Information regarding the KBC Group embargo policy

13 March 2025

Contents

١.	EMBARGOES	1
II.	KBC GROUP SPECIFIC COUNTRY POLICIES	
	Afghanistan	3
	Belarus	3
	Cuba	3
	Iran	3
	Myanmar/Burma	4
	North-Korea	4
	Russia	
	Syria	5
	Venezuela	6
	Sudan and South-Sudan	6
Ш	RULES ON DUAL-USE EXPORT CONTROLS	6

International organizations and authorities such as the United Nations, the European Union (and its member states) and other (local) authorities can impose restrictive measures against countries, organizations, legal entities and individuals for committing, or being suspected of, human rights and international law infringements, acts of crime, terrorism, money-laundering etc. These measures are most commonly referred to as sanctions or embargoes.

KBC Group has a responsibility towards customers and authorities to conduct business in a lawful and ethical way. Therefore, we will observe all binding requirements of applicable laws and regulations. For reasons of social responsibility or other considerations, we may also choose to be more strict than legally required.

This document is based on the information available at the time of writing (March 2025). Given the volatile and exceptional nature of the situation, especially with regards to Russia, the legal context and KBC Group's policy may change at any moment. This document will be updated with additional information when needed.

I. EMBARGOES

An embargo is a restrictive measure or sanction on national and/or international level. Although provisions differ by country, person or issuing authority, we distinguish two broad types of embargoes:

- Financial embargoes: restrictions related to financial operations and financial resources
- Trade embargoes: restrictions on the import or export of certain goods or trade with certain countries or parties

KBC Group complies with financial and trade embargoes issued by the United Nations (by law enforceable in Belgium), the European Union, the Belgian legislator, and any other embargo issued by a number of third countries that it determines to be relevant, such as the USA (OFAC), the UK (OFSI), etc.

For more information on UN, EU, OFSI and OFAC sanctions, please click on the respective links below.

Observing embargo regulations means that KBC Group will not provide funds or economic resources to persons, entities or government agencies that appear on embargo sanction lists, nor support any kind of transaction with these parties. Any transaction with a sanctioned individual or entity, or otherwise in breach of sanction regulations or KBC Group's own policy, is prohibited and will not be processed. This not only helps us to avoid penalties for breaching international sanctions, it also helps you, as our customer, to manage some of the risks associated with international trade.

Sometimes companies or entities are not explicitly sanctioned, but they may be owned or controlled by individuals or entities subject to an asset freeze, making it prohibited to continue to do business with them. In this context, KBC Group asks its customers to perform their own due diligence in order to make sure they are not dealing with sanctioned parties.

KBC Group has implemented certain screening measures in its different processes to ensure compliance with the applicable embargoes and with its own policy where this is stricter. As a result, a customer may be requested to provide KBC Group with more information or documentation on transactions or counterparties before KBC Group can process a transaction or payment. In some cases KBC may require a signed Declaration of Compliance by the client.

Please note that Correspondent Banks also have the right to suspend any transaction in case their monitoring system detects a potential breach of embargoes or transactions requiring further information or documentation. In case of suspended transactions, KBC Group acts only as intermediary between the customer and the correspondent bank, without having any influence on the result of the investigation of the correspondent bank.

In order to avoid complications, customers are advised to contact the bank when considering doing business with countries, persons, entities or government agencies subject to embargoes. For more information on applicable embargoes or on specific KBC Group policies, please get in touch with your KBC Group contact person or relationship manager.

II. KBC GROUP SPECIFIC COUNTRY POLICIES

Due to the complexity or scope of certain sanction programs, KBC Group sometimes has to apply a more rigorous policy with respect to, *inter alia*, the following countries (and regions): Afghanistan, Belarus, certain Russian-occupied regions of Ukraine, Cuba, Iran, Myanmar/Bruma, North-Korea, Russia, Syria, Venezuela, etc. KBC Group deems these (and other) countries to be more sensitive, for instance because of comprehensive or complex embargoes or export control regulations, imposed under UN, EU or Third Country legislation or regulations, and/or because of the presence of a

¹ In case of a blocking or freezing of funds by KBC Group, customers should contact the local competent authority and request an official authorization for their release (for Belgium this is the Belgian General Administration of the Treasury: quesfinvragen.tf@minfin.fed.be).

significant number of blocked individuals or entities. Therefore, please always contact your relationship manager at KBC Group, when you have questions regarding our policy with respect to one of these countries.

Through a thorough screening of the transaction details, KBC Group wants to make sure that the transaction is legally allowed and within the limits of KBC Group's own policy.

The details for each country policy may change at any given time, due to changing regulations or (geo)political or economic circumstances.

Afghanistan

Following the Taliban takeover of the country and the Afghan state apparatus in particular, KBC Group has decided that it will no longer process any payment or transaction that relates to Afghanistan.

Belarus

The sanctions wrt. Belarus are not only very diverse and comprehensive, EU and Third Country sanctions are very different, cover a different range of activities, businesses and trades, persons and entities and are very volatile due to the (ongoing) issuance of new sanctions.

As of 24 May 2025, KBC Group will only process payments or transactions from or to Belarus for existing customers linked to the food, medicines (and medical supplies- excluding machines) and education sectors, that also meet other strict conditions.

USD/GBP/CAD payments or transactions from or to Belarus will not be processed.

Transactions via other countries that aim to bypass these trade restrictions and/or KBC's own embargo policy are prohibited and will be rejected and/or reported to the local competent authorities.

In addition, KBC Group will not process any transaction, including incoming payments, involving a sanctioned counterparty or otherwise in breach of embargoes even if there is no direct link with Belarus.

Finally, customers that have Belarussian nationality or are resident in Belarus can be subject to additional restrictions.

Cuba

KBC Group will not process any transactions in USD, CAD or GBP that involve Cuba and Cuban parties.

KBC Group will only process non-USD, non-CAD and non-GBP transactions for its own customers, after thorough screening of the transaction details to make sure the transaction is legally allowed and within the limits of KBC's own policy (please refer to your KBC Group contact person for more details).

In addition, customers that are resident in, established in (or moving to) Cuba can be subject to additional restrictions.

Iran

In light of certain international and local developments with respect to Iran, KBC maintains a strict policy.

KBC Group will only process trade related payments and transactions with regard to the export to Iran and only for its own customers, who are active as producers of medicines and / or medical supplies, excluding medical machinery (equipment), as far as the following cumulative conditions are met:

- The customer is a longstanding KBC Group customer with a diversified product portfolio; and
- It does not concern (direct, nor indirect) payments or transactions in USD, in CAD or in GBP; and
- The transactions are documented in detail; and
- After thorough screening of the transaction details, including all involved parties, it is clear that
 the transactions are transparent, legally allowed and within the limits of KBC Group's own internal
 policy with regard to Iran.

For more details, please contact your KBC Group contact person.

In addition, customers that are resident in, established in, or moving to Iran can be subject to additional restrictions.

Myanmar/Burma

Besides financial transactions to and from sanctioned persons and entities, certain transactions and related financial transactions are excluded, regardless of the currency, including, but not limited to, transactions related to: the export of arms and related military goods, dual-use items, and goods and equipment, technology and software included in the trade embargo list and mainly used for monitoring and interception of incoming and outgoing internet and phone communications.

Further information on export restrictions with respect to dual-use goods can be found in Section III below.

Therefore, a financial transaction regarding Myanmar/Burma will only be processed after thorough screening of the transaction details, to make sure that the transaction is transparent, legally allowed and also within the boundaries of KBC Group's internal policy regarding Myanmar/Burma.

North-Korea

KBC Group will not process any payment or transaction that is related to North-Korea.

Russia

Given the scope of the embargoes imposed against Russia and the vulnerability of the local financial market, KBC Group has decided to limit its services related to transactions to and from Russia and to discontinue transactions in Russian Rubles. KBC Bank will under no circumstances be liable for the failed execution or non- execution of these transactions as a result of its embargo policy, government measures, market conditions or the failure of our correspondent banks to execute the transactions, or execute them correctly or timely.

• Transactions to and from Russia

As of 24 May 2025, KBC Group will only process payments or transactions from or to Russia for existing

customers linked to the food, medicines (and medical supplies- excluding machines) and education sectors, that also meet other strict conditions.

USD/GBP/CAD payments or transactions from or to Russia will not be processed for those customers.

Accounts and transactions in Russian Rubles

KBC Group has decided to no longer offer accounts in Russian Rubles. Additionally, KBC will no longer processes outgoing or incoming transactions in Russian Rubles.

Transactions involving sanctioned parties or otherwise in breach of the embargoes

In addition to the above restrictions, KBC Group will not process any transaction, including incoming payments, involving a sanctioned counterparty or otherwise in breach of embargoes, even if there is no direct link with Russia.

• Trade restrictions with respect to Russia

Russia is subject to a wide range of import and export restrictions, applicable to every importer or exporter.

Transactions via other countries that aim to bypass these trade restrictions and/or KBC's own embargo policy are prohibited and will be rejected and/or reported to the competent authorities.

Finally, customers that have Russian nationality or are resident in Russia can be subject to additional restrictions.

Russian-occupied regions of Ukraine and impact on Ukraine as a country

All transactions to or from the regions of Crimea and Sevastopol, Donetsk, Luhansk, Kherson and Zaporizhzhia are prohibited and will not be processed.

Apart from these regions, KBC Group will continue to process transactions (both open account payments and trade finance transactions) to and from Ukraine for its own Group customers.

Any transaction with a sanctioned individual or entity, or otherwise in breach of embargoes or KBC Group's own policy, is prohibited and will not be processed.

In addition, customers that are resident in, established in (or moving to) Crimea (and Sevastopol), Donetsk or Luhansk can be subject to additional restrictions.

Syria

KBC Group will not process any transactions in USD, CAD or GBP that involve Syria or Syrian parties.

KBC Group will only process non-USD, non-CAD or non-GBP transactions for its own customers, after thorough screening of the transaction details to make sure the transaction is legally allowed and within the limits of KBC's own policy (please refer to your KBC Group contact person for more details).

In addition, customers that are resident in, established in (or moving to) Syria can be subject to additional restrictions.

Venezuela

Sanctions on Venezuela are not only very diverse and comprehensive: EU and Third Country sanctions also cover a range of various types of activities, persons, entities and currencies.

KBC Group will not process transactions in USD, GBP nor CAD, involving Venezuela or Venezuelan parties.

KBC Group will only process non-USD, non-GBP or non-CAD transactions for its own customers and after a thorough screening of the transaction details to ensure that the transaction is legally allowed and within the limits of KBC Group's internal policy regarding Venezuela (please consult your KBC Group contact person for more information).

Sudan and South-Sudan

The majority of sanctions wrt. Sudan and South-Sudan have been revoked, with the exception of some so-called name sanctions or asset freezes.

Therefore and irrespective of the currency, KBC Group will only process transactions for its own customers (both trade related and retail transactions), to make sure that transactions are allowed according to the applicable designations.

III. RULES ON DUAL-USE EXPORT CONTROLS

KBC will not process any transaction or financial transaction related to the export of dual-use items without the authorization of the competent authority. In order to be able to verify whether a transaction complies with all dual-use export control rules, the necessary documentation (invoices, authorization or license, etc.) will be requested, and as a result, it is possible that the processing of related payments is significantly delayed.

What are dual-use items?

Dual-use items are goods, software and technology that can be used for both civilian and military applications. The export of such items is restricted by the EU, US, UK and a wide range of other countries. The below short summary focuses on the dual-use export restrictions imposed by the EU.

EU general restrictions with respect to dual-use

The EU imposes restrictions with respect to the export, transit, brokering and technical assistance of dual-use items, so that it can contribute to international peace and security and prevent the proliferation of Weapons of Mass Destruction (WMD).

The EU Regulation 2021/821 ('the EU Dual-Use Regulation) governs the EU's export control regime, and includes a common EU list of dual-use items (in Annex I to the Regulation) and the rules for obtaining

authorizations/licenses. In certain cases, EU Member States may introduce additional controls on non-listed dual-use items because of public security or human rights considerations, or to ensure items are not for military uses or end-users.

Dual-use items may be traded freely within the EU, except for some particularly sensitive items, whose transfer within the EU remains subject to prior authorization.

EU sanctions against **Russia and Belarus** impose further export restrictions concerning dual-use goods and technologies. The export of these items has been prohibited (i.e. no license or authorization is possible) even when these items are intended for civilian end-users or uses.

EU sanctions against **Myanmar** prohibit the export of dual-use goods and technology, if those items are or may be intended for military use or military end-users.

As regards exports to **Syria**, it should be noted that EU Member States can prohibit the export of dual-use items, or impose an authorization requirement.

UN: https://www.un.org/sc/suborg/en/sanctions/un-sc-consolidated-list

EU: https://ec.europa.eu/info/business-economy-euro/banking-and-finance/international-relations/restrictive-measures-sanctions en#guidance

US (OFAC): https://home.treasury.gov/policy-issues/office-of-foreign-assets-control-sanctions-programs-and-information

UK (OFSI): https://www.gov.uk/government/organisations/office-of-financial-sanctions-implementation