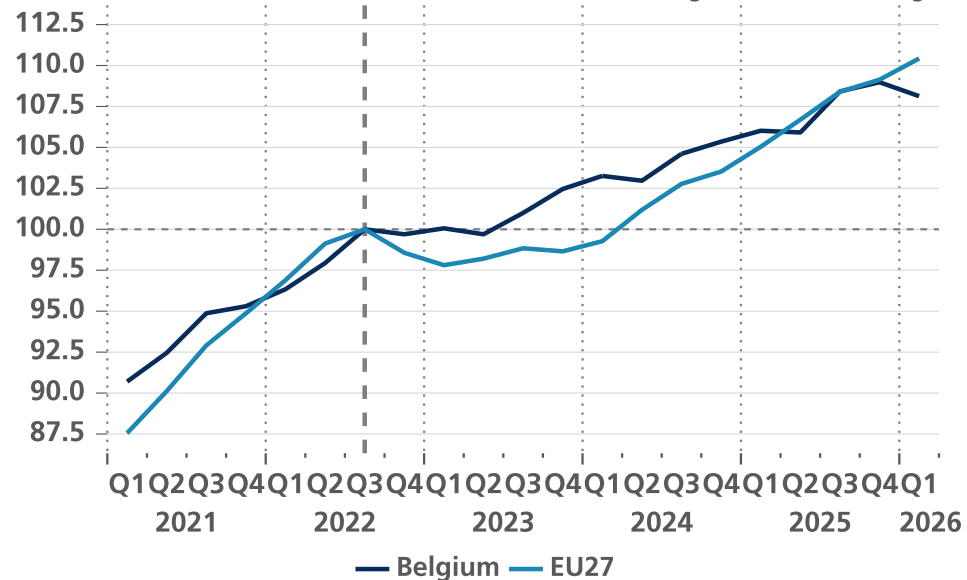
in bn EUR



Compared to the EU, Belgium experienced a milder cooling after Q3 2022 and a milder rebound in prices during more recent quarters.

House prices in Belgium versus EU27

index Q3 2022 = 100, harmonised Eurostat data, existing and new dwellings



Source: KBC Economics based on Eurostat

Belgian real estate currently is no longer overvalued.

Under-/overvaluation Belgian housing market

in %, KBC model, latest data point = Q1 2026



Source: own calculation KBC Economics

Glossary

B3 / B4	Basel III / Basel IV
Combined ratio (non-life insurance)	Short-term non-life insurance contracts: [claims and claim related costs net of reinsurance + costs other than claims and commissions] / [earned expected premiums received, net of reinsurance]
Common equity ratio	[common equity tier-1 capital] / [total weighted risks]
Cost/income ratio without banking and insurance tax (group)	[operating expenses of the group without banking and insurance tax + Insurance commissions paid] / [total income of the group]
Cost/income ratio adjusted for specific items or C/I ratio when excluding certain non-operating items	The numerator and denominator are adjusted for (exceptional) items which distort the P&L during a particular period in order to provide a better insight into the underlying business trends. Adjustments include (i) MtM ALM derivatives (fully excluded), (ii) bank & insurance taxes (including contributions to European Single Resolution Fund) are included pro rata and hence spread over all quarters of the year instead of being recognised for the most part upfront (as required by IFRIC21) and (iii) one-off items
Credit cost ratio (CCR)	[annualised net changes in individual and portfolio-based impairment for credit risks] / [average outstanding loan portfolio]. Note that, inter alia, government bonds are not included in this formula.
EBA	European Banking Authority
ESMA	European Securities and Markets Authority
ESFR	European Single Resolution Fund
FICOD	Financial Conglomerates Directive
Impaired loans cover ratio	[total stage 3 impairments on the impaired loan portfolio] / [part of the loan portfolio that is impaired (PD 10-11-12)]
Impaired loans ratio	[part of the loan portfolio that is impaired (PD 10-11-12)] / [total outstanding loan portfolio]
Leverage ratio	[regulatory available tier-1 capital] / [total exposure measures]. The exposure measure is the total of non-risk-weighted on and off-balance sheet items, based on accounting data. The risk reducing effect of collateral, guarantees or netting is not taken into account, except for repos and derivatives. This ratio supplements the risk-based requirements (CAD) with a simple, non-risk-based backstop measure
Liquidity coverage ratio (LCR)	[stock of high-quality liquid assets] / [total net cash outflow over the next 30 calendar days]
MREL	Minimum requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities
Net interest margin (NIM) of the group	[banking group net interest income excluding dealing room] / [banking group average interest-bearing assets excluding dealing room]
Net stable funding ratio (NSFR)	[available amount of stable funding] / [required amount of stable funding]
PD	Probability of default
Return on allocated capital (ROAC) for a particular business unit	[result after tax, including minority interests, of a business unit, adjusted for income on allocated capital instead of real capital] / [average capital allocated to the business unit]. The capital allocated to a business unit is based on risk-weighted assets for banking and risk-weighted asset equivalents for insurance
Return on equity	[result after tax, attributable to equity holders of the parent] / [average parent shareholders' equity]
TLAC	Total loss-absorbing capacity

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More information

- Company website [KBC](#)
- Quarterly Report [Quarterly Reports](#)
- Table of results (Excel)
- Quarterly presentation [Presentations](#)
- Debt presentation

Upcoming events

7-11 August 2026	Credit update, virtual
27 August 2026	Debt conference, Amsterdam
17-18 Sept. 2026	Debt conference, Paris
...	
23 October 2026	Start 3Q26 black-out period
12 November 2026	Publication of 3Q26 results
...	
11 February 2027	FY26 results + Topical event

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